The Companies Acts 1985 to 2006

Private Company Limited by Shares Company Number: 6548082

MEMORANDUM AND ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

Broadgate (PHC 8) 2008 Limited

Incorporated the 28th March 2008

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COMPANIES HOUSE

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THE COMPANIES ACTS 1985 to 2006

PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF

Broadgate (PHC 8) 2008 Limited

- 1 The Company's name is "Broadgate (PHC 8) 2008 Limited"
- 2 The Company's registered office is to be situated in England and Wales
- 3 1 The object of the Company is to carry on business as a general commercial company

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- Without prejudice to the generality of the object and the powers of the Company derived from section 3A of the Act the Company has power to do all or any of the following things -
- 3 2 1 To purchase or by any other means acquire and take options over any property whatever, and any rights or privileges of any kind over or in respect of any property
- 3 2 2 To apply for, register, purchase, or by other means acquire and protect, prolong and renew, whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere, any trade marks, patents, copyrights, trade secrets, or other intellectual property rights, licences, secret processes, designs, protections and concessions and to disclaim, after, modify, use and turn to account and to manufacture under or grant licences or privileges in respect of the same, and to expend money in experimenting upon, testing and improving any patents, inventions or rights which the Company may acquire or propose to acquire
- 3 2 3 To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, goodwill, and assets of any person, firm, or company carrying on or proposing to carry on any of the businesses which the Company is authorised to carry on and as part of the consideration for such acquisition to undertake all or any of the liabilities of such person, firm or company, or to acquire an interest in, amalgamate with, or enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing profits, or for co-operation, or for mutual assistance with any such person, firm or company, or for subsidising or otherwise assisting any such person, firm or company, and to give or accept, by way of consideration for any of the acts or things aforesaid or property acquired, any shares, debentures, debenture stock or securities that may be agreed upon, and to hold and retain, or sell, mortgage and deal with any shares, debentures, debenture stock or securities so received
- 3 2 4 To improve, manage, construct, repair, develop, exchange, let on lease or otherwise, mortgage, charge, sell, dispose of, turn to account, grant licences, options, rights and privileges in respect of, or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the Company
- 3 2 5 To invest and deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required in such manner as may from time to time be determined and to hold or otherwise deal with any investments made
- 3 2 6 To lend and advance money or give credit on any terms and with or without security to any person, firm or company (including without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing any holding company, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of, or any other company associated in any way with, the Company), to enter into guarantees, contracts of indemnity and suretyships of all kinds, to receive money on deposit or loan upon any terms, and to secure or guarantee in any manner and upon any terms the payment of any sum of money or the performance of any obligation by any person, firm or company (including without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing any such holding company, subsidiary, fellow subsidiary or associated company as aforesaid)
- 3 2 7 To borrow and raise money in any manner and to secure the repayment of any money borrowed, raised or owing by mortgage, charge, standard security, lien or other security upon the whole or any part of the Company's property or assets (whether present or future), including its uncalled capital, and also by a similar mortgage, charge, standard security, lien or security to secure and guarantee the performance by the Company of any obligation or liability it may undertake or which may become binding on it
- 3 2 8 To draw, make, accept, endorse, discount, negotiate, execute and issue cheques, bills of exchange, promissory notes, bills of lading, warrants, debentures, and other negotiable or transferable instruments
- 3 2 9 To apply for, promote, and obtain any Act of Parliament, order, or licence of the Department of Trade or other authority for enabling the Company to carry any of its objects into effect, or for effecting any modification of the Company's constitution, or for any other purpose which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to promote the Company's interests, and to oppose any proceedings or applications which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to prejudice the Company's interests
- 3 2 10 To enter into any arrangements with any government or authority (supreme, municipal, local, or otherwise) that may seem conducive to the attainment of the Company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority any charters, decrees, rights, privileges or concessions which the Company may think desirable and to carry out, exercise, and comply with any such charters, decrees, rights, privileges, and concessions

