

**THE COMPANIES ACT 2006**  
**PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE**  
**ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION**

**BECONTREE HEATH ISLAMIC SOCIETY (DAGENHAM CENTRAL MASJID) LIMITED**

**Company Number: 06771843**

**Incorporated on 12/12/2008**

**CHARITABLE COMPANY NOT HAVING A SHARE CAPITAL**

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**ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION**  
**BECONTREE HEATH ISLAMIC SOCIETY (DAGENHAM CENTRAL MASJID) LIMITED**  
**Company No 06771843**  
**Registered Charity No 1131215**

**1. INTERPRETATION**

**1.1** In these Articles, unless the context otherwise requires:

**Act:** means the Companies Act 2006;

**Articles:** means the Charity's articles of association for the time being in force;

**Business Day:** means any day (other than a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday in the United Kingdom) on which clearing banks in the City of London are generally open for business;

**Charities Act:** means the Charities Act 2011;

**Charity:** means Becontree Heath Islamic Society (Dagenham Central Masjid) Limited, which is a charitable company regulated by the Articles;

**Charity Commission:** means the Charity Commission for England and Wales;

**Circulation Date:** in relation to a written resolution, has the meaning given to it in the Act;

**Clear days:** in relation to a period of notice means a period of days not including the day on which notice was given or deemed to be given and the day for which it is given or on which it is to take effect;

**Connected Person:** means any person falling within one of the following categories:

- (a) any spouse, civil partner, parent, child, brother, sister, grandparent or grandchild of a Director; or
- (b) the spouse or civil partner of any person in (a); or
- (c) any person who carries on business in partnership with a Director or with any person in (a) or (b); or
- (d) an institution which is controlled by either a Director, any person in (a), (b) or (c), or a Director and any person in (a), (b) or (c), taken together;

(e) a corporate body in which a Director or any person in (a), (b) or (c) has a substantial interest, or two or more such persons, taken together, have a substantial interest.

Sections 350 to 352 of the Charities Act apply for the purposes of interpreting the terms used in this Article;

**Director:** means a director of the Charity. The Directors are charity trustees as defined in the Charities Act;

**document:** includes, unless otherwise specified, any document sent or supplied in electronic form;

**electronic form and electronic means:** have the meaning given to such terms in section 1168 of the Act;

**Financial Expert:** means a person who is reasonably believed by the Directors to be qualified to give advice on investments by reason of his ability in and practical experience of financial and other matters relating to investments;

**Member:** means a person who is a subscriber to the Memorandum or who is admitted to membership in accordance with the Articles;

**Members:** means those persons who were subscribers to the Memorandum and are members of the Charity as at the date of adoption of these Articles, namely:

Mr Bilal Ahmed

Mohammed Faruk Ahmed

Ms Sofina Ahmed

Paul Francis Simms

**Model Articles:** means the model articles for private companies limited by guarantee contained in Schedule 2 to the Companies (Model Articles) Regulations 2008 (SI 2008/3229);

**Objects:** means the objects of the Charity as stated in article 2;

**Special resolution:** has the meaning given in section 283 of the Act;

**United Kingdom:** means Great Britain and Northern Ireland; and

**Writing:** means the representation or reproduction of words, symbols or other information in a visible form by any method or combination of methods, whether sent or supplied in electronic form or otherwise.

**1.2** Unless the context otherwise requires, words and expressions which have particular meanings in the Act shall have the same meanings in these Articles.

**1.3** Headings in these Articles are used for convenience only and shall not affect the construction or interpretation of these Articles.

**1.4** A reference in these Articles to an article is a reference to the relevant article of these Articles unless expressly provided otherwise.

**1.5** Unless expressly provided otherwise, a reference to a statute, statutory provision or subordinate legislation is a reference to it as it is in force from time to time, taking account of:

1.5.1 any subordinate legislation from time to time made under it; and

1.5.2 any amendment or re-enactment and includes any statute, statutory provision or subordinate legislation which it amends or re-enacts.

**1.6** Any phrase introduced by the terms including, include, in particular or any similar expression shall be construed as illustrative and shall not limit the sense of the words preceding those terms.

**1.7** The Model Articles shall not apply to the Charity.

## **2. OBJECTS**

**2.1** The Charity's objects are restricted specifically, only for the public benefit to advance the Islamic Religion for the benefit of the public, and in particular by:

2.1.1 providing places for Muslims to perform their worship and perform other religious rites;

2.1.2 promoting knowledge, understanding, communication and practice of Islam and fulfilling of all other Islamic duties by establishing, maintaining and developing necessary and suitable institutions and facilities;

2.1.3 advancing the education of the public in particular by:

(a) Disseminating true and comprehensive knowledge and understanding of Islam among Muslims and non-Muslims according to the Qur'an and Sunnah;

(b) Promoting Dawah (call to the religion of Islam) in order to disseminate a true and better understanding of Islam amongst the Non-Muslim Community; and advancing the education of Muslim Children and Adults, in each case, with the object of promoting, sustaining and increasing individual and collective knowledge;

2.1.4 establishing Islamic Education services to provide high standards of Islamic Education for Teaching Islamic, Qur'anic and Arabic Studies including cultural and ethnic mother tongue classes at evenings and weekends, as well as full time Islamic Education services and Institutions, in each case, with the object of promoting, sustaining and increasing individual and collective knowledge;

2.1.5 fostering better relations between neighbouring Muslim and non-Muslim communities; and local and central government bodies and institutions, including by organising and encouraging participation of both Muslims and non-Muslims in the community in both cultural and religious activities and events in order to raise social and cultural awareness in Islam.

- 2.2** Nothing in these Articles shall authorise an application of the property of the Charity for purposes which are not charitable in accordance with any statutory provision regarding the meaning of the word "charitable" or the words "charitable purposes" in force in any part of the United Kingdom.

