REGISTERED NUMBER: 06775916 (England and Wales)

Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

for

The Ministry Of Parenting CIC

A09

15/11/2017 COMPANIES HOUSE

The Ministry Of Parenting CIC (Registered number: 06775916)

Contents of the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

	Page
Company Information	1
Chartered Certified Accountants' Report	2
Balance Sheet	3
Notes to the Financial Statements	5

The Ministry Of Parenting CIC

Company Information for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

DIRECTORS:

J M Gordon S Brazier

D Barnes

REGISTERED OFFICE:

Suite 6

Wellington House 90-92 Butt Road Colchester Essex CO3 3DA

REGISTERED NUMBER:

06775916 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS:

JTF

Chartered Certified Accountants

Electra House 1A Gilberd Road Colchester Essex

CO2 7LR

Chartered Certified Accountants' Report to the Board of Directors on the Unaudited Financial Statements of The Ministry Of Parenting CIC

The following reproduces the text of the report prepared for the directors and members in respect of the company's annual unaudited financial statements. In accordance with the Companies Act 2006, the company is only required to file a Balance Sheet. Readers are cautioned that the Income Statement and certain other primary statements and the Report of the Directors are not required to be filed with the Registrar of Companies.

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of The Ministry Of Parenting CIC for the year ended 31 March 2017 which comprise the Income Statement, Balance Sheet and the related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at http://www.accaglobal.com/rulebook.

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of The Ministry Of Parenting CIC, as a body, in accordance with our terms of engagement. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of The Ministry Of Parenting CIC and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the Board of Directors of The Ministry Of Parenting CIC, as a body, in this report in accordance with the requirements of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants as detailed at http://www.accaglobal.com/factsheet163. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and its Board of Directors, as a body, for our work or for this report

It is your duty to ensure that The Ministry Of Parenting CIC has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, habilities, financial position and profit of The Ministry Of Parenting CIC. You consider that The Ministry Of Parenting CIC is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of The Ministry Of Parenting CIC For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

317

JTF
Chartered Certified Accountants
Electra House
1A Gilberd Road
Colchester
Essex
CO2 7LR

4 October 2017

This page does not form part of the statutory financial statements

The Ministry Of Parenting CIC (Registered number: 06775916)

Balance Sheet 31 March 2017

		31.3.1		31 3 10	
EIVER ACCETO	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	4		13,856		9,857
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		7,631		5,438	
Debtors	5	27,751		92,218	
Cash at bank and in hand		53,511		23,346	
		88,893		121,002	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	6	61,985		116,928	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			26,908		4,074
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			40,764		13,931
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			2,021		40
NET ASSETS			38,743		13,891
DECENTEC					
RESERVES Retained earnings			38,743		13,891
			38,743		13,891
					======

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 March 2017.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The notes form part of these financial statements

Balance Sheet - continued 31 March 2017							
The financial statements have	 and delivered	in accordance	with the	provisions	of Part	15 of	the

Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The Ministry Of Parenting CIC (Registered number: 06775916)

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 4 October 2017 and were signed on its behalf by:

J M Gordon - Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

The Ministry Of Parenting CIC is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" of Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life

Improvements to property

- Evenly over the term of the lease

Furniture and fixtures

- 10% on cost

Office equipment

- 25% on cost

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 6 (2016 - 5).

4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

			Plant and machinery etc £
	COST		
	At 1 April 2016		16,748
	Additions		7,693
	At 31 March 2017		24,441
	DEPRECIATION		
	At 1 April 2016		6,891
	Charge for year		3,694
	At 31 March 2017		10,585
	NET BOOK VALUE		
	At 31 March 2017		13,856
	At 31 March 2016		9,857
5	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		31.3.17	31 3.16
		£	£
	Trade debtors	16,403	80,741
	Amounts recoverable on contract	1,535	-
	Other debtors	9,813	11,477
		27,751	92,218

• The Ministry Of Parenting CIC (Registered number: 06775916)

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN O	NE YEAR 31.3.17	31,3,16
	£	51.5.10 £
Trade creditors	9,536	18,253
Taxation and social security	8,560	824
Other creditors	43,889	97,851
	61,985	116,928

7 FIRST YEAR ADOPTION

This is the first year that the company has presented its financial statements under Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) issued by the Financial Reporting Council The last financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 were prepared under previous UK GAAP. The transition date to FRS 102 is therefore 1 April 2015.

Adopting FRS 102 has not resulted in the need to change any of the company's accounting policies and none of the company's figures in respect of the previous year have needed to be restated. Therefore no reconciliation of changes to equity or changes to profit and loss account are presented.

· correce/15 CIC 34

Community Interest Company Report

	For official use (Please leave blank)	
Please complete in	Company Name in full	The Ministry of Parenting CIC
typescript, or in bold black capitals.	Company Number	06775916
очрнию.	Year Ending	March 2017 : 1/3 / 1/2 /

This template illustrates what the Regulator of Community Interest Companies considers to be best practice for completing a simplified community interest company report. All such reports must be delivered in accordance with section 34 of the Companies (Audit, Investigations and Community Enterprise) Act 2004 and contain the information required by Part 7 of the Community Interest Company Regulations 2005. For further guidance see chapter 8 of the Regulator's guidance notes and the alternate example provided for a more complex company with more detailed notes.