- 3 2 11 To subscribe for, take, purchase, or otherwise acquire, hold, sell, deal with and dispose of, place and underwrite shares, stocks, debentures, debenture stocks, bonds, obligations or securities issued or guaranteed by any other company constituted or carrying on business in any part of the world, and debentures, debenture stocks, bonds, obligations or securities issued or guaranteed by any government or authority, municipal, local or otherwise, in any part of the world
- 3 2 12 To control, manage, finance, subsidise, co-ordinate or otherwise assist any company or companies in which the Company has a direct or indirect financial interest, to provide secretarial, administrative, technical, commercial and other services and facilities of all kinds for any such company or companies and to make payments by way of subvention or otherwise and any other arrangements which may seem desirable with respect to any business or operations of or generally with respect to any such company or companies
- 3 2 13 To promote any other company for the purpose of acquiring the whole or any part of the business or property or undertaking or any of the liabilities of the Company, or of undertaking any business or operations which may appear likely to assist or benefit the Company or to enhance the value of any property or business of the Company, and to place or guarantee the placing of, underwrite, subscribe for, or otherwise acquire all or any part of the shares or securities of any such company as aforesaid
- 3 2 14 To sell or otherwise dispose of the whole or any part of the business or property of the Company, either together or in portions, for such consideration as the Company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures, or securities of any company purchasing the same
- 3 2 15 To act as agents or brokers and as trustees for any person, firm or company, and to undertake and perform sub-contracts
- 3 2 16 To remunerate any person, firm or company rendering services to the Company either by cash payment or by the allotment of shares or other securities of the Company credited as paid up in full or in part or otherwise as may be thought expedient
- 3 2 17 To distribute among the members of the Company in kind any property of the Company of whatever nature
- 3 2 18 To pay all or any expenses incurred in connection with the promotion, formation and incorporation of the Company, or to contract with any person, firm or company to pay the same, and to pay commissions to brokers and others for underwriting, placing, selling, or guaranteeing the subscription of any shares or other securities of the Company
- To support and subscribe to any charitable or public object and to support and subscribe to any institution, society, or club which may be for the benefit of the Company or its directors or employees, or may be connected with any town or place where the Company carries on business, to give or award pensions, annuities, gratuities, and superannuation or other allowances or benefits or charitable aid and generally to provide advantages, facilities and services for any persons who are or have been directors of, or who are or have been employed by, or who are serving or have served the Company, or any company which is a subsidiary of the Company or the holding company of the Company or a fellow subsidiary of the Company or the predecessors in business of the Company or of any such subsidiary, holding or fellow subsidiary company and to the wives, widows, children and other relatives and dependants of such persons, to make payments towards insurance including insurance for any director, officer or auditor against any liability in respect of any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust (so far as permitted by law), and to set up, establish, support and maintain superannuation and other funds or schemes (whether contributory or non-contributory) for the benefit of any of such persons and of their wives, widows, children and other relatives and dependants, and to set up, establish, support and maintain profit sharing or share purchase schemes for the benefit of any of the employees of the Company or of any such subsidiary, holding or fellow subsidiary company and to lend money to any such employees or to trustees on their behalf to enable any such schemes to be established or maintained
- 3 2 20 Subject to and in accordance with the provisions of the Act (if and so far as such provisions shall be applicable) to give, directly or indirectly, financial assistance for the acquisition of shares or other securities of the Company or of any other company or for the reduction or discharge of any liability incurred in respect of such acquisition

- 3 2 21 To procure the Company to be registered or recognised in any part of the world
- 3 2 22 To do all or any of the things or matters aforesaid in any part of the world and either as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and by or through agents, brokers, sub-contractors or otherwise and either alone or in conjunction with others
- 3 2 23 To do all such other things as may be deemed incidental or conducive to the attainment of the Company's objects or any of them
- 3 2 24 AND so that -
- 3 2 24 1 None of the provisions set forth in any sub-clause of this clause shall be restrictively construed but the widest interpretation shall be given to each such provision, and none of such provisions shall, except where the context expressly so requires, be in any way limited or restricted by reference to or inference from any other provision set forth in such sub-clause, or by reference to or inference from the terms of any other sub-clause of this clause, or by reference to or inference from the name of the Company
- 3 2 24 2 The word "company" in this clause, except where used in reference to the Company, shall be deemed to include any partnership or other body of persons, whether incorporated or unincorporated and whether domiciled in the United Kingdom or elsewhere
- 3 2 24 3 In this clause the expression "the Act" means the Companies Act 1985, but so that any reference in this clause to any provision of the Act shall be deemed to include a reference to any statutory modification or re-enactment of that provision for the time being in force
- 4 The liability of the members is limited
- 5 The Company's share capital is £1,000 divided into 1,000 shares of £1 each

memorandum, and I agree to take the number of shares shown opposite my name		
Name and address of Subscriber		Number of shares taken by the Subscriber
Instant Companies Limited 1 Mitchell Lane Bristol BS1 6BU		One
	- Total shares taken	One

I, the subscriber to this Memorandum of Association, wish to be formed into a Company pursuant to