### **3. POWERS**

In pursuance of the Objects, but not further or otherwise, the Charity has the power to:

- 3.1** Manage the affairs and activities of the Becontree Heath Islamic Society (Dagenham Central Masjid) Limited owned by the Charity property jointly with Quran and Sunnah Academy Limited for the purposes of the Charity;
- 3.2** accept (or disclaim) any gift of money, legacy or other property;
- 3.3** raise funds by way of subscription, donation or otherwise;
- 3.4** trade in the course of carrying out the Objects and carry out any other trade which is not expected to give rise to taxable profits;
- 3.5** establish or purchase companies to carry on any trade;
- 3.6** sell, lease or otherwise dispose of all or any part of the Charity's real or personal property and any and all rights of the Charity, subject to such consents as may be required by law;
- 3.7** borrow or raise money and to give security for money borrowed or grants or other obligations by mortgage, charge, lien or other security on the Charity's property and assets, subject to such consents as may be required by law;
- 3.8** lend and give credit to, take security for such loans or credit and enter into guarantees or give security for the performance of contracts by any person or company;
- 3.9** buy, lease, hire or otherwise acquire and deal with any real or personal property and any rights or privileges of any kind over or in respect of any real or personal property and maintain, alter, improve, manage, develop, construct, repair or equip it for use;
- 3.10** set aside funds for particular purposes or as reserves against future expenditure;
- 3.11** deposit or invest funds with all the powers of a beneficial owner, but to invest only after obtaining advice from a Financial Expert, having regard to the suitability of investments and the need for diversification;
- 3.12** delegate the management of investments to a Financial Expert, but only on terms that:
- 3.12.1** the Charity's investment policy is set down in writing by the Directors for the Financial Expert;
- 3.12.2** all transactions are reported promptly and regularly to the Directors;
- 3.12.3** investment performance is reviewed regularly with the Directors;

- 3.12.4 the delegation arrangement may be cancelled by the Directors at any time;
- 3.12.5 a review of the investment policy and the delegation arrangement shall be carried out at least annually;
- 3.12.6 all payments due to the Financial Expert fall within a scale or a level which is agreed in advance and are notified promptly to the Directors on receipt;
- 3.12.7 the Financial Expert must not do anything outside the powers of the Charity;
- 3.13** arrange for the investments or other property of the Charity to be held in the name of a nominee (meaning a corporate body registered or having an established place of business in the United Kingdom) which is either under the control of the Directors or of a Financial Expert acting on their instructions, and to pay any reasonable fee required;
- 3.14** co-operate with other bodies and to exchange information and advice with them;
- 3.15** establish or support or aid in the establishment and support of any organisation formed for objects similar to any or all of the Objects;
- 3.16** enter into partnership or other arrangement with any other body with objects similar to any or all of the Objects;
- 3.17** acquire, amalgamate or merge with, or undertake all or any of the property, liabilities and engagements of anybody with objects similar to any or all of the Objects;
- 3.18** enter into contracts to provide services to or on behalf of other bodies;
- 3.19** provide or procure the provision of advice;
- 3.20** publish and distribute books, pamphlets, reports, leaflets, journals, films, tapes, instructional matter and any other form of information in or on any media;
- 3.21** promote, undertake and commission research, surveys, studies or other work and to disseminate the useful results;
- 3.22** subject to article 4.2:
  - 3.22.1 employ and remunerate any person or persons as necessary for the proper pursuit of the Objects; and
  - 3.22.2 make reasonable provision for the payment of pensions for employees and their dependents;
- 3.23** take out such insurance policies as are necessary to protect the Charity;
- 3.24** provide indemnity insurance for the Directors or any other officer of the Charity in accordance with and subject to the conditions in section 189 of the Charities Act;
- 3.25** open and operate bank accounts and other facilities for banking and draw, accept, endorse, issue or execute promissory notes, bills of exchange, cheques and other instruments;



- 3.26** organise and assist in the provision of conferences, courses of instruction, exhibitions, lectures and other educational activities;
- 3.27** provide and assist in the provision of money, materials or other aid;
- 3.28** act as trustee and to undertake and execute charitable trusts; and
- 3.29** do anything lawful which is calculated to further the Objects or is conducive or incidental to doing so.

#### **4. APPLICATION OF INCOME AND PROPERTY**

- 4.1** The income and property of the Charity shall only be applied to promote the Objects.

**4.2** Except as provided below, no part of the income or property of the Charity may be paid or transferred directly or indirectly by way of dividend, bonus or otherwise by way of profit to any Member of the Charity. This shall not prevent any payment in good faith by the Charity of:

- 4.2.1 a benefit to any Member in the capacity of a beneficiary of the Charity;
- 4.2.2 reasonable and proper remuneration to any Member for any goods or services supplied to the Charity, provided that article 5 applies if such a Member is a Director;
- 4.2.3 interest on money lent by a Member to the Charity at a reasonable and proper rate;
- 4.2.4 reasonable and proper rent for premises demised or let by a Member to the Charity; and
- 4.2.5 any payment to a Member who is also a Director which is permitted under article 5.

#### **5. BENEFITS AND PAYMENTS TO DIRECTORS AND CONNECTED PERSONS**

##### **5.1 General provisions**

No director or connected person may:

- 5.1.1 buy any goods or services from the charity on terms preferential to those applicable to members of the public;
- 5.1.2 sell goods, services, or any interest in land to the charity;
- 5.1.3 be employed by, or receive any remuneration from, the charity;
- 5.1.4 receive any other financial benefit from the charity; unless the payment is permitted by sub-clause 5.2 of this article, or authorised by the court or the prior written consent of the Charity Commission has been obtained.

In this article a 'financial benefit' means a benefit, direct or indirect, which is either money or has a monetary value.