(N.B. A Filing Fee of £15 is payable on this document. Please enclose a cheque or postal order payable to Companies House)

	In the space provided below, please insert a general account of the company's activities in the financial year to which the report relates, including a description of how they have benefited the community.
	A social audit report covering these points is attached
ļ	
ļ	
1	(If applicable, please just state "A social audit report covering these points is attached").

(Please continue on separate continuation sheet if necessary.)

PART 2 – CONSULTATION WITH STAKEHOLDERS – Please indicate who the company's stakeholders are; how the stakeholders have been consulted and what action, if any, has the company taken in response to feedback from its consultations? If there has been no consultation, this should be made clear.
A social audit report covering these points is attached (Measures)
(If applicable, please just state "A social audit report covering these points is attached"). PART 3 – DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION – if you have provided full details in your accounts you need not reproduce it here. Please clearly identify the information within the accounts and confirm that, "There were no other transactions or arrangements in connection with the remuneration of directors, or compensation for director's loss of office, which require to be disclosed" (See example with full notes). If no remuneration was received you must state that "no remuneration was received" below.
No remuneration was received
PART 4 – TRANSFERS OF ASSETS OTHER THAN FOR FULL CONSIDERATION – Please insert full details of any transfers of assets other than for full consideration e.g. Donations to outside bodies. If this does not apply you must state that "no transfer of assets other than for full consideration has been made" below.
No transfer of assets other than for full consideration has been made

(Please continue on separate continuation sheet if necessary.)

PART 5 - SIGNATORY

The original report must be signed by a director or secretary of the company

Signed

Kolm

Date 8/11/2017

Office held (delete as appropriate) Director/Secretary

You do not have to give any contact information in the box opposite but if you do, it will help the Registrar of Companies to contact you if there is a query on the form. The contact information that you give will be visible to searchers of the public record.

Jeannie Gordon, Th Butt Rd Colchester	e Ministry of Parenting CIC. 90-92 Essex
Email <u>Jeannie.gord</u>	on@theministryofparenting.com
	Tel 01206 562626
DX Number	DX Exchange

When you have completed and signed the form, please attach it to the accounts and send both forms by post to the Registrar of Companies at:

For companies registered in England and Wales: Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ DX 33050 Cardiff

For companies registered in Scotland: Companies House, 4th Floor, Edinburgh Quay 2, 139 Fountainbridge, Edinburgh, EH3 9FF DX 235 Edinburgh or LP – 4 Edinburgh 2

For companies registered in Northern Ireland: Companies House, 2nd Floor, The Linenhall, 32-38 Linenhall Street, Belfast, BT2 8BG

The accounts and CIC34 cannot be filed online

(N.B. Please enclose a cheque for £15 payable to Companies House)

April 2016 to March 2017



Social Audit Report

Contents

Content	Page
Summary	3
Aims and Objectives of our Organisation	4
Who our service supports	4
Key activities this reporting year 2016/17	5
Number of direct parenting interventions (2016/17)	5
Number of professional trainings delivered 2016/17	5
Appendix 1:	6
Brief overview of the Incredible Years School-Aged programme and evidence of need	
Appendix 2:	8
Brief overview of the Autism Spectrum and language delay (ASD) programme and evidence of need	
Appendix 3:	10
Brief overview of the FLASH (families learning about self —harm)	
programme and evidence of need	
Appendix 4:	12
Brief overview of the STOP (Parents of Teens)programme and evidence of need	
Appendix 5:	14
Health Outcomes Table	
Appendix 6:	16
Measures	
Appendix 7	17
Overview of professional trainings delivered 2016/17	
Contact Details	19

Summary

Did you know that the average cost of raising a child in England, to the age of 21, is £233,136, which equates to approximately £213.49 per week? Yet little attention is paid to preparing people for this vital role and investment. Being a parent is one of the most important jobs there is, but it is also one of the hardest. The hours are long; there is no pay and not a lot of gratitude; yet parents are the key to giving children a happy and stable childhood. However, when things go wrong the cost to children, families and society is high. For instance, the average weekly cost to the local authorities of a child in foster care, is £1,893 per week (2013 National Audit Office & Manchester Model updated 2015).

The Ministry of Parenting CIC (MoP) is a Colchester based organisation that works with children, parents, and professionals by developing creative evidence-based solutions to the challenges faced by families in society today. The company focuses on investing in parenting in order to prevent, or reduce, the need for expensive and long-term interventions, enabling more of our society's children to have happy and stable childhoods.

One of the challenges faced by families today is managing difficult behaviours. All children have moments when they do not behave properly; however, some have serious behavioural problems which can affect their development and can interfere with their ability to lead a normal life. The costs of these behavioural problems to society are high and cause a lot of distress to children, families, schools and local communities.

Parenting programmes can be targeted at parents of children with, or at risk of, developing behavioural disorders, and are designed to improve parenting styles and parent-child relationships. Reviews have found parent training to have positive effects on children's behaviour, and that benefits remain one year later. The average cost of a parenting group programme can be estimated at £1,270 per family. As a company we provide parenting group programmes for parents of children aged 0 to 18 with particular needs or difficulties. The needs range from wanting to manage young children's tantrums; offering strategies to parents with a child with diagnosis i.e. ADHD/ASD, to supporting parents with young people who are aggressive, school non-attenders and/or who self-harm.

