# Loopsign No.2 Limited

# Annual report and financial statements

for the year ended 30 September 2010

THURSDAY

L19 30/06/2011 COMPANIES HOUSE

182

# Loopsign No.2 Limited Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2010 Contents

	Page
Company information	1
Directors' report	2
Statement of directors' responsibilities	3
Independent auditors' report	4
Profit and loss account	5
Balance sheet	6
Notes to the financial statements	7-10

# Loopsign No.2 Limited Company information for the year ended 30 September 2010

#### **Directors**

Mr R J Livingstone Mr R N Luck

# **Company secretary**

Mr R N Luck

### Independent auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
1 Embankment Place
London
WC2N 6RH

# Registered office

Quadrant House, Floor 6 4 Thomas More Square London E1W 1YW

# Registered number

06704126

#### Loopsign No 2 Limited

#### Directors' report for the year ended 30 September 2010

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 September 2010

#### Principal activities

The company acts as an holding company and did not trade during the year. The directors consider the financial position at 30 September 2010 to be satisfactory

#### Principal risks and uncertainties

The key business risks and uncertainties affecting the company are considered to relate to the fact that the company operates within a highly competitive market place. The directors of the group have reviewed the groups exposure to credit risk, liquidity risk and cashflow risk. These risks and uncertainties are discussed in the company's ultimate parent's group annual report which does not form part of this report.

#### Key performance indicators

Loopsign No 2 Limited is managed by the directors in accordance with the strategies of its parent company, Loopsign Limited. For this reason, the directors believe that further key performance indicators for the company are not necessary or appropriate for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business. These strategies and key performance indicators are discussed in the company's ultimate parent's group annual report which does not form part of this report.

#### Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out in the profit and loss account on page 5. The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2009 £147,176,464 (£0 20423 per share)).

#### Directors

The following persons served as directors during the year

Mr R J Livingstone Mr R N Luck

#### Qualifying third party indemnity provisions

The company maintains liability insurance for its directors and officer. Following shareholder approval, the company has also provided an indemnity for its directors and the company secretary, which is a qualifying third party indemnity provision for the purposes of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Disclosure of information to auditors

Each person who was a director at the time this report was approved confirms that

- so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware,
   and
- they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information

#### Independent auditors

In the absence of a notice proposing that their appointment be terminated, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, are deemed to have been re-appointed as auditors for the next year

By order of the board

Mr R N Luck

Company secretary

# Loopsign No.2 Limited Statement of Directors' Responsibilities for the year ended 30 September 2010

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- · make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements,

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

By order of the board

Mr R N Luck

**Company secretary** 

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF LOOPSIGN NO.2 LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Loopsign No 2 Limited for the year ended 30 September 2010 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing

#### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the director, and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

#### Opinion on the financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 September 2010 and of its result for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice,
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

#### Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Suzanne Woolfson (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

London

# Loopsign No.2 Limited Profit and loss account for the year ended 30 September 2010

	Note	2010 £	2009 £
Operating profit	2	-	-
Income from investments		<del>-</del>	147,176,464
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation			147,176,464
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	4	-	-
Profit for the financial year	_		147,176,464

All amounts relate to continuing operations

The company has no recognised gains and losses other than those included in the results above, and therefore no separate statement of recognised gains and losses has been presented

There is no material difference between the loss on ordinary activities before taxation and the loss for the year stated above and their historical costs equivalents

Loopsign No.2 Limited Balance sheet as at 30 September 2010			Registered number 06704126
	Note	2010 £	2009 £
Fixed assets Investments	5	720,650,843	720,650,843
Current assets Debtors	6	100	100
Net current assets		100	100
Total assets less current liabilities		720,650,943	720,650,943
Net assets		720,650,943	720,650,943
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Profit and loss reserve	7 8	720,650,943 -	720,650,943 -
Total shareholder's funds	10	720,650,943	720,650,943

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 35 June 2011 and signed on its behalf by

Mr R N Luck Director

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparation

These financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis, under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 and applicable accounting standards in the United Kingdom. The principal accounting policies, which have been applied consistently throughout the year, are set out below.