## **5.2 Scope and powers permitting directors' or connected persons' benefits**

- 5.2.1 A director or connected person may receive a benefit from the charity in the capacity of a beneficiary of the charity provided that a majority of the directors do not benefit in this way.
- 5.2.2 A director or connected person may enter into a contract for the supply of services, or of goods that are supplied in connection with the provision of services, to the charity where that is permitted in accordance with, and subject to the conditions in, sections 185 and 186 of the Charities Act 2011.
- 5.2.3 Subject to sub-clause 5.3 of this article a director or connected person may provide the charity with goods that are not supplied in connection with services provided to the charity by the director or connected person.
- 5.2.4 A director or connected person may receive interest on money lent to the charity at a reasonable and proper rate which must be not more than the Bank of England bank rate (also known as the base rate).
- 5.2.5 A director or connected person may receive rent for premises let by the director or connected person to the charity. The amount of the rent and the other terms of the lease must be reasonable and proper. The director concerned must withdraw from any meeting at which such a proposal or the rent or other terms of the lease are under discussion. (f) A director or connected person may take part in the normal trading and fundraising activities of the charity on the same terms as members of the public.

## **5.3 Payment for supply of goods only – controls**

The charity and its directors may only rely upon the authority provided by sub-clause 5.2.3 of this article if each of the following conditions is satisfied:

- 5.3.1 The amount or maximum amount of the payment for the goods is set out in an agreement in writing between the charity or its directors (as the case may be) and the director or connected person supplying the goods ('the supplier') under which the supplier is to supply the goods in question to or on behalf of the charity.
- 5.3.2 The amount or maximum amount of the payment for the goods does not exceed what is reasonable in the circumstances for the supply of the goods in question.
- 5.3.3 The other directors are satisfied that it is in the best interests of the charity to contract with the supplier rather than with someone who is not a director or connected person. In reaching that decision the directors must balance the advantage of contracting with a director or connected person against the disadvantages of doing so.
- 5.3.4 The supplier is absent from the part of any meeting at which there is discussion of the proposal to enter into a contract or arrangement with him or her or it with regard to the supply of goods to the charity. (e) The supplier does not vote on any such matter and is not to be counted when calculating whether a quorum of directors is present at the meeting. (f) The reason for their decision is recorded by the directors in the minute book. (g) A majority

of the directors then in office are not in receipt of remuneration or payments authorised by article 5.

**5.4** In sub-clauses 5.2 and 5.3 of this article:

5.4.1 'charity' includes any company in which the charity: (i) holds more than 50% of the shares; or (ii) controls more than 50% of the voting rights attached to the shares; or (iii) has the right to appoint one or more directors to the board of the company;

5.4.2 'connected person' includes any person within the definition in article 61 'Interpretation'.

**6. DISSOLUTION – NO MEMBERS**

**6.1** The trustees may dissolve the charity if they decide that it is necessary or desirable to do so. To be effective, a proposal to dissolve the charity must be passed at a special meeting by a two-thirds' majority of the trustees. Any assets of the charity that are left after the charity's debts have been paid ('the net assets') must be given: (a) to another charity (or other charities) with objects that are the same or similar to the charity's own, for the general purposes of the recipient charity (or charities); or (b) to any charity for use for particular purposes which fall within the charity's objects.

**6.2** The Charity Commission must be notified promptly that the charity has been dissolved and, if the trustees were obliged to send the charity's accounts to the Charity Commission for the accounting period which ended before its dissolution, they must send the Charity Commission the charity's final accounts.

**7. LIABILITY OF MEMBERS**

The liability of each Member is limited to EI, being the amount that each Member undertakes to contribute to the assets of the Charity in the event of its being wound up while they are a Member or within one year after they cease to be a Member, for:

**7.1** payment of the Charity's debts and liabilities contracted before they cease to be a Member,

**7.2** payment of the costs, charges and expenses of the winding up, and

**7.3** adjustment of the rights of the contributories among themselves.

**8. MEMBERS**

**8.1** At the date of adoption of these Articles the Charity has three General Members who were the subscribers to the Memorandum on incorporation namely:

8.1.1 Mr Bilal Ahmed;

8.1.2 Mr Mohammed Faruk Ahmed;

8.1.3 Miss Sofina Ahmed.

**8.2** The Charity shall be entitled to admit further General Members provided an applicant for General Membership shall have provided satisfactory volunteer services to the Charity in the five years before admission to membership. Applicants shall apply to the Directors for General Membership on such application form as the Directors may prescribe and must:

8.2.1 have his / her principal residence within a radius of 5 miles of the Dagenham Central Masjid at 798 Green Lane Dagenham Essex RM8 1YT;

8.2.2 declare in his or her application form for General membership of the Charity that he / she is over the age of 18 years and is a Muslim holding the fundamental belief that there is no God but ALLAH and MOHAMMED (peace be upon him) is his final Prophet and believing in QURAN SUNNAH and HADITH and who has an interest in furthering the objects of the Charity and who has paid the annual subscription laid down from time to time by the Directors; and

8.2.3 is approved by the Directors.

**8.3** The Directors may in their absolute discretion accept or decline to accept any application for General membership and need not give reasons for doing so.

**8.4** The Charity shall maintain a register of General Members and any person ceasing to be a General Member shall be removed from the register.

**8.5** General Members shall be entitled to receive notice of, to attend and to vote with one vote for each General Member on any resolution put to a lawfully convened general meeting of the Charity from time to time.

**8.6** The Charity shall admit to Honorary membership an individual who or an organisation which:

8.6.1 applies to the Charity using the application process approved by the Directors;

8.6.2 has his / her principal residence within a radius of 5 miles or reasonable distance for attending to participate the meetings of the Dagenham Central Masjid at 798 Green Lane Dagenham Essex RMB IYT;

8.6.3 declares in his or her application form for honorary membership of the Charity that he / she is over the age of 18 years and is a Muslim holding the fundamental belief that there is no God but ALLAH and MOHAMMED (peace be upon him) is his final Prophet and believing in QURAN SUNNAH and HADITH and who has an interest in furthering the objects of the Charity and who has paid the annual subscription laid down from time to time by the Directors; and

8.6.4 is approved by the Directors.