Over the last year we have provided termly groups with positive outcomes and high customer satisfaction. We have sourced funding from a range of grant providers plus, we have maintained the training arm of the company to provide additional income. As the Company Director, I and my team, are concerned that the trajectory of the funding for our parenting programmes is becoming more sporadic, whilst the demand for the services has increased.

To meet the level of need we need to continue to deliver our services to high fidelity and high customer satisfaction. We also need to be creative in developing new products and income streams. This will enable us to continue to support our community of parents and families in the challenges they face today

Aims and Objectives of our Organisation

The Ministry of Parenting CIC (MoP) is a Colchester-based company that works with children, parents, professionals and organizations by developing creative evidence-based solutions to the challenges faced by families in society today. The company name was inspired by Jamie Oliver's book "Ministry of Food". In his book and TV series Oliver wanted to pass on the message of healthy food "passing the menu on". Our wish is to pass on "a parenting menu" to support healthy parenting. Our main activities are the delivery of a range of parenting programmes, tailored to suit parents of different aged children; parents with identified needs and parents living in particularly challenging circumstances.

The company's aim is to provide an integrated approach to supporting families and individuals through the provision of information, support, guidance, group programmes, supported signposting and training across Essex and the Eastern Region counties. The company aims to raise self-esteem, confidence, emotional resilience and mental wellbeing amongst parents and children and to promote social integration, with a strong evidence base of success. This will enhance and support current good practice, training, evaluation, promotion of healthy living and providing equity of access. Locally its existence is to raise the profile of parenting, offering high-quality training in parenting with regular and robust supervision and parenting for future generations and ultimately helping to reduce violence in society.

<u>Our Vision and Mission</u>: The Ministry of Parenting (CIC) aims to work with children, parents, professionals and organisations to develop creative, evidence-based solutions to the challenges faced by families in society today.

<u>Legal Structure</u>: The Ministry of Parenting was incorporated as a 'Community Interest Company' (CIC) on the 17th December 2008 and became operational on 1st January 2009. Company Registration Number 06775916.

Who our service supports;

We currently provide parenting and family interventions for parents of children aged 4 to 18, and for parents of children who are experiencing one or more of the following:

- Family conflict
- Risk of school exclusion/non-school attendance
- Concerns about poor parental boundaries
- Behaviour which is becoming challenging to manage
- Risk of self-danger (self-harm/sexual/drug/alcohol/offending)
- Family history of mental health/alcohol misuse/anxiety or stress problems

The needs range from wanting to manage young children's tantrums; offering strategies to parents with a child with ADHD, to supporting parents with young people who are aggressive, school non-attenders and/or who self-harm. We accept referrals from a range of services; GP's, community nurses/paediatricians, voluntary organisations, schools, and we encourage parents to self-refer.

Key activities this reporting year 2016/17

Programme	Area	Number of programmes	Appendix No (for more information)
Delivery of the Incredible Years (IY) School aged parenting	North, Mid, West and South Essex	12	1
Delivery of the Incredible Years (IY) Autism Spectrum and language delay (ASD) parenting programme	North Essex	2	2
Delivery of the STOP (Parents of Teens) parenting programme	North and South Essex	6	3
Delivery of the FLASH (families learning about self-harm) parenting programme	North Essex	3	4

Number of direct parenting interventions (2016/17)

Area	Hours of direct parenting facilitation	
South	1696	
Mid	1183	
West	1165	
North	3264	
Total	8628	

For a brief overview of the four programmes and evidence of need please see Appendix 1-4

For Health outcomes please see Appendix 5

For Measures please see Appendix 6

Full reports are available on each of the programmes on request

Number of professional trainings delivered 2016/17 (see appendix 7 for overview of trainings)

Programme	Area	Number of professionals
Incredible Years; Baby, Preschool, School aged, and home coaching training	Essex , Cambridgeshire, Kent , London	167
STOP (Parents of Teens) Training	Essex , Wilshire, Berkshire	62
Pit-STOP Training	Essex , Wilshire	33
FLASH (families learning about self-harm) Training	Essex , Dorset	26
Group Skills	Essex	8
Total		296

