Shed Media Scotland Limited
Report and Financial Statements
30 June 2017



Company registration number: 06750831

Directors R Goes W A Ogilvie

Registered Office Warner House 98 Theobald's Road London WC1X 8WB

Auditor Ernst & Young LLP 1 More London Place London SE1 2AF

Banker Barclays Bank PLC 8/9 Hanover Square London W1A 4ZW

#### **Directors' report**

Company registration number: 06750831

The directors present their annual report on the affairs of Shed Media Scotland Limited ("the company") together with the financial statements for the period ended 30 June 2017.

#### Results and dividends

The profit after taxation for the 18 month period amounted to £80,000 (2015 - loss of £719,000).

Dividends of £79,677 were paid during the period (2015 - £nil).

#### Principal activity

The principal activity of the company during the period was the production and exploitation of television and digital programmes. After the period end, the

company ceased to produce and exploit television and digital programmes.

The company has changed its accounting period from the 31 December 2016 to the 30 June 2017, to capture the final period of current activity. An 18 month period of accounts is reported, the comparative period is for the year ended December 2015.

#### Capital reduction

On 30 November 2016 the company approved the reduction of its share capital by cancelling and extinguishing 1,026,000 issued ordinary shares of £1 each, this was then formally completed on 9 December.

#### Going concern

As mentioned above, the company has ceased to carry out its previous principle activity. However, on the basis of their assessment of the company's financial position, the company's directors have a reasonable expectation that the company will be able to continue in existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

#### Directors '

Except as noted below, the following were the directors of the company who served throughout the period and who are still directors at the date of this report.

N Emmerson (resigned 30 April 2017)

C Hungate (resigned 18 July 2017)

P Campbell-White (resigned 29 September 2017)

R Goes (appointed 2 August 2017)

W A Ogilvie (appointed 24 May 2017)

The Articles of Association do not require directors to retire either by rotation or in the year of appointment.

## Directors qualifying third party indemnity provisions

The company may indemnify one or more directors of the company against liability in respect of proceedings brought by third parties, subject to the conditions set out in the Companies Act 2006 and the company may purchase insurance for this purpose. Time Warner Inc. has purchased a directors and officers liability insurance policy for the benefit of the company and its directors and such policy was in force during the year and is in force as at the date of approving the Directors' Report.

## Disclosure of information to the auditor

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

• so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and

• the director has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of section 418 of the Companies Act 2006.

Pursuant to section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed to be reappointed and Ernst & Young LLP will continue in office.

In preparing the directors' Report, the Directors have taken advantage of the small companies' exemption under section 415(A) of the Companies Act 2006. The directors have also taken the exemption under section 414(B) not to prepare a Strategic Report.

On behalf of the Board

W A Ogilvie

## Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently; and
- · make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

## Independent auditor's report

## to the members of Shed Media Scotland Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Shed Media Scotland Limited for the period ended 30 June 2017 which comprise the Statement of comprehensive income, the Statement of changes in equity, the Statement of financial position and the related notes 1 to 12. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

#### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-innancial information in the Report and Financial Statements to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

#### Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2017 and of its profit for the period then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

## Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion; based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial period for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.
- The Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

## Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have identified no material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemption from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report and take advantage of the small companies' exemption in preparing the Directors' Report.

Kind Houng Lev Neil Cullum (Sénior statutory auditor)

For and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP, Statutory Auditor

London

7/3/2018

Statement of comprehensive income for the period ended 30 June 2017

			Notes	18 months ended 30 June 2017 £'000	Year ended 31 December 2015 £:000
Turnover	· . ·	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	. 2		19
Cost of sales	•			80	. (83)
Gross profit/(loss)				80	(64)
Administrative expenses Exceptional items:					(11)
Provision against intercompany receivable	· .				(659)
Profit/(Loss) on ordinary activities before taxation	:		3	. 80	(734)
Taxation on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities			6		15
Profit/(Loss) for the financial period/year				80	(719)

There is no difference between profit for the financial period and total comprehensive income for the period, and accordingly no separate statement of comprehensive income has been presented.

# Statement of changes in equity for the period ended 30 June 2017

•	Notes	Share capital £'000	Profit and loss account £'000	Total shareholder's funds/(deficit) £'000
At 1 January 2015 Loss for the financial year		•	(307) (719)	(307) (719)
At 31 December 2015			(1,026)	(1,026)
At 1 January 2016 Profit for the financial period		•	(1,026) 80	(1,026)
Shares issued Capital reduction Dividends	9 9 10	1,026 (1,026)	1,026 (80)	1,026
At 30 June 2017			• • •	

# Statement of financial position at 30 June 2017

		Notes	30 June 2017 £'000	31 December 2015 £'000
current assets	•		, -	• ,
Debtors Cash at bank and in hand		7		144 2
			-	146
reditors: amounts falling due within one year	•	8		(1,172)
let liabilities		•	· -	(1,026)
capital and reserves Called up share capital Profit and loss account		9 ;	•	(1,026)
otal shareholder's deficit			•	(1,026)

Approved by the Board and signed on its behalf by:

W A Ógilvie

Director

Date

6.3.18

## Notes to the financial statements at 30 June 2017

#### 1 Accounting policies

### a) Statement of compliance

Shed Media Scotland Limited is a limited liability company incorporated in England & Wales. The Registered Office is 98 Theobald's Road, London, WC1X 8WB.

