COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 06612682

HAYES GFS LIMITED

UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS
30 SEPTEMBER 2013

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ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

Year ended 30 September 2013

CONTENTS	PAGES
Abbreviated balance sheet	1
Notes to the abbreviated accounts	2 to 4

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

30 September 2013

		2013	2012
	Note	£	£
FIXED ASSETS	2	•	
Tangible assets		61,842	49,505
CUID PRITE A COPTIC			
CURRENT ASSETS Stocks		2,360	3,600
Debtors		327,572	193,651
		•	45,992
Cash at bank and in hand		9,468	43,992
		339,400	243,243
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year		(177,434)	(183,930)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		161,966	59,313
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		223,808	108,81,8
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES		(12,368)	(9,574)
		211,440	99,244
		====	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called-up equity share capital	4	50	50
Profit and loss account		211,390	99,194
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		211,440	99,244
OHIMBHODDENO I ONDO			

For the year ended 30 September 2013 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 121614...., and are signed on their behalf by:

Mr S Skinner

Company Registration Number: 06612682

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

Year ended 30 September 2013

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account is derived from ordinary activities and represents the value of work done in the financial year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant & Machinery

15% straight line

Motor Vehicles

20% straight line

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

Year ended 30 September 2013

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

2. FIXED ASSETS

	Tangible
	Assets
	£
COST	
At 1 October 2012	60,359
Additions	30,128
Disposals	(10,080)
At 30 September 2013	80,407
At 30 September 2013	= 00,407
DEPRECIATION	
At 1 October 2012	10,854
Charge for year	11,575
On disposals	(3,864)
Oil disposais	(5,80 4)
At 30 September 2013	18,565
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 30 September 2013	61,842
At 30 September 2012	49,505

3. TRANSACTIONS WITH THE DIRECTORS

In respect of the director who had an overdrawn loan account during the year the following transactions took place between the director and the company:

	Mr S Skinner
	£
Opening balance	4,393
Amounts drawn	65,184
Amounts repaid	(24,865)
Dividends credited	(35,000)
Closing balance	9,712
Maximum overdrawn balance	19,106

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

Year ended 30 September 2013

4. SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	2013		20	2012	
	No	£	No	£	
Ordinary shares shares of £1 each	50	50	50	50	