	Incredible Years School Age parenting programme (IY)
Programme	The (IY) School Aged parenting programme for parents of children 4-11
structure &	years. 2.5 hour sessions delivered over 12 weeks. The programme is
target	designed primarily for parents of children who display varying degrees of
population	social, emotional and behavioural problems and many of the families we
	work with have children diagnosed with ADHD and/or a conduct disorder.
Delivery	The IY groups are delivered in Colchester at the MoP main office base which
area	is on a local bus route and walking distant from the town centre and
	station. Rationale for this venue is to have a central location accessible to
	families in Colchester. We alternate day time and evening groups each term
	so that we can cater to fathers and working parents.
Our	From 1st April 2016 to 31st March 2017 we had 41 referrals to the IY school
evidence of	aged programme. Since April 2017 we have had a further 35 referrals. The
need	highest number of requests comes from Community Paediatricians, who
	advocate our incredible years (IY) school aged programme to parents when
	their child is undertaking the assessment process or are recently diagnosed
	i.e. ADHD. This year we have implemented 3 IY groups. However, the
	current target number of grant-funded parent places for 2017/18
	Colchester based IY programme will be met by December 2017. So, despite
	having 28 parents on a waiting list for the IY programme, we have no means
	of funding the provision for IY from January 2018, in Colchester. We have
	had to stop accepting referrals.
Evidence of	Colchester has high rates of children in care (5th highest in the county)
need in	In the Colchester area approximately 1,749 to 3,498 children aged 0-16 will
Colchester	have been diagnosed with an ADHD/ conduct disorder condition.
	MoP is the only organisation currently providing an IY school-aged
	programme in Colchester.
National	Some children have serious behavioural problems which can affect a child's
evidence of	development, and can interfere with their ability to lead a normal life.
need	When behaviour is this much of a problem, it is called a 'conduct disorder'.
1	Conduct disorders are the most common childhood psychiatric disorders,
	with a UK prevalence of 4.9 per cent for children aged 5-10 years. The costs
	to society are high, with average potential savings from early intervention
	previously estimated at £150,000 (2011 prices) per case. In younger
	children where the disruptive and aggressive behaviours are happening
}	within the home, they may be diagnosed as having 'oppositional defiant
	disorder'. These behavioural problems cause a lot of distress to children,
	families, schools and local communities. Another childhood behavioural
1	disorder, which is calculated to effect 1.5% of children aged 5-16 in Britain,
	is ADHD which also features high levels of inattention, hyperactivity and
]	impulsiveness. An estimated 30–70% of children diagnosed with ADHD also
	meet diagnostic criteria for conduct problems. These children tend to have
	poorer outcomes, experience more severe symptoms, more peer rejection
	and their parents are more likely to encounter higher levels of psycho-social

	adversity. These problems lead to increased utilisation of health and social
	services which poses a major clinical and public health problem.
	The (IY) group programme is relevant to the NICE guidelines; CG158
	recommendations: 'Offer a group parent training programme to the parents
	of children and young people aged between 3 and 11 years who have been
	identified as being at high risk of developing oppositional defiant disorder,
	or conduct disorder, or have oppositional defiant disorder or conduct
	disorder'.
Outcomes	The programme focuses on strengthening parent-child interactions and
	attachment, reducing harsh discipline and fostering parents' ability to
	promote children's social, emotional, and language development. In the
	school-age programme parents also learn how to encourage school
	readiness skills and are encouraged to partner with teachers so that they
	can promote children's academic, as well as social skills and emotional
	literacy. The long term goal is ultimately to reduce school drop-out,
	delinquent behaviours, and to promote academic success.
Our	Our programmes evaluations mirror the national research that the IY
evidence of	
effective	programme is effective in reducing behavioural issues and reducing
1	parental stress. 39 parents who completed the IY programme in 2016/17 in
impact	Colchester completed Strengths and Difficulties Questionnaire (SDQ) pre
	the group starting and at the end of the group. The level of need range was
	from 7 (low need) to 32 (very high need). 20 of the children were scored by
	their parents as above the level for a clinical intervention at the start of the
	course. At the end of the group 25 children's scores were decreased. 9
	children dropped out of clinical need range. This is a mean improvement of
	64%. 12 parents completed the SDQ one year later and the results showed
	75 % sustainability. The SDQ results indicate that the level of need was
	higher than expected, however the IY programme was successful as an
	intervention both in the short term (12 weeks) and longer term (one year
	later)
One	The programme gave me encouragement that I am doing a good job and
Parents	I'm not the only parent dealing with these types of problems. It also helped
testimonial	ease "tensions" between myself and my own parents who previously had a
	very "children must do as they're told" attitude without any flexibility.
	The group discussions and hearing other parent's ideas helped with my self-
	esteem. The practical strategies such as rewards, limits and time out were
	also good topics to look at in a different way to before.
Added	The parents really valued the group discussions and being with others who
Value	have children with similar problems/issues. They requested peer groups for
	long-term support. We have over the last 2 years implemented 3-monthly
	peer groups for the individual IY groups. These have been very popular and
	following further requests from the parents we have introduced themed
	topics such as sibling rivalry during the peer sessions. We would like to have
	discussions to consider how we can continue to facilitate these parent
	needs lead peer support groups.
L	