**8.7** The Directors may in their absolute discretion accept or decline to accept any application for general or honorary membership and need not give reasons for doing so.

**8.8** The Charity shall maintain a register of General and Honorary Members and any person ceasing to be a General or Honorary Member shall be removed from the register.

**8.9** Membership is not transferable.

**8.10** The Directors may establish different classes of membership and set out different rights and obligations for each class, with such rights and obligations recorded in the register of Members, but shall not be obliged to accept any person fulfilling those criteria as a Member.

**8.11** A person holding honorary membership shall have the following rights and duties:

8.11.1 To receive notice of, attend, but not vote at, any general meeting of the Charity;

8.11.2 To notify the Directors if he or she ceases to satisfy the residence requirement in Article 8.2.2 or the religious adherence requirement in Article 8.2.3 whereupon his or her honorary membership will cease.

8.11.3 To pay within 21 days of the commencement of each calendar year the membership fee specified by the Directors as applicable to such calendar year.

## **9. TERMINATION OF MEMBERSHIP**

A Member shall cease to be a Member if:

**9.1** the Member dies or, if it is an organisation, ceases to exist;

**9.2** the Member resigns by giving notice to the Charity in writing;

**9.3** any subscription or other sum payable by the Member to the Charity remains unpaid within 21 days of it falling due and the Charity notifies the Member in writing of the termination of their membership;

**9.4** the General or Honorary Member is removed from membership by a resolution of the Directors that it is in the best interests of the Charity that the membership is terminated. Such a resolution may not be passed unless:

9.4.1 the Member has been given at least 14 clear days' notice in writing of the meeting of the Directors at which the resolution will be proposed and the reasons why it will be proposed; and

9.4.2 the Member or, at the option of the Member, the Member's representative (who need not be a Member of the Charity) has been given a reasonable opportunity to make representations to the meeting either in person or in writing. The Directors must consider any representations made by the Member (or the Member's representative) and inform the Member of their decision following such consideration. There shall be no right of appeal from a decision of the Directors to terminate the membership of a Member.

A Honorary Member removed from membership by such a resolution shall remain liable to pay to the Charity any subscription or other sum owed by them and shall

not be entitled to a refund of any such subscription or other sum paid by them to the Charity.

## **10. ANNUAL GENERAL MEETINGS**

**10.1** The Charity shall hold an annual general meeting each year, with not more than 15 months elapsing between successive annual general meetings.

**10.2** Each notice calling an annual general meeting shall specify the meeting as such and each annual general meeting shall take place at such time and place as the Directors shall think fit.

**10.3** The business at an annual general meeting shall include:

10.3.1 the consideration of the accounts, balance sheets, reports of the Directors and auditors;

10.3.2 the retirement, appointment or re-appointment of Directors in accordance with article 20.1 to article 20.4; and

10.3.3 the appointment of the auditors.

## **11. NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS**

**11.1** General meetings, except the annual general meeting, are called on a minimum of 14 clear days' notice. Annual general meetings are called on a minimum of 21 clear days' notice.

**11.2** A general meeting may be called by shorter notice if it is so agreed by a majority in number of the Members having a right to attend and vote at the meeting, being a majority who together hold not less than 90% of the total voting rights.

**11.3** The notice shall specify the date, time and place of the meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted. It shall also include a statement pursuant to the Act setting out the right of Members to appoint proxies.

**11.4** The notice shall be given to:

11.4.1 each General Member;

11.4.2 each Director; and

11.4.3 the auditor for the time being of the Charity.

**11.5** Proceedings at a general meeting shall not be invalidated because a person entitled to receive notice of the meeting did not receive it because of an accidental omission by the Charity.

## **12. PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS**

**12.1** Every general meeting of the Charity shall have a chair:

12.1.1 The chair of Directors shall chair general meetings of the Charity or, if the chair of Directors is absent, the vice-chair of Directors shall act as chair.

- 12.1.2 If neither the chair nor the vice-chair of Directors is present within 15 minutes of the time appointed for the meeting, a Director elected by the Directors present shall chair the meeting.
- 12.1.3 If there is only one Director present and willing to act, that Director shall chair the meeting.
- 12.1.4 If no Director is present and willing to chair the meeting within 15 minutes of the time appointed for the meeting, the General Members present shall choose one of their number to chair the meeting.
- 12.2** No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum is present.
- 12.3** A quorum is:
- 12.3.1 Two General Members who are present in person or by proxy or through their duly authorised representatives and who are entitled to vote on the business to be conducted at the meeting; or
- 12.3.2 one-tenth of the total membership at the time,
- whichever is the lesser.
- 12.4** If within 30 minutes from the time appointed for the meeting a quorum is not present, or if during the meeting a quorum ceases to be present, the meeting shall be adjourned until such other date, time and place as the Directors shall determine. If at the adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within 30 minutes from the time appointed for the meeting, those General Members present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote shall be a quorum.
- 12.5** The chair of a general meeting may adjourn such a meeting when a quorum is present, if the meeting consents to an adjournment, and shall adjourn such a meeting if directed to do so by the meeting. The chair shall specify either that the meeting:
- 12.5.1 is to be adjourned to a particular date, time and place; or
- 12.5.2 shall be adjourned to a date, time and place to be appointed by the Directors;
- and shall have regard to any directions as to date, time and place which have been given by the meeting.
- 12.6** If the meeting is adjourned until more than 14 days after the date on which it was adjourned, the Charity shall give at least seven clear days' notice of it to the same persons to whom notice of the Charity's general meetings is required to be given and containing the same information which such notice is required to contain.
- 12.7** No business may be transacted at an adjourned general meeting which could not properly have been transacted at the meeting if the adjournment had not taken place.

