

Registered number: 06725227

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**ESSEX EQUIPMENT SERVICES LTD**

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**DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**



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**ESSEX EQUIPMENT SERVICES LTD**

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**COMPANY INFORMATION**

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<b>Director</b>	K Lynch
<b>Company secretary</b>	Essex Legal Services Limited
<b>Registered number</b>	06725227
<b>Registered office</b>	Seax House Victoria Road South Chelmsford Essex CM1 1QH
<b>Independent auditor</b>	Grant Thornton UK LLP Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor Priory Place New London Road Chelmsford Essex CM2 0PP

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**ESSEX EQUIPMENT SERVICES LTD**

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**ESSEX EQUIPMENT SERVICES LTD**

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**DIRECTORS' REPORT  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**

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The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021.

**Directors**

The directors who served during the year were:

K Lynch

P J Martin (resigned 31 August 2020)

**Directors' responsibilities statement**

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law, including FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

**Disabled employees**

Applications for employment by disabled persons are given full and fair consideration for all vacancies in accordance with their particular aptitudes and abilities. In the event of employees becoming disabled, every effort is made to retrain them in order that their employment with the company may continue.

It is the policy of the company that training, career development and promotion opportunities should be available to all employees. The entity is an equal opportunities employer.

**Disclosure of information to auditor**

The directors confirm that:

- so far as each director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- the directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

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**ESSEX EQUIPMENT SERVICES LTD**

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**DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**

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**Auditor**

The auditor, Grant Thornton UK LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

**Small companies note**

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board on 24/3/2022 and signed on its behalf.



**K Lynch**  
Director



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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ESSEX EQUIPMENT SERVICES LTD

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### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Essex Equipment Services Ltd (the 'company') for the year ended 31 March 2021, which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Financial Position and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2021 and of its result for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the 'Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements' section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



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**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ESSEX EQUIPMENT SERVICES LTD  
(CONTINUED)**

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**Conclusions relating to going concern**

We are responsible for concluding on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify the auditor's opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

In our evaluation of the directors' conclusions, we considered the inherent risks associated with the Company's business model including effects arising from macro-economic uncertainties such as Brexit and Covid-19, we assessed and challenged the reasonableness of estimates made by the directors and the related disclosures and analysed how those risks might affect the Company's financial resources or ability to continue operations over the going concern period.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

The responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the 'Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements' section of this report.

**Other information**

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual report, other than the financial statements and our Auditor's Report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.



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**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ESSEX EQUIPMENT SERVICES LTD  
(CONTINUED)**

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**Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006**

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

**Matter on which we are required to report under the Companies Act 2006**

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

**Matters on which we are required to report by exception**

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the Directors' Report and from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report.

**Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements**

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.





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**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ESSEX EQUIPMENT SERVICES LTD  
(CONTINUED)**

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**Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditor's Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: [www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities](http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities). This description forms part of our Auditor's Report.

**Explanation as to what extent the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud**

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that material misstatements in the financial statements may not be detected, even though the audit is properly planned and performed in accordance with the ISAs (UK).

The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

- We enquired of management concerning the Company's policies and procedures relating to:
  - The identification, evaluation and compliance with laws and regulations;
  - The detection and response to the risks of fraud; and
  - The establishment of internal controls to mitigate risks related to fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations
- The group of which the Company is a part is subject to many laws and regulations where the consequences of non-compliance could have a material effect on amounts or disclosures in the financial statements. We identified the following laws and regulations as the most likely to have a material effect if non-compliance were to occur: United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice ("UK GAAP"), the Companies Act 2006, United Kingdom Corporation Tax legislation, anti-bribery legislation, GDPR, employment law and CQC (Care quality commission) regulations.
- We assessed the susceptibility of the Company's financial statements to material misstatement, including how fraud might occur, by evaluating management's incentives and opportunities for manipulation of the financial statements. This included an evaluation of the risk of management override of controls. We determined that the principal risks were in relation to:
  - Potential management bias in determining accounting estimates, especially in relation to the defined benefit pension scheme assumptions; and;
  - Transactions with related parties.
- These audit procedures were designed to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements were free from fraud or error. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error and detecting irregularities that result from fraud is inherently more difficult than detecting those that result from error, as fraud may involve collusion, deliberate concealment,



**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ESSEX EQUIPMENT SERVICES LTD  
(CONTINUED)**

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forgery or intentional misrepresentations. Also, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely we would become aware of it.