	The IY Autism Spectrum and Language Delays Programme (ASD)
Programme	In 2015 Carolyn Webster Stratton, author of the IY school-aged programme
structure &	developed a new IY parenting programme, specifically targeting parents of
target	children on the autism spectrum and/or with communication difficulties.
population	The ASD programme is designed to be delivered in 12 weekly, 2.5 hour
	sessions. It is intended for parents of young children (aged 2-5 years) who
	have been diagnosed with autism and/or with language delay. The
	programme uses a collaborative approach, encouraging parents to learn
	from each other. Methods used include role-play skills practices, modelling,
	group discussion, home activities and reviewing DVDs of family situations
	that include examples of parents and children on the autism spectrum.
Delivery	Two ASD groups were delivered in Colchester at the MoP main office base
area	which is on a local bus route and walking distant from the town centre and
	station. Rationale for this venue is to have a central location accessible to
	families in Colchester. Day time groups were considered more accessible by
	the parents due to child care considerations.
Our	Over the last few years we began to see an increase in parents with
evidence of	children on the Autism Spectrum being referred to the school-aged groups.
need	Even though we believed the IY core set of principles are relevant to all
İ	"parents" we were concerned that the programmes were not specific
	enough to the wide and varying issues parents with a child with autism,
	have. In 2015 a staff member was very fortunate to attend training in the
	ASD programme by the author herself in Seattle and in early 2016 project
	funding for 1 year secured to develop the programme in North Essex. In 2016-17, 20 parents completed the ASD programme, however 10
	parents were referred after the 2 nd group had started so were not able to
	access the service in the project time frame.
Level of	Approximately 1 in 100 young people have autism spectrum disorder
need in	(National Autistic Society, 2015). An estimated 37,857 young people aged
Colchester	0-17 years were living in the Colchester borough in 2015, which accounts
	for approximately 21% of the total population. This leads us to calculate
	that there is currently about 378 children and young people in Colchester
	with Autism.
	MoP was the first organisation to provide the IY ASD parenting group
	intervention in Colchester
National	There are three main areas with which people with autism have difficulty:
evidence of	communication, social interaction, and social imagination (National Autistic
need	Society, 2015). Problems with communication are a strong predictor of
	externalising maladaptive behaviour (Hartley et al., 2008) and these
	behavioural challenges, as well as child emotional problems, can cause the
	caregiver more distress and mental health problems than the core features
	of autism (Hastings et al., 2005; Herring et al., 2006). NICE recommends
	that research should focus on group-based parent-training interventions
	that help parents learn skills to deal with these behavioural challenges
	before they become problematic. A review by Matson et al. (2009) of

	parent training for parents of children on the autism spectrum, found that it helped parents to develop new skills that they could use at home. Furthermore, parent training is effective in reducing behavioural problems in children on the autism spectrum, improving parenting styles, and increasing parents' ability to facilitate the development of their children's communication skills (McConachie et al., 2005; Whittingham et al., 2008). Group parent training has the added benefit of providing social support (Dababnah and Parish, 2014) and shows promise as a valuable resource to help parents.
Outcomes	To promote children's emotional regulation, social competence, language skills, school readiness, and relationships with others
Our evidence of effective impact	For the first pilot group we increased the age group to 8 years as children in the UK are often diagnosed later than in the USA. In the second pilot group we had a father with a child aged 10 years. 20 parents completed the programme. The parents completed the Autism Parents Stress Index (APSI) before and after the group. 18 parents scored decreased post group which is a positive result outcome. The programme received high group retention, high programme content/delivery satisfaction and reduced parent stress scores. This would indicate that the programme was extremely beneficial to the parents of children on the autism spectrum. The parents found the video vignettes particularly helpful as they depicted children on the autism spectrum. 100% of the parents said they would recommend the programme to family or friends. We currently have 14 parents on the waiting list for the ASD group – these parents are aware that the next activities are funding dependant. Investment in implementing further groups would be justified.
One Parents testimonial	There is no quick fix in dealing with a condition like Autism, but this programme has equipped parents, like me, with tools to cope and understand. Oh, and the next time I'm in the paediatrician's office and I hear a diagnosis that I have been dreading, yes there will probably be more tears. But now I know it will be ok, as I have some tools and strategies to deal with what lies ahead. And for that, I can't thank this programme enough.
Added value	Since starting the ASD programme we have received requests for the ASD groups to run in Clacton and across South and Mid Essex. Expanding the access of the ASD group to parents across the region will only be possible through training professionals from a wide range of services. During the two pilot programmes the parents agreed to film the sessions; the filmed sessions were assessed by the ASD programme author as part of the programme fidelity accreditation process. The author Carolyn Webster-Stratton has asked the trained staff member to progress to becoming a trainer in the programme. Investment in having the skills and authority to deliver the ASD training to enable wider access and stainability would be justified.

	FLASH Parenting Programme
Programme structure & target population	FLASH stands for 'Families Learning About Self-harm'. This programme was designed to address young person's mental health issues by supporting young people and their carers who self-harm, through offering a formal parent-based intervention in the format of a parenting programme to the parents/carers. The FLASH Parent Training Programme can be delivered as a 10-week programme or as a 4 day workshop model. The programme is designed for parents and carers of young people 11 to 18 years of age
	where there are particular difficulties in relation to their young person self-harming behaviours. For the Colchester based groups we chose the 4 day model programme structure as some parents expressed concern about leaving their self-harming young person in the evenings. Also the child age was extended to the age range of the young person, to 18 years; this is following recent research which indicates self-harm has increased in college students.
Delivery	Delivered in Colchester on Saturdays to avoid interruption to work. Parents
area Our	attended all day. Refreshments and lunch was provided. This programme was developed because there was no identified service
evidence of	which offered parents of young people who self-harm an opportunity to
need	explore, share and problem solve the complex issues that face them when
	their young person is hurting or trying to kill themselves. Parents value,
	support and propose the need for advice, information and counselling, plus
	a chance to meet with other parents. Feedback from our parents indicate
	that this form of intervention is important as young people often report
	that they do not feel listened to and a common time for a young person
	instigating a self-harming act is after a conflict with a parent. The
	programme aims to support young people by encouraging parents and carers to improve their listening and coping strategies, thus supporting the young person and reducing the self-harm events. The fear of self-
	harm/suicidal behaviour generates anxious responses from family and professionals and therefore families often withdraw and feel very isolated.
	Parents inform us that they largely left unsupported by professionals and they often cannot tell their family and friends because of a lack of understanding of self-harm; it is still a taboo subject for many. Whilst self-
	harm is ultimately damaging and may be dangerous, for many people it provides a method of coping with life. It is important to remember the level
	of distress that has led to the self-harm. This is particularly important for
	parents who become aware of the issue and wish to raise it with the
	individual. Taking away a person's means of self-harm can increase the emotional distress and make the situation worse, therefore the aim of the
	programme is to educate the family members. The funding to deliver FLASH programmes has come from an ICC grant. Since the start of the grant we
	have had 92 referrals to the FLASH programme. The ICC grant completes March 2018.

