

Registered number: 06612673

NOTTINGHAM CONTEMPORARY TRADING LIMITED

Financial statements

Information for filing with the registrar

For the year ended 31 March 2022





NOTTINGHAM CONTEMPORARY TRADING LIMITED Registered number: 06612673

Balance sheet As at 31 March 2022

	Note		2022 £		2021 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		13,221		26,998
			13,221		26,998
Current assets		•			
Stocks	4	32,695		46,124	
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	5	11,032		7,097	
Cash at bank and in hand		111,211		39,869	
	•	154,938	•	93,090	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(118,097)		(108,911)	
Net current assets/(liabilities)	•		36,841		(15,821)
Total assets less current liabilities		_	50,062	_	11,177
Net assets		_	50,062	_	11,177
		=		=	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	7		50,000		50,000
Profit and loss account			62		(38,823)
		=	50,062	=	11,177

The Company's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of comprehensive income in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

MJ Symonds

Director

Date: 17-9-22

The notes on pages 2 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 March 2022

1. Accounting policies

1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

Nottingham Contemporary Trading Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England within the United Kingdom. The company's registration number is 06612673. The address of the registered office is Weekday Cross, Nottingham, NG1 2GB.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - Small Entities, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are presented in sterling which is the functional currency of the company and are rounded to the nearest £1.

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented unless otherwise stated.

1.2 Revenue

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable net of VAT and trade discounts. The policies adopted for the recognition of revenue are as follows:

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer, the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the company and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably. This is usually at the point of sale of the goods in the shop and cafe.

Rendering of services

When the outcome of a transaction can be estimated reliably, revenue from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion at the balance sheet date, usually the day the service is provided. Where the outcome cannot be measured reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised that are recoverable.

1.3 Government grants

Grants are accounted under the accruals model as permitted by FRS 102. Grants relating to expenditure on tangible fixed assets are credited to profit or loss at the same rate as the depreciation on the assets to which the grant relates. The deferred element of grants is included in creditors as deferred income.

Grants of a revenue nature are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income in the same period as the related expenditure.

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 March 2022

1. Accounting policies (continued)

1.4 Taxation

Current tax represents the amount of tax payable or receivable in respect of the taxable profit (or loss) for the current or past reporting periods. It is measured at the amount expected to be paid or recovered using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax represents the future tax consequences of transactions and events recognised in the financial statements of current and previous periods. It is recognised in respect of all timing difference, with certain exceptions. Timing differences are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of income and expense in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date that are expected to apply to the reversal of timing differences. Deferred tax on revalued non-depreciable tangible fixed assets and investment properties is measured using the rates and allowances that apply to the sale of the asset.

1.5 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Plant & equipment - 25% straight line Fixtures & fittings - 25% straight line

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 March 2022

1. Accounting policies (continued)

1.6 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, being the estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis. Work in progress and finished goods include labour and attributable overheads.

At each balance sheet date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stock is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

The company receives donations of works of art for sale. As these represent many individual works of art from various contributors, it is considered impracticable to estimate the value of the donations with sufficient reliability, therefore income is included in the financial period when the asset is sold in accordance with FRS102. Furthermore, the company holds certain works of art on a sale or return basis and in accordance with FRS102 they are not recognised in stock at the year-end.

1.7 Debtors and creditors receivable / payable within one year

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivable or payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit and loss account in other administrative expenses.

2. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including the directors, during the year was as follows:

	2022 No.	2021 No.
Catering staff	7	11

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 March 2022

3. Tangible fixed assets

Cost At 1 April 2021 27,697 65,209 92,906 At 31 March 2022 27,697 65,209 92,906 Depreciation At 1 April 2021 25,496 40,412 65,908 Charge for the year on owned assets 1,328 12,449 13,777 At 31 March 2022 26,824 52,861 79,685 Net book value At 31 March 2022 873 12,348 13,221 At 31 March 2021 2,201 24,797 26,998 4. Stocks 2022 2021 £ £ Shop stock 32,695 46,124 At the year end the company held an estimated £17,000 (2021: £19,000) of assets on a sale or return basis. 5. Debtors Trade debtors 9,628 2,831 Other debtors 9,628 2,831 Other debtors 1,404 2,411 The payments and accrued income 1,404 2,411 1,002 7,097			Plant and machinery £	Fixtures and fittings £	Total £
At 31 March 2022 27,697 65,209 92,906 Depreciation At 1 April 2021 25,496 40,412 65,908 Charge for the year on owned assets 1,328 12,449 13,777 At 31 March 2022 26,824 52,861 79,685 Net book value At 31 March 2022 873 12,348 13,221 At 31 March 2021 2,201 24,797 26,998 4. Stocks Shop stock 32,695 46,124 At the year end the company held an estimated £17,000 (2021: £19,000) of assets on a sale or return basis. 5. Debtors Trade debtors 9,628 2,831 Other debtors 9,628 2,831 Other debtors 9,628 2,831 Other debtors 1,404 2,411		Cost			
Depreciation		At 1 April 2021	27,697	65,209	92,906
At 1 April 2021 Charge for the year on owned assets 1,328 12,449 13,777 At 31 March 2022 26,824 52,861 79,685 Net book value At 31 March 2022 873 12,348 13,221 At 31 March 2021 2,201 24,797 26,998 4. Stocks 2022 £ £ £ Shop stock 32,695 46,124 At the year end the company held an estimated £17,000 (2021: £19,000) of assets on a sale or return basis. 5. Debtors 2022 £ £ £ £ £ Trade debtors 9,628 2,831 Other debtors 9,628 2,831 Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income 1,404 2,411		At 31 March 2022	27,697	65,209	92,906
At 1 April 2021 Charge for the year on owned assets 1,328 12,449 13,777 At 31 March 2022 26,824 52,861 79,685 Net book value At 31 March 2022 873 12,348 13,221 At 31 March 2021 2,201 24,797 26,998 4. Stocks 2022 £ £ £ Shop stock 32,695 46,124 At the year end the company held an estimated £17,000 (2021: £19,000) of assets on a sale or return basis. 5. Debtors 2022 £ £ £ £ £ Trade debtors 9,628 2,831 Other debtors 9,628 2,831 Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income 1,404 2,411		Depreciation			
Charge for the year on owned assets 1,328 12,449 13,777 At 31 March 2022 26,824 52,861 79,685 Net book value At 31 March 2022 873 12,348 13,221 At 31 March 2021 2,201 24,797 26,998 4. Stocks 2022 2021 £ £ Shop stock 32,695 46,124 At the year end the company held an estimated £17,000 (2021: £19,000) of assets on a sale or return basis. 5. Debtors 5. Debtors 2022 2021 £ £ £ Trade debtors 9,628 2,831 Other debtors 9,628 2,831 Other debtors 1,855 Prepayments and accrued income 1,404 2,411			25.496	40,412	65,908
Net book value At 31 March 2022 873 12,348 13,221 At 31 March 2021 2,201 24,797 26,998 4. Stocks 2022 2021 £ Shop stock 32,695 46,124 At the year end the company held an estimated £17,000 (2021: £19,000) of assets on a sale or return basis. 5. Debtors 2022 2021 £ Trade debtors 9,628 2,831 Other debtors - 1,855 Prepayments and accrued income 1,404 2,411				•	
At 31 March 2022 873 12,348 13,221 At 31 March 2021 2,201 24,797 26,998 4. Stocks 2022 2021 £ £ £ Shop stock 32,695 46,124 At the year end the company held an estimated £17,000 (2021: £19,000) of assets on a sale or return basis. 5. Debtors 2022 2021 £ £ £ Trade debtors 9,628 2,831 Other debtors 9,628 2,831 Other debtors 1,404 2,411		At 31 March 2022	26,824	52,861	79,685
At 31 March 2021 2,201 24,797 26,998 4. Stocks 2022 £ £ Shop stock 32,695 46,124 At the year end the company held an estimated £17,000 (2021: £19,000) of assets on a sale or return basis. 5. Debtors 2022 £ £ £ Trade debtors 9,628 2,831 Other debtors 9,628 2,831 Other debtors 1,404 2,411		Net book value			
4. Stocks 2022 2021 £ £ Shop stock 32,695 46,124 At the year end the company held an estimated £17,000 (2021: £19,000) of assets on a sale or return basis. 5. Debtors 2022 2021 £ £ Trade debtors 9,628 2,831 Other debtors 9,628 2,831 Other debtors 1,855 Prepayments and accrued income 1,404 2,411		At 31 March 2022	873	12,348	13,221
2022 2021 £		At 31 March 2021	2,201	24,797	26,998
## Shop stock Shop stock 32,695	4.	Stocks		2022	2021
At the year end the company held an estimated £17,000 (2021: £19,000) of assets on a sale or return basis. 5. Debtors 2022 2021 £ £ Trade debtors Other debtors Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income 1,404 2,411					
basis. 5. Debtors 2022 2021 £ £ £ Trade debtors 9,628 2,831 0ther debtors - 1,855 Prepayments and accrued income 1,404 2,411		Shop stock		32,695	46,124
Trade debtors 9,628 2,831 Other debtors - 1,855 Prepayments and accrued income 1,404 2,411			0 (2021: £19,000)	of assets on a s	ale or return
Trade debtors 9,628 2,831 Other debtors - 1,855 Prepayments and accrued income 1,404 2,411	5.	Debtors			
Other debtors - 1,855 Prepayments and accrued income 1,404 2,411				_	
Other debtors - 1,855 Prepayments and accrued income 1,404 2,411		Trade debtors		9,628	2,831
Prepayments and accrued income 1,404 2,411				-	
11,032 7,097		Prepayments and accrued income		1,404	
				11,032	7,097

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 March 2022

6. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2022 £	2021 £
Trade creditors	14,361	5,437
Amounts owed to group undertakings	87,401	92,377
Other taxation and social security	6,525	1,929
Other creditors	9,810	9,168
	118,097	108,911
7. Share capital		
	2022 £	2021 £
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
50,000 <i>(2021 - 50,000)</i> Ordinary share	es of £1.0 each 50,000	50,000

8. Commitments under operating leases

At 31 March 2022 the Company had future minimum lease payments due under non-cancellable operating leases for each of the following periods:

	2022 £	2021 £
Not later than 1 year		1,272

9. Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in section 33.1A of FRS 102 from disclosing transactions entered into between two or more members of the group as all subsidiaries are wholly owned.

10. Controlling party

The company is controlled by Nottingham Contemporary, the ultimate parent undertaking.

Group accounts are prepared by Nottingham Contemporary, a copy of which is available from Companies House.

11. Auditors' information

The auditors' report on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022 was unqualified.

The audit report was signed on 27 (1012) by Sarah Flear (Senior statutory auditor) on behalf of PKF Smith Cooper Audit Limited.