### **13. VOTING AT GENERAL MEETINGS**

- 13.1** A vote on a resolution proposed at a meeting shall be decided by a show of hands unless before, or on the declaration of the result of, the show of hands a poll is demanded.
- 13.2** On a show of hands or on a poll, every General Member, whether an individual or an organisation shall have one vote.
- 13.3** Any objection to the: qualification of any voter must be raised at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is tendered and every vote not disallowed at the meeting shall be valid. Any such objection must be referred to the chair of the meeting whose decision is final.
- 13.4** Unless a poll is demanded, the declaration of the chair of the result of the vote and an entry to that effect in the minutes of the meeting shall be conclusive evidence of the fact and the number or proportion of votes cast in favour or against need not be recorded.
- 13.5** A poll may be demanded by:
- 13.5.1 the chair of the meeting;
  - 13.5.2 the Directors;
  - 13.5.3 two or more persons having the right to vote on the resolution; or
  - 13.5.4 a person or persons representing not less than one tenth of the total voting rights of all the General Members having the right to vote on the resolution.
- 13.6** A demand for a poll may be withdrawn if:
- 13.6.1 the poll has not yet been taken, and
  - 13.6.2 the chair of the meeting consents to the withdrawal.
- 13.7** A poll demanded on the election of a person to chair a meeting or on a question of adjournment must be taken immediately.
- 13.8** Otherwise, a poll demanded must be taken either immediately or at such time and place as the chair of the meeting directs, provided that it is taken within [30] days after it was demanded: If not taken immediately, either the time and place at which it is to be taken shall be announced at the meeting at which it was demanded or at least [seven] clear days' notice shall be given specifying the time and place at which the poll is to be taken.
- 13.9** The poll shall be conducted in such manner as the chair directs and the chair may fix a time and place for declaring the result of the poll. The result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution 'of the meeting at which the poll was demanded.
- 13.10** If a poll is demanded, this shall not prevent the meeting from continuing to deal with any other business that may be conducted at the meeting.



## **14. PROXIES**

**14.1** A General Member is entitled to appoint another person as a proxy to exercise all or any of the General Member's rights to attend and to speak and vote at a meeting of the Charity.

**14.2** Proxies may only be validly appointed by a notice in writing (a proxy notice) which:

14.2.1 states the name and address of the General Member appointing the proxy;

14.2.2 identifies the person appointed to be that General Member's proxy and the general meeting in relation to which that person is appointed;

14.2.3 is signed by or on behalf of the General Member appointing the proxy, or is authenticated in such manner as the Directors may determine; and

14.2.4 is delivered to the Charity in accordance with the Articles not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the right to vote is to be exercised and in accordance with any instructions contained in the notice of the general meeting (or any adjourned meeting) to which they relate.

A proxy notice which is not delivered in such manner shall be invalid unless the Directors, in their discretion, accept the notice at any time before the meeting.

**14.3** The Charity may require proxy notices to be delivered in a particular form, and may specify different forms for different purposes.

**14.4** Proxy notices may specify how the proxy appointed under them is to vote (or that the proxy is to abstain from voting) on one or more resolutions.

**14.5** Unless a proxy notice indicates otherwise, it must be treated as:

14.5.1 allowing the person appointed under it as a proxy discretion as to how to vote on any ancillary or procedural resolutions put to the meeting; and

14.5.2 appointing that person as a proxy in relation to any adjournment of the general meeting to which it relates, as well as the meeting itself.

**14.6** A person who is entitled to attend, speak or vote (either on a show of hands or on a poll) at a general meeting remains so entitled in respect of that meeting or any adjournment of it, even though a valid proxy notice has been delivered to the Charity by or on behalf of that person.

**14.7** An appointment under a proxy notice may be revoked by delivering to the Charity a notice in writing given by or on behalf of the person by whom or on whose behalf the proxy notice was given.

**14.8** A notice revoking a proxy appointment only takes effect if it is delivered before the start of the meeting or adjourned meeting to which it relates.

**14.9** If a proxy notice is not executed by the person appointing the proxy, it must be accompanied by written evidence of the authority of the person who executed it to execute it on the appointor's behalf.

## **15. MEMBERS WHICH ARE ORGANISATIONS**

- 15.1** An organisation which is a General Member of the Charity may authorise any person to act as its representative at any meeting of the Charity and to exercise, on behalf of the organisation, the rights of the organisation as a General member.
- 15.2** The organisation must give written notice of the name of its representative to the Charity and, in the absence of such notice; the Charity shall not be obliged to recognise the entitlement of the organisation's representative to exercise the rights of the organisation at general meetings. Having received such notice, the Charity shall consider that the person named in it as the organisation's representative shall continue to be its representative until written notice to the contrary is received by the Charity.
- 15.3** The Charity shall be entitled to consider that any notice received by it in accordance with article 15.2 is conclusive evidence that the representative is entitled to represent the organisation and that his authority has not been revoked. The Charity shall not be required to consider whether the representative has been properly authorised by the organisation.

## **16. WRITTEN RESOLUTIONS**

- 16.1** Subject to article 16.4, a written resolution of the General Members passed in accordance with this article 16 shall have effect as if passed by the General Members in a general meeting. A written resolution is passed:
- 16.1.1 as an ordinary resolution if it is passed by a simple majority of the eligible Members; or
  - 16.1.2 as a special resolution if it is passed by General Members representing not less than 75% of the eligible Members. A written resolution is not a special resolution unless it states that it was proposed as a special resolution.
- 16.2** Where a resolution is proposed as a written resolution of the Charity, the eligible Members are the General Members who would have been entitled to vote on the resolution on the Circulation Date of the resolution.
- 16.3** Any resolution of the-General Members for which the Act does not specify whether it is to be passed as an ordinary resolution or as a special resolution shall be passed as an ordinary resolution.
- 16.4** A General Members' resolution under the Act removing a Director or an auditor before the expiration of his term of office may not be passed as a written resolution.
- 16.5** A copy of the written resolution must be sent to every General Member together with a statement informing the General Member how to signify their agreement to the resolution and the date by which the resolution must be passed if it is not to lapse.

