

Company registration number: 06675721

Boys & Girls Nursery (Stanmore) Limited

Unaudited filleted financial statements

30 November 2017

Boys & Girls Nursery (Stanmore) Limited

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Directors and other information

Directors

Mr J Kirby
Mrs N Kirby

Company number

06675721

Registered office

Cottrell Cottages
57-65 The Broadway
Stanmore
Middlesex
HA7 4DJ

Business address

Cottrell Cottages
57-65 The Broadway
Stanmore
Middlesex
HA7 4DJ

Accountants

Pritchard Fellows & Co
Avery House
8 Avery Hill Road
New Eltham
SE9 2BD

Bankers

HSBC Plc
73 High Street
Watford
Hertfordshire
WD17 2DS

Boys & Girls Nursery (Stanmore) Limited

Report to the board of directors on the preparation of the

unaudited statutory financial statements of Boys & Girls Nursery (Stanmore) Limited

Year ended 30 November 2017

As described on the statement of financial position, the directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements for the year ended 30 November 2017 which comprise the statement of financial position and related notes.

You consider that the company is exempt from an audit under the Companies Act 2006. In accordance with your instructions we have compiled these unaudited financial statements in order to assist you to fulfil your statutory responsibilities, from the accounting records and from information and explanations supplied to us.

Pritchard Fellows & Co

Chartered Certified Accountants

Avery House

8 Avery Hill Road

New Eltham

SE9 2BD

18 December 2017

Boys & Girls Nursery (Stanmore) Limited

Statement of financial position

30 November 2017

	Note	2017 £	£	2016 £	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	5	498,484		539,328	
		<u> </u>	498,484	<u> </u>	539,328
Current assets					
Debtors	6	111,285		125,264	
Cash at bank and in hand		69,329		69,448	
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
		180,614		194,712	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(229,242)		(237,544)	
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Net current liabilities			(48,628)		(42,832)
Total assets less current liabilities			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
			449,856		496,496
Net assets			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
			449,856		496,496
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			2		2
Profit and loss account			449,854		496,494
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Shareholders funds			449,856		496,496
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>

For the year ending 30 November 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 18 December 2017 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr J Kirby

Director

Company registration number: 06675721

Boys & Girls Nursery (Stanmore) Limited

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 30 November 2017

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England & Wales. The address of the registered office is Boys & Girls Nursery (Stanmore) Limited, Cottrell Cottages, 57-65 The Broadway, Stanmore, Middlessex, HA7 4DJ.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Transition to FRS 102

The entity transitioned from previous UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1 December 2015. Details of how FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 9.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal

of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Short leasehold property	- Estimated Useful life
Fittings fixtures and equipment	- 25 % reducing balance

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment. Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately. For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics. Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 40 (2016: 39).

5. Tangible assets

	Short leasehold property £	Fixtures, fittings and equipment £	Total £
Cost			
At 1 December 2016	538,799	57,329	596,128
Additions	-	1,563	1,563
At 30 November 2017	538,799	58,892	597,691
Depreciation			
At 1 December 2016	-	56,800	56,800
Charge for the year	41,651	756	42,407
At 30 November 2017	41,651	57,556	99,207
Carrying amount			
At 30 November 2017	497,148	1,336	498,484
At 30 November 2016	538,799	529	539,328

6. Debtors

	2017 £	2016 £
Trade debtors	46,015	38,042
Amounts owed by group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest	34,120	55,798
Other debtors	31,150	31,424
	111,285	125,264

7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2017 £	2016 £
Corporation tax	60,915	58,879
Social security and other taxes	13,916	13,812
Other creditors	154,411	164,853
	229,242	237,544

8. Controlling party

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Boys & Girls Nursery Limited, a company registered in England & Wales.

9. Transition to FRS 102

These are the first financial statements that comply with FRS 102. The company transitioned to FRS 102 on 1 December 2015.

Reconciliation of equity

No transitional adjustments were required.

Reconciliation of profit or loss for the year

No transitional adjustments were required.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.