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Company Registration No. 06708986 (England and Wales)	
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BERNARD INTERIORS LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019	
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BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2019

		201	9	2018	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		361,924		51,472
Current assets					
Stocks		6,832		4,750	
Debtors	4	14 7,341		130,150	
Cash at bank and in hand		65,830		219,910	
		220,003		354,810	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(482,874)		(198,812)	
Net current (liabilities)/assets			(262,871)		155,998
Total assets less current liabilities			99,053		207,470
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	6		(42,679)		(94
Net assets			56,374		207,376
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss reserves			56,274		207,276
Total equity			56,374		207,376
• •					

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2019

	2019		2018	
Notes	£	£	£	£

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 30 December 2020 and are signed on its behalf by:

J S Bernard

Director

Company Registration No. 06708986

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Bernard Interiors Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is The Church, Greystoke Avenue, Newcastle upon Tyne, NE2 1PN.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

In drawing this conclusion, the directors have given due consideration to the impact of the Coronavirus pandemic. The directors consider that the impact of the pandemic to the date of approval of these accounts is not significant enough to create material uncertainty that the company will continue to be a going concern.

1.3 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods and services net of VAT.

Revenue from the sale of goods and services is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods and services have passed to the buyer (usually on dispatch of the goods or completion of services), the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Freehold property 50 years straight line
Leasehold improvements 25% straight line
Other fixed assets 15% reducing balance
Motor vehicles 33% reducing balance

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.5 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets including cash in hand and deposits held at call with banks.

1.7 Financial instruments

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are measured at transaction price including transaction costs.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other creditors, are recognised at transaction price. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less.

1.8 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

1.9 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.10 Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessees. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised as assets at the lower of the assets fair value at the date of inception and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The related liability is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements. The interest is charged to profit or loss so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

1.11 Grants

Grants relating to tangible fixed assets are treated as deferred income and released to the profit and loss account over the expected useful lives of the assets concerned. Other grants are credited to the profit and loss account as the related expenditure is incurred.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

Freehold property	Leasehold	Other fixed M	14 ———	11
property			lotor vehicles	
property			lotor vehicles	
	mprovements	assets		Total
£	£	£	£	£
-			15,400	112,592
268,315			-	344,469
-			-	(51,149
	(7,531)	7,531		
268,315	-	122,197	15,400	405,912
_	28,800	27,238	5,082	61,120
_				19,182
_			, <u>-</u>	(36,314
-	(5,844)	5,844	-	-
	-	35,501	8,487	43,988
268,315	-	86,696	6,913	361,924
	14,467	26,687	10,318	51,472
	268,315	- (35,736) - (7,531) 268,315 - 28,800 - 2,803 - (25,759) - (5,844)	268,315 - 76,154 - (35,736) (15,413) - (7,531) 7,531 268,315 - 122,197 - 28,800 27,238 - 2,803 12,974 - (25,759) (10,555) - (5,844) 5,844 35,501 268,315 - 86,696	268,315 - 76,154 (35,736) (15,413) (7,531) 7,531 - 268,315 - 122,197 15,400 - 28,800 27,238 5,082 - 2,803 12,974 3,405 - (25,759) (10,555) (5,844) 5,844 - - 35,501 8,487

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

4 [Debtors		
,	Amounts falling due within one year:	2019 £	2018 £
	Trade debtors Other debtors	31,231 116,110	84,597 45,553
		147,341	130,150
5 (Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2019	2018
		£	£
((((Obligations under finance leases Other borrowings Trade creditors Corporation tax Other taxation and social security Other creditors Accruals and deferred income Obligations under finance leases are secured against the assets to which they relate.	12,855 215,909 141,016 - 89,577 1,738 21,779 482,874	1,057 - 18,010 46,747 90,294 667 42,037 198,812
(Other borrowings are unsecured.		
	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	2019 £	2018 £
	Obligations under finance leases Other borrowings	19,004 23,675	94
		42,679	94
6	Other borrowings Trade creditors Corporation tax Other taxation and social security Other creditors Accruals and deferred income Obligations under finance leases are secured against the assets to which they relate. Other borrowings are unsecured. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year Obligations under finance leases	215,909 141,016	11: 44: 9: 4: 19:

Obligations under finance leases are secured against the assets to which they relate.

7 Operating lease commitments

Lessee

At the reporting date the company had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases of £23,635 (2018: £21,301).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

8 Related party transactions

At 31 December 2019 J S Bernard, one of the directors, owed the company £2,544 (2018: £167 was owed). The balance is interest free, and will be repaid within nine months of the financial year end.

At 31 December 2019 the company owed £199,750 to P Bernard, the father of J S Bernard. The loan is unsecured, repayable on demand and is charged interest at a rate of 5% per annum.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.