Date 27th March 2008

he subscriber to this Memorandum of Association, wish to be formed into a Company pursuant to morandum, and I agree to take the number of shares shown opposite my name		
Name and address of subscriber	Number of shares taken by the subscriber	
Instant Companies Limited 1 Mitchell Lane BRISTOL BS1 6BU	1	
Total shares	taken - One	

Dated 27th March 2008

PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF

Broadgate (PHC 8) 2008 Limited

1 PRELIMINARY

- The regulations contained in Table A in the Schedule to the Companies (Tables A to F) Regulations 1985 (SI 1985 No 805) as amended by The Companies (Tables A to F) (Amendment) Regulations 1985 (SI 1985 No 1052), The Companies Act 1985 (Electronic Communications) Order 2000 (SI 2000 No 3373), the Companies (Tables A to F) (Amendment) Regulations 2007 (SI 2007 No 2541) and the Companies (Tables A to F) (Amendment) (No 2) Regulations 2007 (SI 2007 No 2826) so far as it relates to private companies limited by shares (such Table being hereinafter called "Table A") shall apply to the Company save in so far as they are excluded or varied hereby and such regulations (save as so excluded or varied) and the Articles hereinafter contained shall be the Articles of Association of the Company
- In these Articles the expression "the Act" means the Companies Act 1985 and "the 2006 Act" means the Companies Act 2006, but so that any reference in these Articles to any provision of the Act or the 2006 Act shall be deemed to include a reference to any statutory modification or re-enactment of that provision for the time being in force

2 ALLOTMENT OF SHARES

- Shares which are comprised in the authorised share capital with which the Company is incorporated shall be under the control of the directors who may (subject to section 80 of the Act and to article 2.4 below) allot, grant options over or otherwise dispose of the same, to such persons, on such terms and in such manner as they think fit
- 22 All shares which are not comprised in the authorised share capital with which the Company is incorporated and which the directors propose to issue shall first be offered to the members in proportion as nearly as may be to the number of the existing shares held by them respectively unless the Company in general meeting shall by special resolution otherwise direct. The offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares offered, and limiting a period (not being less than 14 days) within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined. After the expiration of that period, those shares so deemed to be declined shall be offered in the proportion aforesaid to the persons who have, within the said period, accepted all the shares offered to them, such further offer shall be made in like terms in the same manner and limited by a like period as the original offer. Any shares not accepted pursuant to such offer or further offer as aforesaid or not capable of being offered as aforesaid except by way of fractions and any shares released from the provisions of this article by any such special resolution as aforesaid shall be under the control of the directors, who may allot, grant options over or otherwise dispose of the same to such persons, on such terms, and in such manner as they think fit, provided that, in the case of shares not accepted as aforesaid, such shares shall not be disposed of on terms which are more favourable to the subscribers therefor than the terms on which they were offered to the members. The foregoing provisions of this article 2.2 shall have effect subject to section 80 of the Act
- 2.3 In accordance with section 91(1) of the Act sections 89(1) and 90(1) to (6) (inclusive) of the Act shall not apply to the Company
- The directors are generally and unconditionally authorised for the purposes of section 80 of the Act to exercise any power of the Company to allot and grant rights to subscribe for or convert securities into shares of the Company up to the amount of the authorised share capital with which the Company is incorporated at any time or times during the period of five years from the date of incorporation and the directors may, after that period, allot any shares or grant any such rights under this authority in pursuance of an offer or agreement so to do made by the Company within that period. The authority hereby given may at any time (subject to the said section 80) be renewed, revoked or varied by ordinary resolution.

3 SHARES

- The lien conferred by regulation 8 in Table A shall attach also to fully paid-up shares, and the Company shall also have a first and paramount lien on all shares, whether fully paid or not, standing registered in the name of any person indebted or under liability to the Company, whether he shall be the sole registered holder thereof or shall be one of two or more joint holders, for all moneys presently payable by him or his estate to the Company Regulation 8 in Table A shall be modified accordingly
- The liability of any member in default in respect of a call shall be increased by the addition at the end of the first sentence of regulation 18 in Table A of the words "and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment"

