Company registration number: 06708919

Verde Vita Ltd Trading as Green Thumb - Lawn Treatment Service

Unaudited financial statements

31 January 2020



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Directors and other information

Directors

Mr P R Weight

(Resigned 31 January 2020)

Mr S J Milborrow

(Appointed 31 January 2020)

Company number

06708919

Registered office

100 High Street

Whitstable

Kent CT5 1AT

Business address

Unit 2 Station Approach

Chilham

Canterbury

Kent

CT4 8EG

Accountants

The Bubb Sherwin Partnership Ltd

100 High Street

Whitstable

Kent

CT5 1AZ

Bankers

Santander UK plc

Business Banking

301 St. Vincent Street

Glasgow

G2 5NT

Report to the board of directors on the preparation of the unaudited statutory financial statements of Verde Vita Ltd Period ended 31 January 2020

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Verde Vita Ltd for the period ended 31 January 2020 which comprise the statement of financial position and related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at http://www.accaglobal.com/en/member/professional-standards/rules-standards/acca-rulebook.html.

This report is made solely to the board of directors of Verde Vita Ltd, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Verde Vita Ltd and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the board of directors of Verde Vita Ltd as a body, in this report in accordance with the requirements of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants as detailed at http://www.accaglobal.com/uk/en/technical-activities/technical-resources-search/2009/october/ factsheet-163-audit-exempt-companies.html. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Verde Vita Ltd and its board of directors as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Verde Vita Ltd has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Verde Vita Ltd. You consider that Verde Vita Ltd is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the period.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Verde Vita Ltd. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

The Bubb Sherwin Partnership Ltd Chartered Certified Accountants

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100 High Street Whitstable Kent CT5 1AZ

31 May 2020

Statement of financial position 31 January 2020

	31/01/20		31/05	31/05/19	
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	6	-		-	
Tangible assets	7	32,005		32,861	
			32,005		32,861
Current assets					
Stocks		1,750		6,303	
Debtors	8	10,762		11,703	
Cash at bank and in hand		29,158		35,112	
		41,670		53,118	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(58,916)		(58,612)	
Net current liabilities			(17,246)		(5,494)
Total assets less current liabilities			14,759		27,367
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	10		(13,552)		(16,785)
Provisions for liabilities			(1,133)	·	(1,382)
Net assets			74		9,200
Capital and reserves			•		
Called up share capital			1		1
Profit and loss account			73		9,199
Shareholders funds			74		9,200

For the period ending 31 January 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors responsibilities:

- The shareholders have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the period in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The notes on pages 6 to 11 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of financial position (continued) 31 January 2020

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 29 May 2020, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr S J Milborrow Director

Company registration number: 06708919

Notes to the financial statements Period ended 31 January 2020

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 100 High Street, Whitstable, Kent, CT5 1AT.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill - 20% straight line Franchise fee - 20% straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in amortisation rate, useful life or residual value of an intangible asset, the amortisation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Period ended 31 January 2020

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery - 33% straight line
Fittings fixtures and equipment - 20% reducing balance
Motor vehicles - 25% reducing balance

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Period ended 31 January 2020

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event; it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets or either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Period ended 31 January 2020

4. Staff costs

The average number of persons employed by the company during the period, including the directors was 6 (2019: 7).

5. Profit before taxation

Depreciation of tangible assets

Profit before taxation is stated after charging/(crediting):

Period	Year
ended	ended
31/01/20	31/05/19
£	£
6,520	11,484
	

6. Intangible assets

	Goodwill	Franchise fee	Total	
	£	£	£	
Cost				
At 1 June 2019 and 31 January 2020	125,000	14,476	139,476	
Amortisation				
At 1 June 2019 and 31 January 2020	125,000	14,476	139,476	
Carrying amount				
At 31 January 2020				
At 31 May 2019	•	-	-	
•				

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Period ended 31 January 2020

7.	Tangible assets				
	-	Plant and machinery	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
		£	£	£	£
	Cost				
	At 1 June 2019	18,259	12,047	67,950	98,256
	Additions	-	-	20,000 (33,980)	20,000 (33,980)
	Disposals			<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	At 31 January 2020	18,259	12,047	53,970	84,276
	Depreciation				
	At 1 June 2019	17,077	9,269	39,049	65,395
	Charge for the year	390	370	5,760	6,520
	Disposals			(19,644)	(19,644)
	At 31 January 2020	17,467	9,639	25,165	52,271
	Carrying amount				
	At 31 January 2020	792	2,408	28,805	32,005
	At 31 May 2019	1,182	2,778	28,901	32,861
			•		
8.	Debtors			31/01/20	31/05/19
				51/01/20 £	£ £
	Trade debtors			7,217	11,532
	Other debtors			3,545	171
				10,762	11,703
9.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one yea	r			
•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•		31/01/20	31/05/19
				£	£
	Trade creditors			5,588	18,079
	Corporation tax			16,174	9,785
	Social security and other taxes			9,764	13,559
	Other creditors			27,390	17,189
				58,916	58,612

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Period ended 31 January 2020

10. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

31/01/20	31/05/19
£	£
13,552	16,785

Other creditors

11. Directors advances, credits and guarantees

Mr Weight was the only director of the company who served during the period, resigning on the last day of the period. Mr Weight had a credit balance on his directors loan account of £10,220 (2019: £913) at the period end.