Evidence of	Colchester has a higher than average percentage of mental health problems
need in	
Colchester	
National	Reports show that 1 in 10 teenagers self-harm, but the true figure could be
evidence of	even higher as most incidents of self-harm are treated at home and will not
need	reach the attention of services or professionals. Although some very young
	people and some adults do self-harm, rates are higher in young people. No
	single factor has been shown to predict self-harm. A combination of
	pressures in home and school life, such as being bullied at school, not
	getting on with parents, parental divorce, unwanted pregnancy, abuse,
	rape, bereavement, entering care and mental health problems such as
	depression, can all lead people to self-harm. It is important to bear in mind
	that everybody's experience is unique, and there are no universal rules or
	reasons for self-harm behaviour. Only 12% of those who harm themselves
	had presented to A&E (NICE 2011) indicating that a vast majority of acts of
	self-harm are 'invisible' to professionals. Around 30% who begin self-harm
	in adolescence continue into adulthood – therefore this intervention is a
Outcom	key opportunity during the teen's years.
Outcomes	To enable the parent/carer to integrate the role of a parent with how to manage and support young people who exhibit self-harming behaviours.
Our	The results from our FLASH workshops have shown the programme has led
evidence of	to huge changes in the parent's family life, their relationship with their
effective	young person and their views of adolescent wellbeing. The results support
impact	the fact that behaviour is something that can be changed (new behaviours
mpace	can be learnt) and that parenting groups are able to fully engage with
	families to work on young person's behaviours. Changes in the
l I	child's/adolescents self-harming behaviours are harder to predict as the
	FLASH programme does not directly aim to reduce the self-harming
	behaviours. However, it is clear from the programme evaluation results that
	the programme does improve parent child relationships, thus supporting
	both during this difficult time, which has been shown to increase parental
	acceptance and empathy which in turn had a direct link to the reduction of
	the child's self-harming behaviours.
One	When FLASH was first mentioned to me, she'd been cutting for two months.
Parents	I knew nothing, had no experience and didn't know anyone who had. Her
testimonial	first overdose six months later escalated with EWMHS but by then she was
	so low and things continued to deteriorate to a point where 6 months later
	she was admitted to St Aubyn's. I felt very alone during this time trying to
	understand the 'why' and how to support her and felt I was fumbling my
	way through. I changed GP's so we could move from EWMH's Chelmsford
	to EWMH's Colchester and was immediately told about a course due to
1	start with The Ministry of Parenting – a year from when I first asked for
	help. The course was so useful, the group leaders were both so
	professional, knowledgeable, experienced, supportive and welcoming; this
	course should be available to everyone and offered regularly, can't
	recommend it enough.

·	The STOP Programme
Programme	The STOP Parent Programme is a 10 week programme for parents of
structure &	children/adolescents aged 11-16 years old. There is an additional three
target	sessions which can be added to the 10 week programme, or exchanged for
population	two of the set sessions- the notion is then that the programme can be more
• •	targeted to the needs of the parents attending the individual groups. The
	programme was originally developed as a specialist group programme for
	parents with children who are difficult to manage, young offenders, or
	those at risk of offending or exclusion. However, over the last 10 years the
	programme has been implemented and been found to be an effective
	preventative programme at a more universal level. The programme sets out
	to support parents and to help them support their core relationship with
	their child/adolescent, both in the short term and the long term. This is
	done by offering parents aid and teaching them to better understand their
	adolescent child by encouraging them to improve their listening, praise and
	encouragement skills, giving them information and teaching about practical
	ways to cope with their child/adolescents behaviour, practical ways to deal
	with confrontational situations, reassurance about their role, a realistic
	understanding of what should be expected of a parent or carer and a better
	· · · · · ·
Delivery	understanding about peer influences on young people. The STOP groups are delivered in Colchester at the MoP main office base
Delivery	
area	which is on a local bus route and walking distant from the town centre and
	station. Rationale for this venue is to have a central location accessible to
	families in Colchester. We alternate day time and evening groups each term
	so that we can cater to fathers and working parents.
Our	The funding to deliver our STOP programmes has come through FIF early
evidence of	help offer. The funding supports a set limit number of direct intervention. In
need	2016-17 we had 22 referrals to the STOP programme, since April 2017 we
	have had 20 referrals. The FIF funding towards the STOP programme
Pril 6	completes in May 2018.
Evidence of	Colchester has a higher than average rate of crime.
need in	
Colchester	
National	Risk-taking behaviour is a normal and positive strand of development and
evidence of	supports the development of resilient, active, and positive young people
need	who aspire to do the best they can for themselves and the world they live
	in. Harmful risk-taking behaviour can reduce opportunity, limit aspiration,
	increase vulnerability, promote criminal or anti-social behaviour and cause
	physical and psychological problems. Research has identified factors in
	young people's associated harmful risk-taking. Risk factors include: Poor
	parental supervision and discipline, Family conflict, Family history of
	problem behaviour, and Parental involvement / attitudes condoning
	problem behaviour. Research has also identified protective factors. These
	factors operate together as a 'protective process'. Protective factors
	include: Strong bonds with family, Healthy standards set by parents,