#### **Deferred taxation**

Deferred tax is provided in respect of all timing differences that have originated, but not reversed, at the balance sheet date that give rise to an obligation to pay more or less tax in the future. Deferred tax is not recognised when fixed assets are revalued unless, by the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to sell the revalued assets and the gain or loss expected to arise on sale has been recognised in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis. A deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date

#### Cash flow statement

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in the Financial Reporting Standards No 1 (Revised 1996) from including a cash flow statement in the financial statements on the grounds that the company is a wholly owned and its ultimate parent publishes a consolidated cash flow statement

#### **Exemption from consolidation**

The financial statements contain information about Loopsign No 2 Limited as an individual company and do not contain consolidated financial information as the parent of a group. The company is exempt under section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements as it and its subsidiary undertakings are included by full consolidation in the consolidated financial statements of its parent, Loopsign Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales.

#### Fixed asset investments

Investments are recorded at cost plus incidental expenses less any provision for impairment impairment reviews are performed by the directors when there has been an indication of potential impairment or a change in circumstances which resulted in a previous impairment. Any impairment arising is charged to the profit and loss account for the year

2	Operating profit	2010	2009
		£	£
	Operating profit is stated after charging		
	Auditors' remuneration	<u> </u>	-

Auditors' remuneration has been borne by London & Regional Properties Limited

#### 3 Directors' emoluments

The directors did not receive any emoluments in respect of their services to the company (2009 £nil) The company has no employees (2009 none) other than the directors

The emoluments of the directors' are paid by a fellow subsidiary company which makes no recharge to the company. Mr Livingstone is a director of the parent company and a number of fellow subsidiary companies and Mr Luck is an employee of a fellow subsidiary. The total emoluments of Mr Livingstone are included in the aggregate of directors' emoluments included in the financial statements of the parent company. The total emoluments of Mr Luck are included in the aggregate of employee wages and salaries included in the financial statements of the parent company.

#### 4 Tax on profit on ordinary activities

No tax has been provided for due to no taxable profits arising in the year

#### Factors affecting tax charge for period

The differences between the tax assessed for the year and the standard rate of corporation tax are explained as follows

	2010 £	2009 £
Profit on ordinary activities before tax		147,176,464
Standard rate of corporation tax in the UK	28%	28%
	£	£
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax	-	41,209,410
Effects of Investment income not taxable	-	(41,209,410)
Current tax charge for period		<u>.</u>

#### Factors that may affect future tax charges

Reductions to the UK corporation tax rate were announced in the June 2010 Budget. The changes, which were enacted on 30 September 2010 reduce the rate by 1% per annum to 24% by 1 April 2014. These changes have no impact on these financial statements.

#### 5 Fixed asset investments

Investments in subsidiary undertakings

#### Cost

At 1 October 2009 and 30 September 2010

720,650,843

The directors believe that the carrying value of the investments is supported by their underlying net assets

The company holds 100% of the share capital of London & Regional Group Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in England & Wales which has a principal activity as a holding company

The above subsidiary itself holds a number of subsidiaries and indirect subsidiaries. Details of these have not been disclosed because disclosure would be excessive.

6	Debtors			2010 £	2009 £
	Amounts owed by group undertaking	ngs		100	100
	Amounts owed by group undertakings are interest free, repayable on d			demand, and uns	ecured
7	Called up share capital				
				2010 £	2009 £
	Authorised 750,000,000 ordinary shares of £1	each		750,000,000	750,000,000
		2010 Number	2009 Number	2010 £	2009 £
	Allotted, called up and fully paid Ordinary shares of £1 each	720,650,943	720,650,943	720,650,943	720,650,943
8	Profit and loss reserve				£
	At 1 October 2009 and 30 September 2010				
9	Dividends			2010 £	2009 £
	Equity dividends on ordinary shares - interim paid (2009 £0 20423 per £1 share)				147,176,464
10	Reconciliation of movement in shareholder's funds			2010 £	2009 £
	At 1 October Profit for the financial year Dividends (note 9) Shares issued			720,650,943 - - -	- 147,176,464 (147,176,464) 720,650,943
	At 30 September			720,650,943	720,650,943

# 11 Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under paragraph 3(c) from the provisions of FRS 8, 'Related party disclosures', on the grounds that it is wholly owned subsidiary of a group headed by Loopsign Limited, whose financial statements are publicly available

#### 12 Parent undertaking

The immediate and ultimate parent undertaking is Loopsign Limited, a company incorporated and registered in England and Wales

Loopsign Limited is the parent undertaking of the largest group of undertakings to consolidate these financial statements at 30 September 2010. The consolidated financial statements of Loopsign Limited can be obtained from the company secretary at

Quadrant House, Floor 6 4 Thomas More Square London E1W 1YW

The ultimate controlling parties are I M Livingstone and R J Livingstone through their joint ownership of Loopsign Limited