4 GENERAL MEETINGS AND RESOLUTIONS

- Every notice convening a general meeting shall comply with the provisions of section 325(1) of the 2006 Act as to giving information to members in regard to their right to appoint proxies, and notices of and other communications relating to any general meeting which any member is entitled to receive shall be sent to the directors and to the auditors for the time being of the Company
- 4 2 1 No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum is present. Subject to article 4 2 2 below, two persons entitled to vote upon the business to be transacted, each being a member or a proxy for a member or a duly authorised representative of a corporation, shall be a quorum
- 4 2 2 If and for so long as the Company has only one member, that member present in person or by proxy or (if that member is a corporation) by a duly authorised representative shall be a quorum
- 423 If a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for a general meeting the general meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place or to such other day and at such other time and place as the directors may determine, and if at the adjourned general meeting a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed therefor such adjourned general meeting shall be dissolved
- 4 2 4 Regulations 40 and 41 in Table A shall not apply to the Company
- 4 3 1 If and for so long as the Company has only one member and that member takes any decision which is required to be taken in general meeting or by means of a written resolution, that decision shall be as valid and effectual as if agreed by the Company in general meeting, subject as provided in article 4 3 3 below
- Any decision taken by a sole member pursuant to article 4.3.1 above shall be recorded in writing and delivered by that member to the Company for entry in the Company's minute book
- 433 Resolutions under section 168 of the 2006 Act for the removal of a director before the expiration of his period of office and under section 391 of the Act for the removal of an auditor before the expiration of his period of office shall only be considered by the Company in general meeting
- A member present at a meeting by proxy shall be entitled to speak at the meeting and shall be entitled to one vote on a show of hands. In any case where the same person is appointed proxy for more than one member he shall on a show of hands have as many votes as the number of members for whom he is proxy. A member present at a meeting by more than one proxy shall be entitled to speak at the meeting through each of the proxies but the proxies together shall be entitled to only one vote on a show of hands. In the event that the proxies do not reach agreement as to how their vote should be exercised on a show of hands, the voting power is treated as not exercised. Regulation 54 in Table A shall be modified accordingly.
- Unless resolved by ordinary resolution that regulation 62 in Table A shall apply without modification, the appointment of a proxy and any authority under which the proxy is appointed or a copy of such authority certified notarially or in some other way approved by the directors may be deposited or received at the place specified in regulation 62 in Table A up to the commencement of the meeting or (in any case where a poll is taken otherwise than at the meeting) of the taking of the poll or may be handed to the chairman of the meeting prior to the commencement of the business of the meeting

5 APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS

5 1 1 Regulation 64 in Table A shall not apply to the Company

- The maximum number and minimum number respectively of the directors may be determined from time to time by ordinary resolution. Subject to and in default of any such determination there shall be no maximum number of directors and the minimum number of directors shall be one. Whenever the minimum number of directors is one, a sole director shall have authority to exercise all the powers and discretions by Table A and by these Articles expressed to be vested in the directors generally, and regulation 89 in Table A shall be modified accordingly.
- Figure 1. Regulations 76 to 79 (inclusive) in Table A shall not apply to the Company
- No person shall be appointed a director at any general meeting unless either -
 - (a) he is recommended by the directors, or
- (b) not less than 14 nor more than 35 clear days before the date appointed for the general meeting, notice signed by a member qualified to vote at the general meeting has been given to the Company of the intention to propose that person for appointment, together with notice signed by that person of his willingness to be appointed
- 5 4 1 Subject to article 5 3 above, the Company may by ordinary resolution appoint any person who is willing to act to be a director, either to fill a vacancy or as an additional director
- The directors may appoint a person who is willing to act to be a director, either to fill a vacancy or as an additional director, provided that the appointment does not cause the number of directors to exceed any number determined in accordance with article 5 1 2 above as the maximum number of directors and for the time being in force
- In any case where as the result of death or deaths the Company has no members and no directors the personal representatives of the last member to have died shall have the right by notice in writing to appoint a person to be a director of the Company and such appointment shall be as effective as if made by the Company in general meeting pursuant to article 5.4.1 above. For the purpose of this article, where two or more members die in circumstances rendering it uncertain which of them survived the other or others, the members shall be deemed to have died in order of seniority, and accordingly the younger shall be deemed to have survived the elder

6 BORROWING POWERS

The directors may exercise all the powers of the Company to borrow money without limit as to amount and upon such terms and in such manner as they think fit, and subject (in the case of any security convertible into shares) to section 80 of the Act to grant any mortgage, charge or standard security over its undertaking, property and uncalled capital, or any part thereof, and to issue debentures, debenture stock, and other securities whether outright or as security for any debt, liability or obligation of the Company or of any third party