The company's financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102 as it applies to the financial statements of the company for the period ended 30 June 2017.

#### b) Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 and with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling which is the functional currency of the company and rounded to the nearest £'000.

The company has changed its accounting period from the 31st December 2016 to the 30th of June 2017, an 18 month period of accounts is reported, the comparative period is for the year ended December 2015.

### Going concern

The company has ceased to carry out its previous principle activity. However, on the basis of their assessment of the company's financial position, the company's directors have a reasonable expectation that the company will be able to continue in existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

#### Statement of cash flows

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS 102.1.12(b) Reduced disclosures for subsidiaries. A statement of cashflows has not been prepared as the company is a member of a group where the parent, Time Warner Inc., prepares publicly available consolidated financial statements and the company is included in the consolidation (see note 12).

## Related parties

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS 102.1.12(e) Reduced disclosures for subsidiaries. Key management remuneration has not been disclosed as the company is a member of a group where the parent, Time Warner Inc., prepares publicly available consolidated financial statements and the company is included in the consolidation (see note 12).

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS 102.33.1A not to disclose related party transactions with fellow wholly-owned subsidiary undertakings of Time Warner Inc., which prepares publicly available consolidated financial statements (see note 12).

## c) Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported for assets and liabilities as at the statement of financial position date and the amounts reported for revenues and expenses during the year. However, the nature of estimation means that actual outcomes could differ from those estimates. The following judgements (apart from those involving estimates) have had the most significant effect on amounts recognised in the financial statements.

## Taxation

The company recognises liabilities for anticipated uncertain corporation tax positions based on reasonable estimates of whether additional taxes will be due and the timing of those additional taxes. Further details are contained in Note 6.

Management estimation is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon likely timing and level of future taxable profits.

## Notes to the financial statements at 30 June 2017

## d) Significant accounting policies

#### Turnova

Turnover represents amounts receivable for work carried out in producing television programmes and distribution income on licensing formats and completed programmes available to third parties.

Production income is recognised on episodic delivery of programmes in the year.

Distribution income represents license fees receivable from both Time Warner group companies and third parties. Amounts recognised in the statement of comprehensive income include withholding tax but exclude Value Added Tax. Distribution income is recognised based on statements received from distributors.

#### Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised without discounting in respect of all timing differences which are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income that arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that they are considered recoverable against future taxable profits.

#### Government grants

Government grants are received for revenue expenditure and are netted against the cost incurred by the company in general administrative expenses. The retention of the grant is dependant on the company satisfying certain criteria. When the criteria for retention have been satisfied, the income is recognised in the profit and loss account.

#### 2 Turnove

The company's turnover was derived from its principal activity wholly undertaken in the Untied Kingdom.

## 3 Profit/(Loss) on ordinary activities before taxation

Provision against intercompany receivable

This is stated after charging:

Year ended	18 months ended 30 June	
2015	2017	
€,000	£,000	
659		

Audit fees for the current and prior period/year were borne by a fellow group undertaking.

## 4 Directors' remuneration

Exceptional items:

The directors of the company are also directors of, and are paid by, other companies in the group in the current and prior year. They have minimal qualifying services to the company and receive no remuneration in respect of the company.

## 5 Staff costs

			18 months ended 30 June	Year ended 31 December
			2017 £'000	2015
Wages and salaries Social security costs	  			8
		•	-	9

The average monthly number of employees during the period was 0 (2015 - 1), all of whom were engaged in management and administration.