Opportunities for involvement in families, Social and learning skills to enable participation, Recognition and praise for positive behaviour Although children may be born with certain predispositions, behaviour patterns are 'learnt'. Community-based action to reduce risk in children's lives and enhance protection can not only enable them to achieve their potential, but also reduce the chances of involvement in crime, substance misuse and other problem behaviour.

Outcomes

The aim of the STOP group programme is to reduce risk-taking behaviours by:

- Strengthening parent monitoring skills
- Modifying parent self-modelling behaviours
- Improved listening and praise skills
- Improved understanding about peer influences
- Encouraging positive parent/young person interactions

The longer term outcome is to increase child and adolescent pro-social behaviours and decrease harmful risk-taking behaviours

Our evidence of effective impact

The evaluation results of the STOP parenting programme shows the programme has positive effects on the parents' mental well-being and style of parenting, as well as their young person's behaviours.

To date all parents who have completed the programmes rate the service highly. As a direct result of the programme, parents felt they benefited from being encouraged to consider what (if any) action is needed before reacting, better understanding of their young person and more patient; learnt to take a step back, feels more positive, much calmer, not rising to confrontation and increased awareness. Parents reflected that their young person's behaviour had improved, feeling they were more understanding of why boundaries were in place, were able to put their own strategies in place, more affectionate and agreeable. Parents' felt that by role-modelling calm behaviour, their young person responded in a calmer manner. Parents' also reported that their young person had verbalised that the parents' appeared happier and communication improved. Parents' stated they were enjoying a better relationship with their young person, noting that both understood each other's perspective better, were now enjoying spending time with them, talking a little more, relationship had become less volatile and were receiving more respect and consideration from their young person.

One Parents testimonial

We would just like to thank the Ministry of Parenting for the wonderful support and guidance given in the STOP parenting course. We were given strategies and tools to improve our parenting skills. We didn't feel blamed or accused, in fact we felt that MoP had faith in our current parenting strategies. The group leader did a wonderful job enhancing and providing new techniques making parenting and family life fun. Men are sometimes reluctant to attend parenting classes but my husband said "I felt so comfortable and actually looked forward to the sessions. It was a place where I felt heard and understood."

Appendix 5
Health Improvement outcomes

		STOP	IY School aged	IY ASD	FLASH
Improved	Decrease of behaviour problems	1	√	V	
child behaviour	Supporting parents to commit to learning about the emotional and development changes in adolescent	1			1
	Parents assessing and reducing their own negative responses to their adolescents	1			1
	learn skills to know how to communicate effectively	1	1	√	V
	Set fair limits, recognise and praise positive behaviour	1	1	1	1
	Maintain a healthy relationship with their adolescent	1			V
	Promotion of child positive attributions, academic readiness, and problem solving skills		1	√	
	Increase of children's on-task school- readiness behaviours, language development and curiosity for learning		1	1	
	Improved concentration/attention	V	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	1	
	Reduce critical and physical discipline and increase the use of positive for managing behaviour	1	1	√	
Improved child resilience, emotional wellbeing	Increased family connection (Adolescents who feel connected to their family smoke fewer cigarettes, drink less alcohol, use less marijuana, start sex later and are less likely to be involved in violence)	1			
and mental	Increase of children's ability to names feelings (emotional literacy)		1	1	
health	Increase of children's social skills and friendly interactions with peers		1	√ 	
	Increase of children's empathy skills	√	√	\checkmark	V
	Prevention, reduction, and treatment of early onset conduct behaviours and emotional problems	1	1	1	1
	Increase of children's ability to manage angry ,sad, anxious and over-excited feelings (self-regulation skills)		V	1	
Improved parent wellbeing	Increase of parents positive relationships, sensitivity and attachment with their child/adolescent	V	V	1	1

	Increase of joy with child/adolescent	T \	V	\ \	1
	To aid parents increased understanding of	V	1	√	1
	interpersonal issues such as building social	}			
	skills				
	Update parents knowledge of Brain	√			
	development				
	Increase of parents understanding of				
	Autism Spectrum disorder, ADHD and				
	encourage developmentally appropriate				
	expectations				
	Increase adult resilience skills and improved	√			√
	relationships which will then be transferred				
	to the adolescent	ļ			
Reduced	Enabling family members to explore family	√	√	√	
stress on	functions, examine the processes by which				
families	the family operates as a whole, including				
	communication				
	Improving parent's family life and the			√	
	relationship with their child.	ļ.,			
	Reduced negative affect i.e. less negative	1		√	1
	commands and more ineffective limit				
	setting	<u> </u>		,	
	Parents empowered to identify their own	1	√		
	problems, needs and solutions.	1			
	Parents gain problem-solving skills to	V			
	address current adolescent and parent				
	conflict	,			
	Content subjects include conflict	1			
	management, listening skills, praise and				
	encouragement, limit setting, family				
	meetings and personal stress managing				

Appendix 6;

Measures used to assess impact of the parenting programmes

<u>Quantitative</u> - parent numbers attending programmes and age of children they are responsible for, number of referrals and from which agency, demographic information.