7 ALTERNATE DIRECTORS

- Unless otherwise determined by the Company in general meeting by ordinary resolution an alternate director shall not be entitled as such to receive any remuneration from the Company, save that he may be paid by the Company such part (if any) of the remuneration otherwise payable to his appointor as such appointor may by notice in writing to the Company from time to time direct, and the first sentence of regulation 66 in Table A shall be modified accordingly
- A director, or any such other person as is mentioned in regulation 65 in Table A, may act as an alternate director to represent more than one director, and an alternate director shall be entitled at any meeting of the directors or of any committee of the directors to one vote for every director whom he represents in addition to his own vote (if any) as a director, but he shall count as only one for the purpose of determining whether a quorum is present

8 GRATUITIES AND PENSIONS

8 1 1 The directors may exercise the powers of the Company conferred by its Memorandum of Association in relation to the payment of pensions, gratuities and other benefits and shall be entitled to retain any benefits received by them or any of them by reason of the exercise of any such powers

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- 8 1 2 Regulation 87 in Table A shall not apply to the Company
- 9 PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS
- A director may vote, at any meeting of the directors or of any committee of the directors, on any resolution, notwithstanding that it in any way concerns or relates to a matter in which he has, directly or indirectly, any kind of interest whatsoever, and if he shall vote on any such resolution his vote shall be counted, and in relation to any such resolution as aforesaid he shall (whether or not he shall vote on the same) be taken into account in calculating the quorum present at the meeting
- 9 1 2 Each director shall comply with his obligations to disclose his interest in contracts under section 317 of the Act
- 9 1 3 Regulations 94 to 97 (inclusive) in Table A shall not apply to the Company
- 10 COMMUNICATION BY MEANS OF A WEBSITE
- Subject to the provisions of the 2006 Act, a document or information may be sent or supplied by the Company to a person by being made available on a website
- 11 THE SEAL
- If the Company has a seal it shall only be used with the authority of the directors or of a committee of directors. The directors may determine who shall sign any instrument to which the seal is affixed and unless otherwise so determined it shall be signed by a director and by the secretary or second director. The obligation under regulation 6 in Table A relating to the sealing of share certificates shall apply only if the Company has a seal. Regulation 101 in Table A shall not apply to the Company.
- The Company may exercise the powers conferred by section 39 of the Act with regard to having an official seal for use abroad, and such powers shall be vested in the directors
- 12 PROTECTION FROM LIABILITY
- For the purposes of this article a "Liability" is any liability incurred by a person in connection with any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust by him in relation to the Company or otherwise in connection with his duties, powers or office and "Associated Company" shall bear the meaning referred to in section 256 of the 2006 Act Subject to the provisions of the 2006 Act and without prejudice to any protection from liability which may otherwise apply
- (a) the directors shall have power to purchase and maintain for any director of the Company, any director of an Associated Company, any auditor of the Company and any officer of the Company (not being a director or auditor of the Company), insurance against any Liability, and
- (b) every director or auditor of the Company and every officer of the Company (not being a director or auditor of the Company) shall be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against any loss or liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or in connection with any application in which relief is granted to him by the court from any Liability
- 12 2 Regulation 118 in Table A shall not apply to the Company
- 13 TRANSFER OF SHARES
- The directors may, in their absolute discretion and without assigning any reason therefor, decline to register the transfer of a share, whether or not it is a fully paid share, and the first sentence of regulation 24 in Table A shall not apply to the Company

Name and address of subscriber

Instant Companies Limited 1 Mitchell Lane BRISTOL BS1 6BU

Dated 27th March 2008

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The regulations of Table A to the Companies Act 1985 apply to the Company save in so far as they are excluded or varied by its Articles of Association

Table A as it relates to a private company limited by shares, as prescribed by the Companies (Tables A to F) Regulations 1985 (S I 1985 No 805), amended by the Companies (Tables A to F) (Amendment) Regulations 1985 (S I 1985 No 1052), The Companies Act 1985 (Electronic Communications) Order 2000 (S.I 2000 No 3373), the Companies (Tables A to F) (Amendment) Regulations 2007 (S I 2007 No 2541) and the Companies (Tables A to F) (Amendment) (No 2) Regulations 2007 (S I 2007 No 2826), is reprinted below

Table A THE COMPANIES ACT 1985 Regulations for Management of a Company Limited by Shares

INTERPRETATION

1 In these regulations the Act means the Companies Act 1985 including any statutory modification or
re-enactment thereof for the time being in force and any provisions of the
Companies Act 2006 for the time being in force
the articles means the articles of the company
clear days" in relation to the period of notice means that period excluding the day
when the notice is given or deemed to be given and the day for which it is given or
on which it is to take effect.

on which it is to take effect.

