Registered number: 06843907

# **DANCERS BOUTIQUE LIMITED**

# **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2021

# DANCERS BOUTIQUE LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 06843907

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 APRIL 2021

	Note		2021 £		2020 £
Fixed assets			_		~
Tangible assets	5		3,877		4,560
		_	3,877	<del>-</del>	4,560
Current assets					
Stocks	6	67,118		74,313	
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	7	5,517		9,177	
Cash at bank and in hand	8	72,528		26,697	
		145,163	_	110,187	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(40,751)		(42,062)	
Net current assets	_		104,412		68,125
Total assets less current liabilities		_	108,289	_	72,685
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	10		(45,000)		-
Net assets		_	63,289	=	72,685
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	12		100		100
Profit and loss account			63,189		72,585
		_	63,289	_	72,685

# DANCERS BOUTIQUE LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 06843907

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED) AS AT 30 APRIL 2021

The director considers that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 3 August 2021.

## P A Nye

Director

The notes on pages 3 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2021

#### 1. General information

Dancers Boutique Limited is a company domiciled in England and Wales, registration number 06843907. The registered office is The Dairy, Manor Courtyard, Haddenham, Bucks, HP17 8JB.

## 2. Accounting policies

## 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

#### 2.2 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

#### Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the transaction; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

## 2.3 Operating leases: the Company as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the lease term.

# 2.4 Government grants

Grants are accounted under the accruals model as permitted by FRS 102. Grants relating to expenditure on tangible fixed assets are credited to profit or loss at the same rate as the depreciation on the assets to which the grant relates. The deferred element of grants is included in creditors as deferred income.

Grants of a revenue nature are recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings in the same period as the related expenditure.

#### 2.5 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2021

## 2. Accounting policies (continued)

## 2.6 Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the year in which they are incurred.

## 2.7 Pensions

#### Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in profit or loss when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Statement of financial position. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

#### 2.8 Taxation

Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

## 2.9 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost. After recognition, under the cost model, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

All intangible assets are considered to have a finite useful life. If a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made, the useful life shall not exceed ten years.

#### 2.10 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2021

## 2. Accounting policies (continued)

## 2.10 Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, as follows.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Leasehold property - Over the term of the lease
Office equipment - 15% reducing balance

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

#### 2.11 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, being the estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis. Work in progress and finished goods include labour and attributable overheads.

At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stock is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

## 2.12 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

## 2.13 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

## 2.14 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

## 2.15 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in ordinary shares.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2021

# 3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 4 (2020 - 4).

# 4. Intangible assets

	Goodwill
	£
Cost	
At 1 May 2020	39,000
At 30 April 2021	39,000
Amortisation	
At 1 May 2020	39,000
At 30 April 2021	39,000
Net book value	
At 30 April 2021	<u> </u>
At 30 April 2020	

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2021

# 5. Tangible fixed assets

6.

	Leasehold property £	Plant and machinery £	Total £
	2	2	2
Cost or valuation			
At 1 May 2020	5,024	18,521	23,545
At 30 April 2021	5,024	18,521	23,545
Depreciation			
At 1 May 2020	5,024	13,960	18,984
Charge for the year on owned assets	-	684	684
At 30 April 2021	5,024	14,644	19,668
Net book value			
At 30 April 2021	<u>-</u>	3,877	3,877
At 30 April 2020		4,560	4,560
Stocks			
		2021	2020
		£	£
Finished goods and goods for resale		67,118	74,313
		67,118	74,313

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2021

7.	Debtors		
		2021 £	2020 £
	Other debtors	4,638	5,156
	Prepayments and accrued income	879	4,021
		5,517	9,177
8.	Cash and cash equivalents		
		2021 £	2020 £
	Cash at bank and in hand	72,528	26,697
		72,528	26,697
9.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2021	2020
		£	£
	Trade creditors	3,000	3,000
	Corporation tax	4,524	10,282
	Other taxation and social security	40	21
	Other creditors	33,187	28,759
		40,751	42,062
10.	Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2021	2020
		£	£
	Bank loans	45,000	-
		45,000	

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2021

11.	Loans		
	Analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:		
		2021	2020
		£	£
	Amounts falling due 1-2 years		
	Bank loans	45,000	-
		45,000	-
		45,000	
12.	Share capital		
		2021	2020
		£	£
	Authorised, allotted, called up and fully paid		
	100 (2020 - 100) Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.