- The Company's management have not communicated to the audit team any matters of non-compliance with laws and regulations or fraud and no such matters were identified by the audit team.
- Assessment of the appropriateness of the collective competence and capabilities of the engagement team included consideration of the engagement team's:
  - understanding of, and practical experience with audit engagements of a similar nature and complexity through appropriate training and participation;
  - knowledge of the industry in which the client operates; and
  - understanding of the legal and regulatory requirements specific to the entity including, the provisions of the applicable legislation, the regulator's rules and related guidance, including guidance issued by relevant authorities that interprets those rules and the applicable statutory provisions.

**Use of our report**

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

*Timothy Taylor*

Timothy Taylor FCA  
Senior Statutory Auditor  
for and on behalf of Grant Thornton UK LLP  
Statutory Auditor, Chartered Accountants  
Chelmsford  
Date: 24/3/2022

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**ESSEX EQUIPMENT SERVICES LTD**

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**STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**

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	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Administrative expenses		(2,508,631)	(2,094,438)
Other operating income	4	2,433,631	1,992,438
<b>Operating loss</b>		<b>(75,000)</b>	<b>(102,000)</b>
Other finance income	6	12,000	13,000
<b>Loss before tax</b>		<b>(63,000)</b>	<b>(89,000)</b>
<b>Loss for the financial year</b>		<b>(63,000)</b>	<b>(89,000)</b>
<b>Other comprehensive income for the year</b>			
Actuarial gains on defined benefit pension scheme	11	73,000	45,000
<b>Other comprehensive income for the year</b>		<b>73,000</b>	<b>45,000</b>
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>		<b>10,000</b>	<b>(44,000)</b>

There were no recognised gains and losses for 2021 or 2020 other than those included in the statement of comprehensive income.

The notes on pages 10 to 16 form part of these financial statements.

**ESSEX EQUIPMENT SERVICES LTD**  
**REGISTERED NUMBER:06725227**

**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**  
**AS AT 31 MARCH 2021**

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
<b>Current assets</b>			
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	7	100	100
		<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		(67,837)	(67,837)
Pension asset	11	494,000	484,000
<b>Net assets</b>		<u><b>426,263</b></u>	<u><b>416,263</b></u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called up share capital	9	100	100
Profit and loss account	10	426,163	416,163
		<u><b>426,263</b></u>	<u><b>416,263</b></u>

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 24/3/2022



**K Lynch**  
Director

The notes on pages 10 to 16 form part of these financial statements.

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**ESSEX EQUIPMENT SERVICES LTD**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**

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**1. General information**

Essex Equipment Services Ltd is a private company limited by shares & incorporated in England and Wales. Registered Number 06725227. Its registered office is Seax House, Victoria Road South, Chelmsford, Essex, CM1 1QH.

**2. Accounting policies**

**2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling which is the functional currency of the company and are rounded to the nearest £.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

**2.2 Going concern**

At the year end the company had net assets of £426,263 (2020: £416,263), inclusive of an amount totaling £67,837 (2020: £67,837) owed to Essex Cares Limited. The directors of Essex Cares Limited have confirmed that they will not seek repayment of this debt for twelve months from the signing of these financial statements should such payment mean that the Company cannot meet its liabilities as they fall due. In light of this, the Directors consider it appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

**2.3 Debtors**

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

**2.4 Financial instruments**

The company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties and loans to related parties.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade debtors and creditors, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or in case of an out-right short-term loan that is not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially at the present value of future cash flows discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost, unless it qualifies as a loan from a director in the case of a small company, or a public benefit entity concessionary loan.

