

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2021

FOR

BXCAT LTD

**CONTENTS OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2021**

	Page
Company Information	1
Abridged Statement of Financial Position	2
Notes to the Financial Statements	3

BXCAT LTD
COMPANY INFORMATION
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2021

DIRECTOR: Sheikh M Salim

REGISTERED OFFICE: 7 Mancroft Avenue
Bolton
BL3 3AA

REGISTERED NUMBER: 06820133 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS: Shenward LLP
Chartered Accountants & Business Advisors
Summit House
Woodland Park
Bradford Road
Cleckheaton
West Yorkshire
BD19 6BW

**ABRIDGED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
31 JANUARY 2021**

	Notes	2021 £	2020 £
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stocks		116,795	91,901
Debtors		207,305	37,941
Cash at bank and in hand		7,219	1,561
		<u>331,319</u>	<u>131,403</u>
CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		<u>182,145</u>	<u>27,282</u>
NET CURRENT ASSETS		<u>149,174</u>	<u>104,121</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		149,174	104,121
CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR	5	<u>45,000</u>	<u>-</u>
NET ASSETS		<u>104,174</u>	<u>104,121</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	6	1	1
Retained earnings		<u>104,173</u>	<u>104,120</u>
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		<u>104,174</u>	<u>104,121</u>

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 January 2021.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 January 2021 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for:

- ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

All the members have consented to the preparation of an abridged Statement of Financial Position for the year ended 31 January 2021 in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the director and authorised for issue on 31 January 2022 and were signed by:

Sheikh M Salim - Director

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2021**

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

BXCAT Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006.

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Details of these judgements can be found in the accounting policies.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

At each reporting end date, an assessment is made for impairment. Any excess of the carrying amount of stocks over its cost and net realisable value is recognised as an impairment loss in the income statement. Reversals of impairment losses are also recognised in the income statement.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2021**

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially recorded at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the company transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party,

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recorded at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities in payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the company's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the statement of financial position date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the statement of financial position date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2021**

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are made when an event has taken place that gives the company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the Income Statement in the year that the company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the Statement of Financial Position date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Statement of Financial Position.

Going concern

The director has considered the ongoing situation regarding COVID-19 as part of his going concern assessment. The view of the director is that, whilst he acknowledges the significant disruption that the pandemic has brought and will continue to bring over the coming months, he believes that the company is well placed to negotiate the unique set of conditions currently facing the UK economy. However, in assessing the unknown short, medium and long-term effects of this pandemic, he acknowledges there is a material uncertainty.

In reaching his conclusion, the director has considered the post year end trading performance and have also considered the availability of funding both internally and externally.

The company will continue to make use of the various financial support measures announced by the UK Government where applicable.

After consideration of all factors, the director continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

4. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 6 (2020 - 6) .

5. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN FIVE YEARS

	2021 £	2020 £
Repayable by instalments		
Bank loans more 5 yr by instal	<u>5,000</u>	<u>-</u>

6. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, issued and fully paid: Number:	Class:	Nominal value:	2021 £	2020 £
100	Ordinary	1	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>

7. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

On 30 January 2020, the World Health Organisation (WHO) announced COVID-19 as a global health emergency. On 11 March 2020, it announced that COVID-19 was a global pandemic which has had a significant impact on the worldwide economy. The director is aware of the effects that this may subsequently have on the company and has reviewed and adopted the relevant operational strategies to safeguard the business for the ensuing 12 months.

The first known cases of COVID-19 and the subsequent lockdown of the UK economy arose prior to the year end. Consequently, whilst preparing the financial statements the director has considered the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on certain disclosures and on the measurement of certain account balances. The director, in line with relevant guidance, have considered the likelihood of any post year end impairment to asset values and has concluded that no such impairment has arisen. Accordingly, there has been no material diminution in asset values following the year end.

8. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The ultimate controlling party is Sheikh M Salim.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.