'communication' means the same as in the Electronic Communications Act 2000 electronic communications' means the same as in the Electronic Communications Act 2000 executed includes any mode of execution office means the registered office of the company 'the holder' in relation to shares means the member whose name is entered in the register of members as the holder of the shares the seal" means the common seal of the company secretary means the execution.

retary means the secretary of the company or any other person appointed to arm the duties of the secretary of the company including a joint, assistant or

the United Kingdom means Great Britain and Northern Ireland

Unless the context otherwise requires words or expressions contained in these regulations bear the same meaning as in the Act but excluding any statutory modification thereof not in force when these regulations become binding on the

modification thereof not in force when these regulations become binding on the company SHARE CAPITAL

2. Subject to the provisions of the Act and without prejudice to any rights attached to any existing shares any share may be issued with such rights or restrictions as the company may by ordinary resolution determine.

3. Subject to the provisions of the Act, shares may be issued which are to be redeemed or are to be liable to be redeemed at the option of the company or the holder on such terms and in such manner as may be provided by the articles.

4. The company may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred by the Act. Subject to the provisions of the Act, any such commission may be satisfied by the payment of cash or by the allotment of fully or partly paid shares or partly in one way and partly in the other.

5. Except as required by law no person shall be recognised by the company as holding any share upon any trust and (except as otherwise provided by the articles or by law) the company shall not be bound by or recognise any interest in any share except an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the holder SHARE CERTIFICATES.

8. Every member upon becoming the holder of any shares shall be entitled.

SHARE CERTIFICATES

6 Every member upon becoming the holder of any shares shall be entitled without payment to one certificate for all the shares of each class held by him (and upon transferring a part of his holding of shares of any class to a certificate for the balance of such holding) or several certificates each for one or more of his shares upon payment for every certificate after the first of such reasonable sum as the directors may determine Every certificate shall be sealed with the seal and shall specify the number class and distinguishing numbers (if any) of the shares to which it relates and the amount or respective amounts paid up thereon. The company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate for shares held jointly by several persons and delivery of a certificate to one joint holder shall be a sufficient delivery to all of them.

7 If a share certificate is defaced worn-out, lost or destroyed it may be renewed on such terms (if any) as to evidence and indemnity and payment of the expenses reasonably incurred by the company in investigating evidence as the directors may determine but otherwise free of charge and (in the case of defacement or wearing-out) on delivery up of the old certificate.

defacement or wearing-out) on delivery up of the old certificate
LIEN

The company shall have a first and paramount lien on every share (not being
a fully paid share) for all moneys (whether presently payable or not) payable at a
fixed time or called in respect of that share. The directors may at any time declare
any share to be wholly or in part exempt from the provisions of this regulation. The
company is lien on a share shall extend to any amount payable in respect of it.

The company has a lien of a sum in respect of which the lien exists is
presently payable and is not paid within fourtien clear days after notice has been
given to the holder of the share or to the person entitled to it in consequence of the
death or bankruptcy of the holder, demanding payment and stating that if the notice
is not complied with the shares may be sold.

To give effect to a sale the directors may authorise some person to execute
an instrument of transfer of the shares sold to or in accordance with the directors
of the purchaser. The title of the transferee to the shares shall not be affected by
any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the sale.

The net proceeds of the sale after payment of the costs shall be applied in
payment of so much of the sum for which the lien exists as is presently payable
and any residue shall (upon surrender to the company for cancellation of the
certificate for the shares sold and subject to a like lien for any moneys not presently
payable as existed upon the shares before the sale) be paid to the person entitled to
the shares at the date of the sale
CALLS ON SHARES AND FORFEITURE

2. Subject to the terms of allotment, the directors may make calls upon the
members in the face of the sale.

CALLS ON SHARES AND FORFEITURE

Subject to the terms of allotment, the directors may make calls upon the members in respect of any moneys unpaid on their shares (whether in respect of normal value or premium) and each member shall (subject to receiving at least fourteen clear days notice specifying when and where payment is to be made) pay to the company as required by the notice the amount called on his shares. A call may be required to be paid by instalments. A call may before receipt by the company of any sum due thereunder be revoked in whole or part and payment of a call may be postponed in whole or part. A person upon whom a call is made shall remain liable for calls made upon him notwithstanding the subsequent transfer of the shares in respect whereof the call was made.

13. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the directors authorism the call was passed.

the directors authorising the call was passed

14 The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls

The point node is or a share shall be point, the specified in respect thereof

15 If a call remains unpaid after it has become due and payable the person from whom it is due and payable shall pay interest on the amount unpaid from the day it

became due and payable until it is paid at the rate fixed by the terms of allotment of the share or in the notice of the call or if no rate is fixed at the appropriate rate (as defined by the Act) but the directors may warve payment of the interest wholly or in

An amount payable in respect of a share on allotment or at any fixed date

An amount payable in respect of a share on allotment or at any fixed date whether in respect of nominal value or premium or as an instalment of a call shall be deemed to be a call and if it is not paid the provisions of the articles shall apply as if that amount had become due and payable by write of a call 7. Subject to the terms of allotment, the directors may make arrangements on the issue of shares for a difference between the holders in the amounts and times of payment of calls on their shares.

18 If a call remains unpaid after it has become due and payable the directors may give to the person from whom it is due not less than fourteen clear days notice requiring payment of the amount unpaid together with any interest which may have accrued. The notice is hall name the place where payment is to be made and shall state that if the notice is not complied with the shares in respect of which the call was made will be liable to be forfeited.

was made will be liable to be forfeited

19

If the notice is not complied with any share in respect of which it was given
may before the payment required by the notice has been made be forfeited by a
resolution of the directors and the forfeiture shall include all dividends or other
moneys payable in respect of the forfeiture shall include all dividends or other
20

Subject to the provisions of the Act a forfeited share may be sold re-allotted
or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the directors
determine either to the person who was before the forfeiture the holder or to any
other person and at any time before sale re-allotment or other disposition the
forfeiture may be cancelled on such terms as the directors think fit. Where for the
purposes of its disposal a forfeited share is to be transferred to any person the
directors may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the
share to that person
21

A person any of whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a

share to that person

1. A person any of whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a
member in respect of them and shall surrender to the company for cancellation the
certificate for the shares forfeited but shall remain liable to the company for all
moneys which at the date of forfeiture were presently payable by him to the
company in respect of those shares with interest at the rate at which interest was
payable on those moneys before the forfeiture or if no interest was so payable at
the appropriate rate (as defined in the Act) from the date of forfeiture until payment
but the directors may wave payment wholks or in part or endour names without.

the appropriate rate (as defined in the Act) from the date of forfeiture until payment but the directors may waive payment wholly or in part or enforce payment without any allowance for the value of the shares at the time of forfeiture or for any consideration received on their disposal

22. A statutory declaration by a director or the secretary that a share has been forfeited on a specified date shall be conclusive evidence of the facts stated in it as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share and the declaration shall (subject to the execution of an instrument of transfer if necessary) constitute a good rifle to the share and the person to whom the share is disposed of shall not be (subject to the execution of an instrument of transfer in necessary) constitute a good trile to the share and the person to whom the share is disposed of shall not be bound to see to the application of the consideration if any nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture or disposal of the share TRANSFER OF SHARES

TRANSFER OF SHAKES

3. The instrument of transfer of a share may be in any usual form or in any other form which the directors may approve and shall be executed by or on behalf of the transferor and unless the share is fully paid by or on behalf of the transferor expected in the share which is not fully paid to a person of whom they do not approve and they may refuse to register the transfer of a share on which the company has a lien. They may also refuse to receive a transfer lines.

register a transfer unless

(a) it is lodged at the office or at such other place as the directors may appoint and is accompanied by the certificate for the shares to which it relates and such other evidence as the directors may reasonably require to show the right of the transfer to make the transfer.

(b) It is in respect of only one class of shares and (c) it is in favour of not more than four transferees.

25 If the directors refuse to register a transfer of a share they shall within two months after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the company send to the transferee notice of the refusal.

26 The registration of transfers of shares or of transfers of any class of shares may be suspended at such times and for such periods (not exceeding thirty days in any year) as the directors may determine.

27 No fee shall be charged for the registration of any instrument of transfers.

any year) as the directors may determine

7 No fee shall be charged for the registration of any instrument of transfer or other document, relating to or affecting the title to any share

The company shall be entitled to retain any instrument of transfer which is registered but any instrument of transfer which the directors refuse to register shall be returned to the person lodging it when notice of the refusal is given

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES
29 If a member dies the survivor or survivors where he was a joint holder and his personal representatives where he was a sole holder or the only survivor of joint holders shall be the only persons recognised by the company as having any title to his interest, but nothing herein contained shall release the estate of a deceased member from any liability in respect of any share which had been jointly held by

him

30 A person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member may upon such evidence being produced as the directors may properly require elect either to become the holder of the share or to have some person nominated by him registered as the transferee. If he elects to become the holder he shall give notice to the company to that effect. If he elects to have another person registered he shall execute an instrument of transfer of the share to that person. All the articles relating to the transfer of shares shall apply to the notice or instrument of transfer as if it were an instrument of transfer executed by the member and the death or bankruptcy of the member and not occurred.