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**ESSEX EQUIPMENT SERVICES LTD**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**

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**2. Accounting policies (continued)**

**2.4 Financial instruments (continued)**

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

For financial assets measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and best estimate of the recoverable amount, which is an approximation of the amount that the company would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the reporting date.

**2.5 Pensions**

**Defined benefit pension plan**

The company participates in the Essex Pension Fund, which is a defined benefit plan, for certain employees. A defined benefit plan defines the pension benefit that the employee will receive on retirement, usually dependent upon several factors including but not limited to age, length of service and remuneration. A defined benefit plan is a pension plan that is not a defined contribution plan.

The asset recognised in the Statement of financial position in respect of the defined benefit plan is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting date less the fair value of plan assets at the reporting date (if any) out of which the obligations are to be settled.

The defined benefit obligation is calculated using the projected unit credit method. Annually the Company engages independent actuaries to calculate the obligation. The present value is determined by discounting the estimated future payments using market yields on high quality corporate bonds that are denominated in sterling and that have terms approximating to the estimated period of the future payments ('discount rate').

The fair value of plan assets is measured in accordance with the FRS 102 fair value hierarchy and in accordance with the Company's policy for similarly held assets. This includes the use of appropriate valuation techniques.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are charged or credited to other comprehensive income. These amounts together with the return on plan assets, less amounts included in net interest, are disclosed as 'Remeasurement of net defined benefit liability'.

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**ESSEX EQUIPMENT SERVICES LTD**


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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**


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**2. Accounting policies (continued)****2.5 Pensions (continued)**

The cost of the defined benefit plan, recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income as employee costs, except where included in the cost of an asset, comprises:

- a) the increase in net pension benefit liability arising from employee service during the period; and
- b) the cost of plan introductions, benefit changes, curtailments and settlements.

The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. This cost is recognised in Statement of Comprehensive Income as a 'finance expense'.

**3. Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty**

In determining these financial statements, the directors have made the following judgements:

The company participates in the Essex Pension Fund which has a number of inputs into the valuation. Note 11 shows the assumptions used in arriving at the valuation disclosed. The cost of defined benefit pension plans are determined using actuarial valuations. The actuarial valuation involves making assumptions about discount rates, future salary increases, mortality rates and future pension increases. Due to the complexity of the valuation, the underlying assumptions and the long term nature of these plans, such estimates are subject to significant uncertainty.

**4. Other operating income**

	2021 £	2020 £
Management charges receivable	<u>2,433,631</u>	<u>1,992,438</u>

**5. Employees**

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 91 (2020 - 85).

During the year, no director received any emoluments (2020: £Nil).

**6. Other finance costs**

	2021 £	2020 £
Net interest on net defined benefit scheme	<u>12,000</u>	<u>13,000</u>

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**ESSEX EQUIPMENT SERVICES LTD**


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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**


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**7. Debtors**

	2021 £	2020 £
Called up share capital not paid	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>

**8. Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year**

	2021 £	2020 £
Amounts owed to group undertakings	67,837	67,837
	<u>67,837</u>	<u>67,837</u>

**9. Share capital**

	2021 £	2020 £
<b>Allotted and called up.</b>		
100 (2020 - 100) Ordinary shares of £1 each	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>

Share capital represents the nominal value of equity shares. The shares have attached to them voting, dividend and capital distribution (including on winding up) rights; they do not confer any rights of redemption.

**10. Reserves****Profit & loss account**

Includes all current and prior period profits and losses.

**11. Pension commitments**

The company operates a defined benefit pension scheme.

The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the group and are administered by trustees. No other post-retirement benefits are provided. The scheme is a funded scheme. The assets and liabilities are recognised by each employer according to its individual employees.

Pension scheme liabilities are measured on an actuarial basis using a projected unit method and are discounted to their present value using a weighted average rate of spot yields on AA corporate bonds.

The key FRS 102 assumptions used for the scheme are set out below along with details of amounts included within the accounts in respect of the pension scheme.



