Company registration number 06600174 (England and Wales)	
TWOMLOWS LIMITED	
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022	
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BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2022

		2022		2021	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	3		37,917		42,917
Tangible assets	4		558,720		565,528
			596,637		608,445
Current assets					
Debtors	5	176,166		169,060	
Cash at bank and in hand		14,546		165,744	
		190,712		334,804	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(366,944)		(370,951)	
Net current liabilities			(176,232)		(36,147)
Total assets less current liabilities			420,405		572,298
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than					
one year	7		(375,541)		(528,542)
Provisions for liabilities			1,425		-
Net assets			46,289		43,756
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	8		300		300
Profit and loss reserves			45,989		43,456
Total equity			46,289		43,756

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Δ ct 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 22 December 2022 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mrs M Twomlow

Director

Company Registration No. 06600174

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Twomlows Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 20 Newport Road, Caldicot, Newport, Gwent, United Kingdom, NP26 4BQ.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

Revenue from contracts for the provision of professional services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion when the stage of completion, costs incurred and costs to complete can be estimated reliably. The stage of completion is calculated by comparing costs incurred, mainly in relation to contractual hourly staff rates and materials, as a proportion of total costs. Where the outcome cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised that it is probable will be recovered.

1.3 Intangible fixed assets - goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of acquisition of unincorporated businesses over the fair value of net assets acquired. It is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is considered to have a finite useful life and is amortised on a systematic basis over its expected life, which is 10 years.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Freehold land and buildings 2% straight line

Computers 20% reducing balance

Motor vehicles 25% reducing balance

1.5 Financial instruments

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivable or payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit and loss account in other administrative expenses.

1.6 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

1.7 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.8 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.9 Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessees. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised as assets at the lower of the assets fair value at the date of inception and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The related liability is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements. The interest is charged to profit or loss so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

1.10 Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the grant conditions will be met and the grants will be received.

A grant that specifies performance conditions is recognised in income when the performance conditions are met. Where a grant does not specify performance conditions it is recognised in income when the proceeds are received or receivable. A grant received before the recognition criteria are satisfied is recognised as a liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

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	The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:					
				2022 Number	2021 Number	
	Total			31	29	
3	Intangible fixed assets				Goodwill	
	Cost				£	
	At 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022				50,000	
	Amortisation and impairment At 1 April 2021				7,083	
	Amortisation charged for the year				5,000	
	At 31 March 2022				12,083	
	Carrying amount At 31 March 2022				37,917	
	At 31 March 2021				42,917	
4	Tangible fixed assets	Freehold land and buildings	ComputerMot	tor vehicles	Total	
		£	£	£	£	
	Cost	£4£ 000	1.502	20.001	576 50A	
	At 1 April 2021 Additions	545,000	1,503 1,064	30,001	576,504 1,064	
	At 31 March 2022	545,000	2,567	30,001	577,568	
	Depreciation and impairment					
	At 1 April 2021	-	351	10,625	10,976	
	Depreciation charged in the year		372	7,500	7,872	
	At 31 March 2022		723	18,125	18,848	
	Carrying amount					
	At 31 March 2022	545,000	1,844	11,876	558,720	
	At 31 March 2021	545,000	1,152	19,376	565,528	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

		2022	2021
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	:
	Trade debtors	77,799	88,58
	Other debtors	98,367	79,89
		176,166	168,486
		2022	2021
	Amounts falling due after more than one year:	£	ž
	Deferred tax asset		57-
		176.166	160.066
	Total debtors	176,166	169,060
i	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2022	202
		£	•
	Bank loans and overdrafts	191,900	122,24
	Trade creditors	6,254	8,216
	Corporation tax	2,195	12,762
	Other taxation and social security	52,181	68,91
	Other creditors	114,414	150 000
			130,00
		366,944	370,95
	The hire purchase balance of £5,142 (2021: £10,985), included in other creditors, is secured by	366,944	370,95
7		366,944	370,95
7	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	366,944 y fixed charges o	2021
7		366,944 y fixed charges o	370,95 ver asset.
•	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year Notes	366,944 y fixed charges of 2022	370,95 ver asset.
	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	366,944 y fixed charges o	370,95 ver asset. 202 522,97
,	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year Notes Bank loans and overdrafts	366,944 y fixed charges of 2022 £ 373,399	370,95 ver asset. 202 522,97 5,57.
,	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year Notes Bank loans and overdrafts Obligations under finance leases	366,944 y fixed charges of 2022 £ 373,399 2,142	370,95 ver asset. 202 522,97 5,57
7	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year Notes Bank loans and overdrafts Obligations under finance leases The hire purchase balance of £2,142 (2021: £5,571) is secured by fixed charge over asset.	366,944 y fixed charges of 2022 £ 373,399 2,142	370,95 ver asset. 202 522,97 5,57.
	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year Notes Bank loans and overdrafts Obligations under finance leases	366,944 y fixed charges of 2022 £ 373,399 2,142	370,951 ver asset.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

8	Called up share capital				
		2022	2021	2022	2021
	Ordinary share capital	Number	Number	£	£
	Issued and fully paid				
	Ordinary of £1 each	300	300	300	300

9 Directors' transactions

The directors operate current loan accounts which are credited with payments made by the directors and any eash introduced and debited with private expenses and cash drawn. The amount outstanding due to the directors at the year end was £85,350 (2021: £105,056). This amount being included in creditors: amounts falling due within one year.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.