**16.6** A General Member signifies their agreement to a proposed written resolution when the Charity receives from them (or from someone acting on their behalf) an authenticated document identifying the resolution to which it relates and indicating the General Member's agreement to the resolution. A General Member's agreement to a proposed written resolution, once signified, cannot be revoked. For these purposes:

16.6.1 if the document is sent to the Charity in hard copy form, it is authenticated if it bears the signature of the person sending it;

16.6.2 if the document is sent to the Charity in electronic form, it is authenticated if the identity of the sender is confirmed in a manner specified by the Charity or, where no such manner has been specified by the Charity, if it is accompanied by a statement of the identity of the sender and the Charity has no reason to doubt the truth of that statement.

**16.7** A written resolution is passed when the required majority of eligible Members have signified their agreement to it. In the case of a General Member that is an organisation, its authorised representative may signify its agreement.

**16.8** A proposed written resolution shall lapse if it is not passed within 28 days beginning with the Circulation Date.

**16.9** Communications in relation to written resolutions shall be sent to the Charity's auditors in accordance with the Act.

**16.10** The Members may require the Charity to circulate a resolution that may properly be moved and is proposed to be moved as a written resolution in accordance with sections 292 and 293 of the Act.

## **17. DIRECTORS**

**17.1** Unless otherwise determined by ordinary resolution, the number of Directors shall not be subject to any maximum but shall not be less than three.

**17.2** A Director may not appoint an alternate director or anyone to act on their behalf at meetings of the Directors.

## **18. POWERS OF DIRECTORS**

**18.1** Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Articles and any special resolution, the Directors shall be responsible for the management of the Charity's business and may exercise all the powers of the Charity for that purpose. Each Director shall also be appointed as or be considered as a Charity Trustee and shall be registered with the Charity Commission accordingly.

**18.2** No alteration of the Articles or any special resolution shall invalidate any prior act of the Directors.

**18.3** A meeting of the Directors at which a quorum is present may exercise all the powers exercisable by the Directors.

## **19. APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS**

**19.1** Any person who is willing to act as a Director, and who is permitted by law to do so, may be appointed to be a Director by:

19.1.1 ordinary resolution; or

19.1.2 by resolution of the Directors.

**19.2** In any case where, as a result of death, the Charity has no General Members and no Directors, the personal representatives of the last General Member to have died have the right, by notice in writing, to appoint a person to be a Director.

**19.3** For the purposes of Article 19.2, where two or more General Members die in circumstances rendering it uncertain who was the last to die, a younger General Member is deemed to have survived an older General Member.

**19.4** Where a maximum number of Directors has been fixed, the appointment of a Director must not cause that number to be exceeded.

## **20. RETIREMENT OF DIRECTORS**

**20.1** At every annual general meeting the following Directors shall retire from office, but may, subject to this article 20, offer themselves for reappointment by the General Members:

20.1.1 one-third, or, if their number is not divisible by three, the number nearest to one-third, of the Directors who are to retire by rotation under article 20.2; and

20.1.2 any Director appointed under article 19.1.2 since the previous annual general meeting.

**20.2** The Directors to retire by rotation shall be those who have been longest in office since their last appointment or reappointment. As between persons who were appointed or last reappointed on the same day, those to retire shall (unless they agree otherwise among themselves) be determined by drawing lots. A Director appointed under article 19.1.2 shall not be taken into account in determining the Directors who are to retire by rotation.

**20.3** Other than a Director retiring under article 20.1.1, no person may be appointed a Director at any general meeting unless:

20.3.1 that person is recommended by the Directors; or

20.3.2 not less than 14 nor more than 35 clear days before the date of the meeting, the Charity has received a notice, signed by a General Member entitled to vote at the meeting, which:

(a) indicates the General Member's intention to propose the appointment of a person as a Director;

(b) states the details of that person which, if they were appointed, would be required to be recorded in the Charity's register of Directors; and

- (c) is signed by the person to be proposed to show their willingness to be appointed.

**20.4** All those who are entitled to receive notice of a general meeting and vote thereat shall, not less than seven nor more than 28 clear days before the date of the meeting, be given notice of any proposal to appoint or reappoint a Director at the meeting, whether on the recommendation of the Directors or because the Charity has received notice, pursuant to article 20.3.2, of a General Member's intention to propose an appointment. The requirement to give notice under this article 20.4 shall not apply in the case of a Director who is to retire by rotation and seek reappointment.

**20.5** No Director shall serve for more than ten consecutive years, unless the Directors consider it would be in the best interests of the Charity for a particular Director to continue to serve beyond that period and that Director is reappointed in accordance with the Articles.

**20.6** If a Director is required to retire at an annual general meeting by a provision of the Articles the retirement shall take effect upon the conclusion of the meeting.

## **21. DISQUALIFICATION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS**

A Director shall cease to hold office if they:

**21.1** are removed by ordinary resolution of the Charity pursuant to the Act;

**21.2** cease to be a Director by virtue of any provision in the Act or are prohibited by law from being a Director;

**21.3** are disqualified from acting as a charity trustee by virtue of the Charities Act;

**21.4** have a bankruptcy order made against them or a composition is made with their creditors generally in satisfaction of their debts;

**21.5** in the written opinion of a registered medical practitioner who is treating the Director, have become physically or mentally incapable of acting as a director and may remain so for more than three months;

**21.6** resign by written notice to the Charity, provided that at least two Directors will remain in office once the resignation takes effect or

**21.7** are absent from all the meetings of the Directors held within a period of six consecutive months, without the permission of the Directors, and the Directors resolve that their office be vacated; or

**21.8** are removed from office by a resolution of the Directors that it is in the best interests of the Charity that their office be vacated passed at a meeting at which at least half of the Directors are present. Such a resolution must not be passed unless:

21.8.1 the Director has been given at least 14 clear days' notice in writing of the meeting of the Directors at which the resolution will be proposed and the reasons why it will be proposed; and

21.8.2 the Director has been given a reasonable opportunity to make representations to the meeting either in person or in writing. The other

Directors must consider any representations made by the Director (or the Director's representative) and inform the Director of their decision following such consideration. There shall be no right of appeal from a decision of the Directors to terminate the Directorship of a Director.

