| Company Registration No. 06838383 (England and Wales) |
|---|
| |
| |
| CLAYMORE PHOENIX LIMITED |
| UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS |
| FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 |
| PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |

CONTENTS

| Page 1 |
|-----------|
| 1 |
| • |
| 2 - 6 |
| |
| |
| |
| |

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

| | 2021 | | | 2020 | |
|--|-------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|
| | Notes | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| Current assets | | | | | |
| Debtors | 3 | 48,166 | | 1,248,090 | |
| Cash at bank and in hand | Ū | 94,375 | | 565,515 | |
| | | | | | |
| | | 142,541 | | 1,813,605 | |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one | | | | | |
| year | 4 | (92,610) | | (484,487) | |
| Not assessed a south | | | 40.004 | | 4 200 440 |
| Net current assets | | | 49,931 | | 1,329,118 |
| Creditors: amounts falling due after more | | | | | |
| than one year | 5 | | (45,833) | | - |
| , | | | | | |
| Net assets | | | 4,098 | | 1,329,118 |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Capital and reserves | | | 100 | | 400 |
| Called up share capital Profit and loss reserves | | | 100 | | 100 |
| From and loss reserves | | | 3,998 | | 1,329,018 |
| Total equity | | | 4,098 | | 1,329,118 |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 22 December 2021 and are signed on its behalf by:

S J Cole

Director

Company Registration No. 06838383

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Claymore Phoenix Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is PO Box 501, The Nexus Building, Broadway, Letchworth Garden City, Herts, SG6 9BL.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

Revenue from contracts for the provision of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion when the stage of completion, costs incurred and costs to complete can be estimated reliably. The stage of completion is calculated by comparing costs incurred, mainly in relation to contractual hourly staff rates and materials, as a proportion of total costs. Where the outcome cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised that it is probable will be recovered.

1.3 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.4 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those held at fair value, which are dealt with through profit and loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the company transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the company's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

1.5 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recognised in profit or loss immediately, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk.

1.6 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

| | | 2021 Number | 2020 Number |
|---|--------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| | - | | |
| | Total | 5 | 5 |
| 3 | Debtors | | |
| | | 2021 | 2020 |
| | Amounts falling due within one year: | £ | £ |
| | Corporation tax recoverable | 24,284 | - |
| | Other debtors | 23,882 | 1,248,090 |
| | | 48,166 | 1,248,090 |
| | | | |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

| 4 | Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | | |
|---|---|--------|---------|
| | · | 2021 | 2020 |
| | | £ | £ |
| | Bank loans | 4,167 | - |
| | Trade creditors | 3,845 | 27,920 |
| | Amounts owed to group undertakings | 25,000 | 8,851 |
| | Corporation tax | - | 311,773 |
| | Other taxation and social security | 35,468 | 28,936 |
| | Other creditors | 24,130 | 107,007 |
| | | 92,610 | 484,487 |
| 5 | Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year | | |
| | | 2021 | 2020 |
| | | £ | £ |
| | Bank loans and overdrafts | 45,833 | - |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

6 Related party transactions

The following amounts were outstanding at the reporting end date:

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|---|--------|---------|
| Amounts due to related parties | £ | £ |
| Claymore Group LLP | - | 8,851 |
| CPP (Stortford) Ltd | 25,000 | - |
| | | |
| The following amounts were outstanding at the reporting end date: | | |
| | 2021 | 2020 |
| Amounts due from related parties | £ | £ |
| CPP (Stortford) Ltd | - | 575,000 |
| Claymore Asset Management Ltd | 23,509 | 574,397 |

Management fees of £152,648 (2020: £9,925) were paid to Claymore Investment Managers Limited, a related party Interest is chargeable at 4.25% on these loans and there are no terms for repayment.

7 Controlling party

The company was controlled throughout the year by the directors acting in concert.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.