Registered number: 06720040

# **ACTIVE INFORMATICS LTD**

# UNAUDITED

# **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

# INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2017

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# ACTIVE INFORMATICS LTD REGISTERED NUMBER: 06720040

# BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 APRIL 2017

	Note		2017 £		2016 £
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	4		33,841		58,434
Tangible assets	5		2,203		2,898
		•	36,044	-	61,332
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	6	251,227		237,574	
Cash at bank and in hand		78,217		44,869	
		329,444	-	282,443	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(316,363)		(259,257)	
Net current assets			13,081		23,186
Total assets less current liabilities		•	49,125	_	84,518
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8		-		(22,827)
Net assets		-	49,125	=	61,691
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	9		107		107
Share premium account			122,328		122,328
Capital redemption reserve			4	•	4
Profit and loss account			(73,314)		(60,748)
		-	49,125	_	61,691

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of comprehensive income in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

# **ACTIVE INFORMATICS LTD REGISTERED NUMBER: 06720040**

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 30 APRIL 2017

P S Smith

Director

Date: 10 JAA. 208
The notes on pages 3 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2017

#### 1. General information

Active Informatics Limited is a limited liability company incorporated in England and Wales. The address of its registered office and principal place of business is disclosed on the company information page at the front of the full accounts.

# 2. Accounting policies

# 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

# 2.2 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

#### 2.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, on a reducing balance basis.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Computer equipment

- 25% and 33% straight line

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income.

# 2.4 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

# 2.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2017

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

# 2.6 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

#### 2.7 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

# 2.8 Foreign currency translation

#### Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is GBP.

#### Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

# 2.9 Operating leases: the Company as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the Statement of comprehensive income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

# 2.10 Pensions

#### Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of comprehensive income when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

# 2.11 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income using the effective interest method.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2017

# 2. Accounting policies (continued)

# 2.12 Taxation

Tax is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

# 2.13 Exceptional items

Exceptional items are transactions that fall within the ordinary activities of the Company but are presented separately due to their size or incidence.

# 2.14 Research and development

In the research phase of an internal project it is not possible to demonstrate that the project will generate future economic benefits and hence all expenditure on research shall be recognised as an expense when it is incurred. Intangible assets are recognised from the development phase of a project if and only if certain specific criteria are met in order to demonstrate the asset will generate probable future economic benefits and that its cost can be reliably measured. The capitalised development costs are subsequently amortised on a straight line basis over their useful economic lives, which range from 3 to 6 years.

If it is not possible to distinguish between the research phase and the development phase of an internal project, the expenditure is treated as if it were all incurred in the research phase only.

# 3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 16 (2016 - 16).

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2017

# 4. Intangible assets

	Research and development £
Cost	
At 1 May 2016	365,250
At 30 April 2017	365,250
Amortisation	
At 1 May 2016	306,816
Charge for the year	24,593
At 30 April 2017	331,409
Net book value	
At 30 April 2017	33,841
At 30 April 2016	58,434

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2017

# 5. Tangible fixed assets

	·		Computer equipment £
	Cost or valuation		
	At 1 May 2016		58,374
	Additions		450
	At 30 April 2017		58,824
	Depreciation		
	At 1 May 2016		55,476
	Charge for the year on owned assets		1,145
	At 30 April 2017		56,621
	Net book value		
	At 30 April 2017		2,203
	At 30 April 2016		2,898
6.	Debtors		
		2017 £	2016 £
	Trade debtors	236,944	227,781
	Other debtors	9,601	8,055
	Prepayments and accrued income	4,682	1,738
		251,227	237,574
_			
7.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2017 £	2016 £
	Trade creditors	45,473	46,909
	Other taxation and social security	78,239	67,526
	Other creditors	4	1,817
	Accruals and deferred income	192,647	143,005
		316,363	259,257
		<del> </del>	

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2017

# 8. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

		2017 £	2016 £
	Accruals and deferred income	-	22,827
		-	22,827
9.	Share capital		
	·	2017	2016
	Shares classified as equity	£	£
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	7,368 'A' Preference shares of £0.01 each	74	74
	1,604 'B' Ordinary shares of £0.01 each	16	16
	1,654 'C' Ordinary shares of £0.01 each	17	17
	•	107	107

All shares rank pari passu with each other, however the directors have the authority to pay differing rates of dividends on each class of share.

# 10. Pension commitments

The Company operates a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the Company to the fund and amounted to £15,349 (2016 - £10,137).

No contributions were outstanding in the current or prior year end.

# 11. Commitments under operating leases

At 30 April 2017 the Company had future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	2017 £	2016 £
Not later than 1 year	20,630	-
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	-	22,505
	20,630	22,505

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2017

# 12. Related party transactions

The company is related to Sailfish Equity and Management Limited by virtue of its director, P S Smith, having an interest in both companies. During the year the company was charged fees amounting to £57,749 (2016: £59,106) from Sailfish Equity and Management Limited. Included in creditors at the year end is an amount of £6,000 (2016: £6,000) owed by the company to Sailfish Equity and Management Limited.

# 13. Controlling party

The ultimate controlling party is considered to be P S Smith, director.

# 14. First time adoption of FRS 102

The policies applied under the entity's previous accounting framework are not materially different to FRS 102 and have not impacted on equity or profit or loss.