Registration number 06766829

Hermex International Limited

Abbreviated accounts

for the year ended 31 May 2010

MONDAY

A26

21/02/2011 COMPANIES HOUSE

123

Contents

	Page
Auditors' report	1
Abbreviated balance sheet	2
Notes to the financial statements	3-6

Independent auditors' report to Hermex International Limited under Section 449 of the Companies Act 2006

We have examined the abbreviated accounts set out on pages 2 to 6 together with the financial statements of Hermex International Limited for the year ended 31 May 2010 prepared under Section 396 of the Companies Act 2006

This report is made solely to the company, in accordance with Section 449 of the Companies Act 2006. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company those matters we are required to state to it in a special auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of the directors and the auditors

The directors are responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts to the Registrar of Companies and whether the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with the regulations made under that section and to report our opinion to you

Basis of opinion

We conducted our work in accordance with Bulletin 2008/4 "The special auditor's report on abbreviated accounts in the United Kingdom" issued by the Auditing Practices Board. In accordance with that Bulletin we have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts to be delivered are properly prepared.

Opinion

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Section 444(3) of the Companies Act 2006, and the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with those provisions

Ted Bansal (senior statutory auditor) For and on behalf of Jamen Jones

Chartered Accountants and

Registered Auditors

Burol

77 Manor Way North Harrow Middlesex HA2 6BZ

15 February 2011

Abbreviated balance sheet as at 31 May 2010

		2010		2009	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		1,443		-
Current assets					
Debtors		23,707		-	
Cash at bank and in hand		15,022		1	
		38,729		1	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year		(51,098)			
Net current (liabilities)/assets			(12,369)		1
Total assets less current					
lıabilitıes			(10,926)		1
Creditors: amounts falling due					
after more than one year			(140,730)		-
Provisions for liabilities			31,047		-
Net (lıabilities)/assets			(120,609)		1
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	4		100		1
Profit and loss account	-		(120,709)		
					
Shareholders' funds	5		(120,609)		1

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 and the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008) relating to small companies

The abbreviated accounts were approved by the Board on 15 February 2011 and signed on its behalf by

Peter Garland-Collins

Director

Jonathan King FCCA

Director

Registration number 06766829

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to the abbreviated financial statements for the year ended 31 May 2010

1. Accounting policies

1.1. Accounting convention

The accounts are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008)

1.2. Turnover

Turnover represents profit earned between the purchasing and reselling of foreign exchange currencies on behalf of the Company's clients.

1.3. Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows

Plant and machinery

25% straight line

Fixtures, fittings

and equipment

25% straight line

1.4. Segregated Funds

Under the Payment Service Regulations 2009, the company has voluntarily segregated all funds due to customers from its own accounts. The company has excluded these segregated funds from its own company accounts. Funds held on forward contracts are included within Other debtors and not considered Customers funds.

Notes to the abbreviated financial statements for the year ended 31 May 2010

continued

1.5. Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax, with the following exceptions

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold,

Provision is made for deferred tax that would arise on remittance of the retained earnings of overseas subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, dividends have been accrued as receivable,

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date

1.6. Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange prevailing at the accounting date. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the date of the transactions. All differences are taken to the Profit and Loss account.

1.7. Going concern

The directors consider the use of the going concern basis of accounting is appropriate because there are no material uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt about the ability of the company to continue as a going concern

2. Auditors' remuneration

	2010 £	2009 £
Auditors' remuneration - audit of the financial statements	2,500	

Notes to the abbreviated financial statements for the year ended 31 May 2010

continued

Net proceeds of equity share issue

Net addition to shareholders' funds Opening shareholders' funds

Closing shareholders' funds

3.	Fixed assets		Tangible fixed assets £
	Cost Additions		1,924
	At 31 May 2010		1,924
	Depreciation Charge for year		481
	At 31 May 2010		481
	Net book values At 31 May 2010		1,443
4.	Share capital	2010 £	2009 £
	Authorised 1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid 100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	1
	Equity Shares 100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	1
	On 28 May 2010 the compnay issued a further 99 Ordinary shares of £1 working capital	each to prov	vide addtional
5.	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds	2010 £	2009 £
	(Loss)/profit for the year	(120,709)	-

(120,610)

(120,609)

Notes to the abbreviated financial statements for the year ended 31 May 2010

continued

6. Related party transactions

Peter Garland-Collins was appointed as a director after the year end and the only shareholder of Hermex International Limited There were no transactions that would be considered as related party transactions, besides the loans that this director made to the Company, which is included in Creditors falling due after more than one year.

7. Controlling interest

Peter Garland-Collins has the controlling interest owning 99 of the 100 issued share capital. After the year end the remaining share was transferred to him

8. Going concern

The company's liabilities exceeded its nets assets by £120,609. The company is therefore reliant on the support of its creditors. The long term creditors have confirmed their financial support to the company. The long term creditors have confirmed that they will not be withdrawing amounts due to them for a period of three years from the balance sheet date and only when the company has surplus accumulated distributable reserves. The sole shareholder has also given an undertaking to the company to provide additional funds should the need arise. The company is confident that the need will not arise. This indicates that the company should be able to meet current liabilities as they fall due. In the circumstances the directors consider the use of the going concern basis of accounting is appropriate because there are no material uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt about the ability of the company to continue as a going concern.