Registered number: 06656747

# **FEASA LIMITED**

# UNAUDITED

# **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

# FEASA LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 06656747

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 JULY 2021

	Note		2021 £		2020 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		42,547		47,007
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	5	56,892		28,664	
Cash at bank and in hand		116,495		90,163	
	_	173,387	_	118,827	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(152,459)		(71,014)	
Net current assets	_		20,928		47,813
Total assets less current liabilities		_	63,475	-	94,820
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	7		(39,167)		(85,160)
Provisions for liabilities					
Deferred tax		(10,637)		(8,932)	
Net assets	-		13,671		728
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			2		2
Profit and loss account			13,669		726
			13,671	-	728

# FEASA LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 06656747

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 JULY 2021

The director considers that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 28 January 2022.

## A A Tyrrell

Director

The notes on pages 3 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

#### 1. General information

FEASA Limited (06656747) is a private limited company limited by shares. It incorporated in England & Wales. The registered office is Willow House, 37 Kingswood Firs, Grayshott, Hindhead, Surrey, GU26 6EU.

## 2. Accounting policies

## 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

#### 2.2 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

#### Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

## 2.3 Government grants

Grants are accounted under the accruals model as permitted by FRS 102. Grants relating to expenditure on tangible fixed assets are credited to profit or loss at the same rate as the depreciation on the assets to which the grant relates. The deferred element of grants is included in creditors as deferred income.

Grants of a revenue nature are recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings in the same period as the related expenditure.

## 2.4 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to profit or loss over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

## 2.5 Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the year in which they are incurred.

# 2.6 Pensions

#### Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in profit or loss when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Statement of financial position. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

### 2.7 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Statement of financial position date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

# 2.8 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

## 2. Accounting policies (continued)

# 2.8 Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, on a reducing balance basis.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Long-term leasehold property-10%Straight lineMotor vehicles-25%Reducing BalanceOffice equipment-25%Reducing Balance

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

#### 2.9 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

## 2.10 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

## 2.11 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

# 2.12 Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to profit or loss in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the Statement of financial position date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Statement of financial position.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

# 2. Accounting policies (continued)

# 2.13 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

# 3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 5 (2020 - 3).

# 4. Tangible fixed assets

	Long-term leasehold		Office	<b></b>
	property	Motor vehicles	equipment	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost or valuation				
At 1 August 2020	11,106	83,459	22,178	116,743
Additions	-	-	10,025	10,025
At 31 July 2021	11,106	83,459	32,203	126,768
Depreciation				
At 1 August 2020	10,192	48,250	11,293	69,735
Charge for the year on owned assets	457	8,802	5,227	14,486
At 31 July 2021	10,649	57,052	16,520	84,221
Net book value				
At 31 July 2021	457	26,407	15,683	42,547
At 31 July 2020	914	35,209	10,884	47,007

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

4. Tangible fixed assets (continued)		
The net book value of land and buildings may be further analysed as follows:		
	2021 £	2020 £
Long leasehold	457	914
	457	914
5. Debtors		
	2021 £	2020 £
Trade debtors	55,531	26,663
Other debtors	1,361	2,001
	56,892	28,664
6. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
	2021 £	2020 £
Bank loans	10,001	-
Trade creditors	41,557	23,550
Corporation tax	37,917	-
Other taxation and social security	59,339	39,626
Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	-	6,493
Other creditors	1,345	1,345
Accruals and deferred income	2,300	-

71,014

152,459

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

7.	Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2021 £	2020 £
	Bank loans	39,167	50,000
	Net obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	-	35,160
		39,167	85,160
8.	Loans		
	Analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:		
		2021 £	2020 £
	Amounts falling due within one year		
	Bank loans	10,001	-
	Amounts falling due 1-2 years		
	Bank loans	10,000	-
	Amounts falling due 2-5 years		
	Bank loans	29,167	-
	Amounts falling due after more than 5 years		
	Bank loans	<del>-</del>	50,000
9.	Hire purchase and finance leases		
	Minimum lease payments under hire purchase fall due as follows:		
		2021 £	2020 £
	Within one year	-	6,493
	Between 1-5 years	-	35,160
			41,653

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2021

## 10. Pension commitments

The Company operates a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the Company to the fund and amounted to £11,871 (2020 - £25,221). Contributions totalling £nil (2020 - £nil) were payable to the fund at the reporting date and are included in creditors.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.