Registration number: 06681671

Axis Controls (NW) Ltd

Unaudited Abbreviated Accounts

for the Year Ended 31 March 2015

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Axis Controls (NW) Ltd **Company Information**

Directors Mr C R Hardy

Ms K Hallmark

Unit 9 Kensington Industrial Estate

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Registered office Southport

> Merseyside PR9 0NY

> > GMR Accountants Ltd

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8 - 12 London Street

Accountants

Southport Merseyside PR9 0UE

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Axis Controls (NW) Ltd (Registration number: 06681671) Abbreviated Balance Sheet at 31 March 2015

Note	2015 £	2014 £
Fixed assets		
Tangible fixed assets	23,708	27,536
Current assets		
Stocks	33,624	54,500
Debtors	74,546	92,427
Cash at bank and in hand	118,272	66,041
	226,442	212,968
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	(159,104)	(158,396)
Net current assets	67,338	54,572
Total assets less current liabilities	91,046	82,108
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	(11,511)	(24,480)
Provisions for liabilities	(4,742)	(5,508)
Net assets	74,793	52,120
Capital and reserves		
Called up share capital $\underline{3}$	1,000	1
Profit and loss account	73,793	52,119
Shareholders' funds	74,793	52,120

For the year ending 31 March 2015 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime .

Approved by the Board on 13 November 2015 and signed on its behalf by:						
Mr C R Hardy						

Director

The notes on pages $\underline{3}$ to $\underline{5}$ form an integral part of these financial statements.

Axis Controls (NW) Ltd

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the Year Ended 31 March 2015

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1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The full financial statements, from which these abbreviated accounts have been extracted, have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (Effective April 2008).

Turnover

Turnover represents amounts chargeable, net of value added tax, in respect of the sale of goods and services to customers.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on tangible fixed assets so as to write off the cost or valuation, less any estimated residual value, over their expected useful economic life as follows:

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Motor vehicles	25% per annum straight line
Plant and machinery	25% per annum straight line
Fixtures and fittings	25% per annum straight line
Office equipment	33% per annum straight line

Fixed asset investments

Fixed asset investments are stated at historical cost less provision for any diminution in value.

Stock, work in progress and long term contracts

Stock and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after due regard for obsolete and slow moving stocks. Net realisable value is based on selling price less anticipated costs to completion and selling costs. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Revenue from long term contracts is recognised by stage of completion. Stage of completion is measured by reference to costs incurred to date as a percentage of total estimated costs for each contract. Where the contract outcome cannot be measured reliably, revenue is measured only to the extent of the expenses recognised that are recoverable. Full provision is made for losses on all contracts in the year in which they are first foreseen.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes, which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as required by the FRSSE. Deferred tax is measured at the rates that are expected to apply in the periods when the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on the tax rates and law enacted at the balance sheet date.

Foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the closing rates at the balance sheet date. All exchange differences are included in the profit and loss account.

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Axis Controls (NW) Ltd

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the Year Ended 31 March 2015

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Hire purchase and leasing

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged in the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term. Assets held under finance leases, which are leases where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset have passed to the company, are capitalised in the balance sheet as tangible fixed assets and are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. The capital elements of future obligations under the leases are included as liabilities in the balance sheet. The interest element of the rental obligation is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease and represents a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding. Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised as tangible fixed assets and are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. The capital element of future finance payments is included within creditors. Finance charges are allocated to accounting periods over the length of the contract and represent a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Where shares are issued, any component that creates a financial liability of the company is presented as a liability in the balance sheet. The corresponding dividends relating to the liability component are charged as interest expense in the profit and loss account.

Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions are recognised in the profit and loss account in the period in which they become payable in accordance with the rules of the scheme.

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Axis Controls (NW) Ltd

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the Year Ended 31 March 2015

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2 Fixed assets

		Tangible assets £	Investments £	Total £
Cost				
At 1 April 2014		54,745	-	54,745
Additions		4,769	30,000	34,769
Disposals			(30,000)	(30,000)
At 31 March 2015		59,514	<u>-</u>	59,514
Depreciation				
At 1 April 2014		27,209	-	27,209
Charge for the year		8,597		8,597
At 31 March 2015		35,806	<u>-</u>	35,806
Net book value				
At 31 March 2015		23,708		23,708
At 31 March 2014		27,536		27,536
3 Share capital				
Allotted, called up and fully paid shares				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2015		2014	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary of £1 each	1	1	1	1

New shares allotted

Ordinary of £1 (2014 - £0.00) each

During the year 999 Ordinary having an aggregate nominal value of £999 were allotted for an aggregate consideration of £nil. bonus issue.

999

1,000

999

1,000

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