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**ESSEX EQUIPMENT SERVICES LTD**


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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**


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**11. Pension commitments (continued)**

Reconciliation of present value of plan liabilities:

	2021 £	2020 £
<b>Reconciliation of present value of plan liabilities</b>		
At the beginning of the year	5,522,000	5,859,000
Current service cost	84,000	96,000
Interest cost	127,000	140,000
Contributions	18,000	18,000
Benefits paid	(228,000)	(108,000)
Past service cost	-	30,000
Experience loss/(gain) on defined benefit obligation	(69,000)	95,000
Change in financial assumptions	1,642,000	(556,000)
Change in demographic assumptions	(92,000)	(52,000)
<b>At the end of the year</b>	<b>7,004,000</b>	<b>5,522,000</b>

Reconciliation of present value of plan assets:

	2021 £	2020 £
At the beginning of the year	6,006,000	6,387,000
Interest income	139,000	153,000
Return on assets less interest	1,554,000	(482,000)
Actuarial gains/losses	-	14,000
Contributions	31,000	44,000
Benefits paid	(228,000)	(108,000)
Administration expenses	(4,000)	(2,000)
<b>At the end of the year</b>	<b>7,498,000</b>	<b>6,006,000</b>

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**ESSEX EQUIPMENT SERVICES LTD**


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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**


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**11. Pension commitments (continued)**

Composition of plan assets:

	2021 £	2020 £
Equities	4,633,000	3,515,000
Gilts	193,000	259,000
Other bonds	376,000	364,000
Property	534,000	540,000
Cash	354,000	250,000
Alternative assets	866,000	692,000
Other managed funds	542,000	386,000
<b>Total plan assets</b>	<b>7,498,000</b>	<b>6,006,000</b>

	2021 £	2020 £
Fair value of plan assets	7,498,000	6,006,000
Present value of plan liabilities	(7,004,000)	(5,522,000)
<b>Net pension scheme asset</b>	<b>494,000</b>	<b>484,000</b>

The amounts recognised in profit or loss are as follows:

	2021 £	2020 £
Current service cost	(84,000)	(126,000)
Interest on obligation	12,000	13,000
Administration expense	(4,000)	(2,000)
<b>Total</b>	<b>(76,000)</b>	<b>(115,000)</b>

The company expects to contribute £12,000 to its defined benefit pension scheme in 2021.

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**ESSEX EQUIPMENT SERVICES LTD**


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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**


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**11. Pension commitments (continued)**

Principal actuarial assumptions at the Statement of Financial Position date (expressed as weighted averages):

	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
	<b>%</b>	<b>%</b>
Discount rate	<b>2.00</b>	2.35
Future salary increases	<b>3.60</b>	2.65
Future pension increases	<b>2.85</b>	1.90
RPI Increases	<b>2.85</b>	2.70
CPI increases	<b>2.50</b>	1.90
Mortality rates		
- for a male aged 65 now	<b>21.6</b>	21.80
- at 65 for a male aged 45 now	<b>22.9</b>	23.20
- for a female aged 65 now	<b>23.4</b>	23.70
- at 65 for a female member aged 45 now	<b>24.7</b>	25.20

Amounts for the current and previous periods are as follows:

Defined benefit pension schemes

	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>	<b>2017</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
Defined benefit obligation	<b>(7,004,000)</b>	(5,522,000)	(5,859,000)	(5,717,000)	(5,334,000)
Scheme assets	<b>7,498,000</b>	6,006,000	6,387,000	5,951,000	5,611,000
Impact of asset ceiling	-	-	-	(76,000)	(203,000)
<b>Surplus / (deficit)</b>	<b>494,000</b>	484,000	528,000	158,000	74,000

**12. Ultimate controlling party and related party transactions**

The company's immediate parent undertaking is Essex Cares Limited. The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Essex County Council. Both parent undertakings produce consolidated financial statements which include the results of the company. The accounts of Essex Cares Limited can be obtained from Companies House. The accounts of Essex County Council are published on its website at [www.essex.gov.uk](http://www.essex.gov.uk).

As a wholly owned subsidiary of Essex Cares Limited, the Company adopts the exemption outlined at FRS 102.33.1A from disclosing transactions with other members of the group.