Ashwell Renovations Ltd

Filleted Accounts

30 April 2023

**Ashwell Renovations Ltd** 

Registered number: 06569902

**Balance Sheet** 

as at 30 April 2023

ı	Notes		2023		2022
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		6,235		7,813
0					
Current assets		44.000		00.404	
Stocks		44,006		38,161	
Debtors	4	82,138		77,393	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,320		4,515	
		127,464		120,069	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	5	(70,416)		(65,924)	
Not assure at a sate			E7 040		54.445
Net current assets			57,048		54,145
Total assets less current		-		_	
liabilities			63,283		61,958
Creditors: amounts falling					
due after more than one year	6		(35,228)		(38,904)
Net assets		-	28,055	_	23,054
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			1,000		1,000
Profit and loss account			27,055		22,054
Shareholder's funds		-	28,055	_	23,054
			· -	-	

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Jeremy Riches

Director

Approved by the board on 7 September 2023

# Ashwell Renovations Ltd Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 30 April 2023

### 1 Accounting policies

# Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

### Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

# Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery

25% reducing balance

### Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

### **Debtors**

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

### Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

# **Taxation**

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and

their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

# Leased assets

Trade debtors

Other debtors

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

2	Employees	2023	2022
		Number	Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company	1	1
3	Tangible fixed assets		
J	Taligible fixed assets		Motor
			vehicles
			£
	Cost		
	At 1 May 2022		10,418
	Additions	_	500
	At 30 April 2023		10,918
	Depreciation		
	At 1 May 2022		2,605
	Charge for the year		2,078
	At 30 April 2023		4,683
	Net book value		
	At 30 April 2023		6,235
	At 30 April 2022	•	7,813
4	Debtors	2023	2022
•		£	£
		~	-

8,960

73,178

9,205

68,188

		82,138	77,393
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2023	2022
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	5,476	6,164
	Trade creditors	33,661	34,573
	Taxation and social security costs	17,422	23,772
	Other creditors	13,857	1,415
		70,416	65,924
6	Creditors: amounts falling due after one year	2023	2022
		£	£
	Bank loans	35,228	38,904

# 7 Other information

Ashwell Renovations Ltd is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

Halliwell

Kerdiston Road

Kerdiston

Norfolk

NR10 4RT

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.