Pre and post evaluation; the pre-group questionnaires are completed at the introductory meeting. Questionnaires were then completed in the final week of the group. These incorporate standardised measures (depending on service/funders requirements) such as the: Strengths and Difficulties Questionnaire (SDQ), The Adolescent Wellbeing Scale, Parenting Stress Index (APSI) and Family STAR. These all have their merits and we are keen to evidence our outcomes in line with the national recognised measures and are very aware that these measures also shape our service if outcomes are not being met. Using these methods comparisons can be drawn at different time points to evaluate change over time with the programme and measure its effectiveness. To ensure the performance management of the group facilitators, all facilitators have to complete the weekly programme session fidelity checklists.

<u>Qualitative</u>: Thank you cards from attendees, weekly evaluation forms. Anecdotal evidence. We have hard evidence (quantitative data) that shows that the programmes are effective in the short term. The wider national evidence suggests its effectiveness long term, but we want to prove this at both locally and at district level, so beneficiaries know why this is going to benefit them.

Measures are collected and analysed by using tools tabled below;

	IY	ASD	FLASH	STOP
Record no: of queries	Х	X	X	X
Record no: of Contact	Х	Х	Х	X
Demographic information	X	_ X _	X	X
Weekly evaluation	X	Х	X	Х
The Adolescent Wellbeing Scale (young person)			X	
The Adolescent Wellbeing Scale (parent)			Х	1
Strengths & Difficulties Questionnaires.	х			Х
Family STAR	Х	Х		Х
Parenting Stress Index (APSI)		Х		
End of Course Satisfaction Questionnaire	Х	X	Х	X

Appendix 7; Training for Professionals - programme overview 2016/17

Training programme	Target professional population
The Incredible Years Pre- School -3 day training	For Professionals working with parents of children aged 1-6 years. This programme covers both the Toddler and early Years programmes
STOP - A Supportive Programme for Parents of Teens 3 day training	Training Programme for professionals working with parents of children aged 11-16 years. The programme aims to give parents a greater understanding about the developmental process of their teenage child. Sessions include Alcohol; conflict & aggression; sex & relationships, praise & encouragement; setting the limits and more.
The Incredible Years Baby Training -2 day training	The Parents and Babies programme consists of a 6 part programme, focused on helping parents learn to observe and read their baby's cues and learning ways to provide nurturing and responsive care including physical, tactile and visual stimulation as well as verbal communication.
FLASH- Families Learning About Self-Harm -3 day training	For professionals working with parents of children aged 11-16 years and who are showing signs or behaviours of self-harming. The course will enable participants to: have a wider knowledge, awareness and understanding of self-harm behaviours in young people; understand the basic approaches for implementing a FLASH parenting group programme and provide practical strategies for parents
The Incredible Years - School Aged Training 3 day training	This series focuses on the importance of promoting positive behaviours, interpersonal issues such as building social skills, and effective praise
The Incredible Years Home-Coaching Programme 1 day training	This one-on-one parent-coach model can be used to deliver the entire pre-school BASIC programme, or as a supplement for parents attending an Incredible Years group. This home-visitor coaching model is a good option if parents cannot attend a parent group due to schedule conflicts, or if there is an extended delay before the next parent group will be offered. This model may also be used with parents who need some additional home-coaching with their children.
Group Facilitation Skills Training	This four day course will enable you to develop your skills for working with groups, develop your confidence as a facilitator and help you get more out of your facilitator role.

4 day training	
Supporting Holistic Approaches – Risk,	This is a 3 day multi-agency training course that aims to give professionals an awareness of the key principles of working
	with young people who self-harm, and their families. The content of the training is based from the work and evidence of the FLASH parent programme designed for parents of a young person who is exhibiting self-harm behaviour and this
Parents and Self Harm	
3 day training	behaviour is having an impact on the whole family.
Pit – STOP	Pit-STOP is a 'one- to-one' parenting programme based on
(Parent Interactive Toolkit)	the STOP (Supporting Parents of Teens) parenting programme. The training day will take professionals familiar with the STOP programme through the Pit –STOP eight
1 Day Training	baseline content sessions which include subjects such as conflict management.

Contact Details -	
First Contact Name:	Jeannie Gordon
Second Contact Name:	Debbi Barnes
Company name	The Ministry of Parenting (CIC)
Web site	www.theministryofparenting.com
Address:	Suite 6
	Wellington House
	90-92 Butt Road
	Colchester
	Co3 3DA
Telephone Number:	01206 562626
Email address:	Jeannie.gordon@theministryofparenting.com
Charity Registration No.	N/A we are a Community Interest Company
Companies House Registration No.	06775916