## **22. PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS**

**22.1** Subject to the provisions of the Articles, the Directors may regulate their proceedings as they think fit. A meeting of the Directors shall also be considered as a meeting of the Trustees of the Charity.

**22.2** Acts done by a meeting of the Directors or of a committee or by a person acting as a Director shall not be invalidated by the subsequent realisation that:

22.2.1 the appointment of any such Director or person acting as a Director was defective; or

22.2.2 any or all of them were disqualified; or

22.2.3 any or all of them were not entitled to vote on the matter.

## **23. CALLING A DIRECTORS' MEETING**

**23.1** Any Director may call a meeting of the Directors by giving notice of the meeting to the Directors or by authorising the company secretary (if any) to give such notice.

**23.2** Notice of a meeting of the Directors must be given to each Director, but need not be in writing. The notice must specify:

23.2.1 the time, date and place of the meeting;

23.2.2 the general particulars of the business to be considered at the meeting; and

23.2.3 if it is anticipated that the Directors participating in the meeting will not be in the same place, how it is proposed that they should communicate with each other during the meeting.

## **24. PARTICIPATION IN DIRECTORS' MEETINGS**

**24.1** Any Director may participate in a meeting of the Directors in person or by means of video conference, telephone or any suitable electronic means agreed by the Directors and by which all those participating in the meeting are able to communicate with all other participants.

**24.2** If all the Directors participating in the meeting are not in the same place, they may decide that the meeting is to be treated as taking place wherever any of them is.

## **25. QUORUM FOR DIRECTORS' MEETINGS**

**25.1** The quorum for Directors' meetings may be fixed from time to time by a decision of the Directors, provided it shall not be less than two and, unless otherwise fixed, it is two.

**25.2** At a Directors' meeting, unless a quorum is participating, no proposal is to be voted on, except a proposal to call another meeting.

**25.3** If the total number of Directors for the time being is less than the quorum required for decision-making by the Directors, the Directors shall not take any decision other than a decision to:

25.3.1 appoint further Directors; or

25.3.2 call a general meeting so as to enable the members to appoint further Directors.

## **26. CHAIRING DIRECTORS' MEETINGS**

**26.1** The Directors shall appoint one of their number as chair of Directors and may determine the length of term for which the chair of Directors is to serve in that office, although that term may be renewed or extended. On the same basis, the Directors may also appoint one of their number as vice-chair of Directors.

**26.2** If at any meeting of the Directors neither the chair nor vice-chair of Directors, if any, is participating in the meeting within ten minutes of the time at which it was to start, the participating Directors must appoint one of themselves to chair the meeting.

**26.3** The Directors may terminate the appointment of a chair or any vice-chair of Directors at any time.

## **27. DECISION-MAKING BY DIRECTORS**

**27.1** The general rule about decision-making by Directors is that any decision of the Directors must be either a majority decision at a meeting or a decision taken in accordance with Article 28.

**27.2** Each Director has one vote on each matter to be decided, except for the chair of the meeting who, in the event of an equality of votes, shall have a second or casting vote (unless, in accordance with the Articles, the chair of the meeting is not to be counted as participating in the decision-making process for quorum or voting purposes).

## **28. UNANIMOUS DECISIONS BY DIRECTORS**

**28.1** A decision of the Directors is taken in accordance with this Article when all eligible directors indicate to each other by any means that they share a common view on a matter.

**28.2** Such a decision may take the form of a resolution in writing, copies of which have been signed by each eligible Director or to which each eligible Director has otherwise indicated agreement in writing.

**28.3** References in this article to eligible Directors are to Directors who would have been entitled to vote on the matter had it been proposed as a resolution at a Directors' meeting.

**28.4** A decision may not be taken in accordance with this Article if the eligible Directors would not have formed a quorum at such a meeting.

## **29. DELEGATION BY DIRECTORS**

**29.1** The Directors may delegate, on such terms of reference as they think fit, any of their powers or functions to any committee comprising two or more Directors.

**29.2** The Directors may delegate the implementation of their decisions or day-to-day management of the affairs of the Charity to any person or committee.

**29.3** Any committee appointed by the Directors shall at all times be subservient to the board of Directors and may at any time be dissolved by the Board of Directors. The terms of reference of a committee. may include conditions imposed by the Directors, including that:

29.3.1 the relevant powers are to be exercised exclusively by the committee to whom the Directors delegate; and

29.3.2 no expenditure or liability may be incurred on behalf of the Charity except where approved by the Directors or in accordance with a budget previously agreed by the Directors.

**29.4** Persons who are not Directors may be appointed as members of a committee, subject to the approval of the Directors.

**29.5** Every committee shall act in accordance with the terms of reference on which powers or functions are delegated to it and, subject to that, committees shall follow procedures which are based as far as they are applicable on those provisions of the Articles which govern the taking of decisions by Directors.

**29.6** The terms of any delegation to a committee shall be recorded in the minute book.

**29.7** The Directors may revoke or alter a delegation.

**29.8** All acts and proceedings of any committee shall be fully and promptly reported to the Directors.

## **30. CONFLICTS OF INTERESTS**

**30.1** A Director must declare the nature and extent of any interest, direct or indirect, which they have in a proposed transaction or arrangement with the Charity or in any transaction or arrangement entered into by the Charity which has not previously been declared.

**30.2** A Director must absent themselves from any discussions of the Directors in which it is possible that a conflict will arise between their duty to act solely in the interests of the Charity and any personal interest (including, but not limited to, any personal financial interest).