# Notes to the financial statements at 30 June 2017

axation on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities  The charge/(credit) is made up as follows:  Current tax:  Group relief receipts  Total current tax  Enterred tax:  Origination and reversal of timing differences  Total deferred tax  Intervel	18 months ended 30 June 2017 £'000	Year end 31 Decemb 20 £'0 (
Group relief receipts otal current tax  efferred tax: Origination and reversal of timing differences otal deferred tax  fotal deferred tax   fotal tax on loss on ordinary activities (note b below)  Circumstances affecting the total tax charge the standard rate of current tax for the period, based on the UK standard rate of corporation tax is 19.83% (2015 - 20) the tax charge for the period differs from the standard rate for the reasons in the reconciliation below:	30 June 2017	31 Decemb 20 £'0 (
Group relief receipts otal current tax  efferred tax: Origination and reversal of timing differences otal deferred tax  fotal deferred tax   fotal tax on loss on ordinary activities (note b below)  Circumstances affecting the total tax charge the standard rate of current tax for the period, based on the UK standard rate of corporation tax is 19.83% (2015 - 20) the tax charge for the period differs from the standard rate for the reasons in the reconciliation below:	30 June 2017	31 Decemb 20 £'0 (
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Circumstances affecting the total tax charge     The standard rate of current tax for the period, based on the UK standard rate of corporation tax is 19.83% (2015 - 20)   The tax charge for the period differs from the standard rate for the reasons in the reconciliation below:   Profit/(Loss) on ordinary activities before tax		
Circumstances affecting the total tax charge     The standard rate of current tax for the period, based on the UK standard rate of corporation tax is 19.83% (2015 - 20)   The tax charge for the period differs from the standard rate for the reasons in the reconciliation below:   Profit/(Loss) on ordinary activities before tax		
Circumstances affecting the total tax charge     The standard rate of current tax for the period, based on the UK standard rate of corporation tax is 19.83% (2015 - 20)   The tax charge for the period differs from the standard rate for the reasons in the reconciliation below:   Profit/(Loss) on ordinary activities before tax	•	
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rofit/(Loss) on ordinary activities before tax =		
=	•	
=		
=	18 months ended	` Year end
=	30 June	· 31 Decem
=	2017	21 Decem
=	5,000	ξ'
=	. 2000	
=	80	(7
ax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities at standard rate		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
ax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities at standard rate	•	
	16	(1
actors affecting the tax charge:		
Disallowable expenses		1
Group relief for nil consideration		
-	(16)	

## Notes to the financial statements at 30 June 2017

## 6 Taxation on profit on ordinary activities (continued)

c) Factors affecting future tax charges

The Finance Act 2013 included legislation to reduce the main rate of corporation tax from 21% to 20% from 1 April 2015.

The Finance (No. 2) Act 2015, enacted on 18 November 2015, and the Finance Act 2016, enacted on 15 September 2016, included two changes to the future mainstream corporation tax rate. From 1 April 2017 the rate will reduce from 20% to 19% and from 1 April 2020 the rate will reduce further to 17%.

It is not yet possible to quantify the impact of this rate change upon current tax.

7 Debtors	•			
•			30 June 3	1 December
			2017	2015
		•	5,000	5,000
		•	•	
Amounts owed by group undertakings	•		· •	123
Group Relief Recievable			÷	. 21
•				
			-	144
		<u>,</u>		
8 Creditors: amounts falling due within one	e vear		•	
	•		30 June 3	1 December-
•			2017	2015
	•		5.000	5,000
	*			•
Accruals and deferred income	•	•	·	86
Amounts owed to group undertakings				1,086
		•	<del></del>	<del></del>
	,		· '-	1,172
•	•		<del></del>	<del></del>

## Notes to the financial statements at 30 June 2017

#### 9 Called up share capital

		*	·	ssued, allotted, calle	d up and fully paid	
	•		30 June	30 June	31 December	31 December
. •	•		2017	2017	2015	2015
	•	*	Number	0003	Number	0003
Ordinary shares of £1 each			1	•	1	.=
			- 1		1	•

On the 3 August 2016 the company issued 1,026,000 ordinary shares of £1 each, these were allotted and fully paid on this date.

On 30 November 2016 the company approved the reduction of its share capital by cancelling and extinguishing 1,026,000 issued ordinary shares of £1 each, this was then formally completed on 9 December.

## 10 Dividends

	,	
	18 months	
Year ended	ended	
31 December	30 June	
2015	2017	
£,000	000'3	
	80	• •

An ordinary dividend of £80,000 per ordinary share was paid during the period (2015 - £0 per ordinary share)

## 11 Contingent liability

Ordinary dividends paid

In 2017 the company entered into a group composite accounting agreement with its bankers. The terms of the agreement permit the bankers, without notice, to draw down funds deposited into the system, and to offset borrowings drawn down from the system by other group members who are also parties to these arrangements. At the statement of financial position date, funds deposited by the company into the system, and potentially at risk to cover liabilities elsewhere in the group, amounted to £nil (2015 - £3,000).

## 12 Ultimate parent undertaking

The company's immediate parent undertaking is Shed Media Limited.

At 30 June 2017, Time Warner Inc., a company incorporated in the United States of America, was the ultimate parent undertaking and the parent undertaking of the smallest and largest group of undertakings of which the company is a member and for which group financial statements are drawn up. Copies of Time Warner Inc.'s financial statements can be obtained from One Time Warner Center, New York, NY 10019, USA.