**30.3** If a conflict of interests arises for a Director because of a duty of loyalty owed to another organisation or person and the conflict is not authorised by virtue of any other provision in the Articles, the un-conflicted directors may authorise such a conflict of interests where the following conditions apply:

30.3.1 the conflicted director is absent from the part of the meeting at which there is discussion of any arrangement or transaction affecting that other organisation or person;



30.3.2 the conflicted director does not vote on any such matter and is not to be counted when considering whether a quorum of directors is present at the meeting; and

30.3.3 the un-conflicted directors consider it is in the interests of the charity to authorise the conflict of interests in the circumstances applying.

In this article 30.3 a conflict of interests arising because of a duty of loyalty owed to another organisation or person only refers to such a conflict which does not involve a direct or indirect benefit of any nature to a director or to a connected person.

## **31. SECRETARY**

**31.1** The Directors may appoint any person who is willing to act as the secretary for such term at such remuneration and on such conditions as the Directors think fit. From time to time the Directors may decide to remove such person and to appoint a replacement.

**31.2** A secretary who is also a Director may not be remunerated, otherwise than as permitted by these Articles.

## **32. MINUTES**

The Directors shall cause the Charity to keep the following records in writing and in permanent form:

**32.1** minutes of proceedings at general meetings;

**32.2** minutes of meetings of the Directors and of committees of the Directors, including the names of the Directors present at each such meeting;

**32.3** copies of resolutions of the Charity and of the Directors, including those passed otherwise than at general meetings or at meetings of the Directors; and

**32.4** particulars of appointments of officers made by the Directors.

## **33. SEAL**

**33.1** The seal, if any, may only be used by the authority of the Directors or of a committee of the Directors authorised by the Directors.

**33.2** The Directors may determine by what means and in what form the seal is to be used.

**33.3** Unless otherwise decided by the Directors, if the seal is affixed to a document, the document must also be signed by at least one authorised person in the presence of a witness who attests the signature.

**33.4** For the purposes of this Article, an authorised person is:

33.4.1 any Director;

33.4.2 the secretary (if any); or

33.4.3 any person authorised by the Directors for the purpose of signing documents to which the seal is applied.]

## **34. RECORDS AND ACCOUNTS**

**34.1** The Directors shall comply with the requirements of the Act and the Charities Act as to maintaining a Members' register, keeping financial records, the audit or examination of accounts and the preparation and transmission to the Registrar of Companies and the Charity Commission of:

34.1.1 annual reports;

34.1.2 annual returns; and

34.1.3 annual statements of account.

**34.2** Accounting records relating to the Charity must be made available for inspection by any Directors at any reasonable time during normal office hours.

**34.3** A copy of the Charity's latest available statement of account shall be supplied on request to any Director or Member, or to any other person who makes a written request and pays the Charity's reasonable costs of fulfilling the request, within two months of such request.

## **35. COMMUNICATIONS**

**35.1** The Charity may deliver a notice or other document to a Member:

35.1.1 by delivering it by hand to the address recorded for the Member in the register of Members;

35.1.2 by sending it by post or other delivery service in an envelope (with postage or delivery paid) to an address recorded for the Member in the register of Members;

35.1.3 by fax to a fax number notified by the Member in writing;

35.1.4 by electronic mail to an address notified by the Member in writing;

35.1.5 by a website, the address of which shall be notified to the Member in writing; or by advertisement in at least two national newspapers.

**35.2** This Article does not affect provisions in any relevant legislation or the Articles requiring notices or documents to be delivered in a particular way.

**35.3** If a notice or document is delivered by hand, it is treated as being delivered at the time it is handed to or left for the Member.

**35.4** If a notice or document is sent:

35.4.1 by post or other delivery service in accordance with article 35.1.2, it is treated as being delivered:

(a) 24 hours after it was posted, if first class post was used; or

- (b) 72 hours after it was posted or given to delivery agents, if first class post was not used;

provided it can be proved conclusively that a notice or document was delivered by post or other delivery service by showing that the envelope containing the notice or document was:

- (c) properly addressed; and
- (d) put into the post system or given to delivery agents with postage or delivery paid.

35.4.2 by fax, it is treated as being delivered at the time it was sent;

35.4.3 by electronic mail, it is treated as being delivered at the time it was sent;

35.4.4 by a website, it is treated as being delivered when the material was first made available on the website, or if later, when the recipient received (or is deemed to have received) notice of the fact that the material was available on the website.

For the purposes of this article, no account shall be taken of any part of a day that is not a Business Day.

**35.5** If a notice is given by advertisement, it is treated as being delivered at midday on the day when the last advertisement appears in the newspapers.

## **36. IRREGULARITIES**

The proceedings of any meeting or the taking of any poll or the passing of a written resolution or the making of any decision shall not be invalidated by reason of any accidental- informality or irregularity (including by accidental omission to give or any non-receipt of notice) or want of qualification in any of the persons present or voting or by reason of any business being considered which is not specified in the notice.

## **37. INDEMNITY**

**37.1** Subject to article 37.2, but without prejudice to any indemnity to which they may otherwise be entitled:

37.1.1 every Director or former director of the Charity shall be indemnified out of the assets of the Charity in relation to any liability they incur in that capacity; and

37.1.2 every other officer or former officer of the Charity may be indemnified out of the assets of the Charity in relation to any liability they incur in that capacity.

**37.2** This Article does not authorise any indemnity to the extent that such indemnity would be prohibited or rendered void by any provision of the Act or by any other provision of law and any such indemnity is limited accordingly.

## **38. RULES**

**38.1** The Directors may from time to time establish such rules as they may consider necessary for or conducive to the effective operation of the Charity. In particular, but without prejudice to the generality of the above, such rules may regulate:

- 38.1.1 the admission of Members of the Charity, their rights and privileges and other conditions of membership;
- 38.1.2 the conduct of Members in relation to one another and to the Charity's employees and volunteers; and
- 38.1.3 the procedure at general meetings and meetings of the Directors and committees to the extent that such procedure is not regulated by the Act or by the Articles.

**38.2** The Charity in general meeting may alter, add to or repeal the rules by special resolution.

The rules shall be binding on all Members and no rule shall be inconsistent with or shall affect or repeal anything contained in the Articles.