31 A person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member shall have the nights to which he would be entitled if he were the holder of the share except that he shall not, before being registered as the holder of the share be entitled in respect of it to attend or vote at any meeting of the company or at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the company or

- 32
- The company may by ordinary resolution (a) Increase its share capital by new shares of such amount as the

- The company may by ordinary resolution—

 (a) increase its share capital by new shares of such amount as the resolution prescribes

 (b) consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares

 (c) subject to the provisions of the Act, sub-divide its shares or any of them into shares of smaller amount and the resolution may determine that, as between the shares resulting from the sub-division any of them may have any preference or advantage as compared with the others and

 (d) cancel shares which at the date of the passing of the resolution have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled

 33 Whenever as a result of a consolidation of shares any members would become entitled to fractions of a share the directors may on behalf of those members sell the shares representing the fractions for the best price reasonably obtainable to any person (including subject to the provisions of the Act, the company) and distribute the net proceeds of sale in due proportion among those members and the directors may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares to or in accordance with the direction of the purchaser fine transfer of the shares to or in accordance with the direction of the purchaser money nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the sale

 34 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the company may by special resolution reduce its share capital any capital redemption reserve and any share premium account in any way

account in any way PURCHASE OF OWN SHARES

PURCHASE OF OWN STAKES
35 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the company may purchase its own shares (including any redeemable shares) and if it is a private company make a payment in respect of the redemption or purchase of its own shares otherwise than out of distributable profits of the company or the proceeds of a fresh issue of

GENERAL MEETINGS

- shares
 GENERAL MEETINGS
 36 [Deleted]
 37 The directors may call general meetings and on the requisition of members pursuant to the provisions of the Act, shall forthwith proceed to convene a general meeting in accordance with the provisions of the Act. If there are not within the United Kingdom sufficient directors to call a general meeting any director or any member of the company may call a general meeting any director or any member of the company may call a general meeting NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS
 36 General meetings shall be called by at least fourteen clear days notice but a general meeting may be called by shorter notice if it is so agreed
 (a) [Deleted]
 (b) by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote being a majority together holding not less than ninety per cent in nominal value of the shares giving that right.
 The notice shall specify the time and place of the meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted.
 Subject to the provisions of the articles and to any restrictions imposed on any shares the notice shall be given to all the members to all persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member and to the directors and auditors.

39 The accidental omission to give notice of a meeting to or the non-receipt of notice of a meeting by any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceedings at that meeting PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

- notice of a meeting by any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceedings at that meeting PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

 40 No business shall be transacted at any meeting unless a quorium is present. Save in the case of a company with a single member two persons entitled to vote upon the business to be transacted each being a member or a proxy for a member or a duly authorised representative of a corporation shall be a quorum 41 If such a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place or to such time and place as the directors may determine 42. The chairman if any of the board of directors or in his absence some other director nominated by the directors shall preside as chairman of the meeting but if neither the chairman nor such other director (if any) be present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting and willing to act the director present shall elect one of their number to be chairman and if there is only one director present and willing to act, he shall be chairman 43. If no director is willing to act as chairman or if no director is present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting the members present and entitled to vote shall choose one of their number to be chairman 44. A director shall individually a cat as chairman or if no director is present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting the meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the company.

 45 The chairman may with the consent of a meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall if so directed by the meeting) adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place but no business shall be transacted at an adjourned for fourteen days or more at least seven clear days notice shall be given specifying the time and place of the adjourned meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted. Otherw

- and a demand by a person as proxy for a member shall be the same as a demand
- by the member 47 Unless by the member 47 Unless a poll is duly demanded a declaration by the chairman that a resolution has been carried or carried unanimously or by a particular majority or lost, or not carried by a particular majority and an entry to that effect in the minutes of the meeting shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number of proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against the resolution 48. The demand for a poll may before the poll is taken be withdrawn but only with the consent of the chairman and a demand so withdrawn shall not be taken to have invalidated the result of a show of hands declared before the demand was made.
- 49 A poll shall be taken as the chairman directs and he may appoint scrutneers (who need not be members) and fix a time and place for declaring the result of the poll. The result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at poll. The result of the poll sh which the poll was demanded
- which the poll was demanded

 50 [Deleted]

 51 A poll demanded on the election of a chairman or on a question of adjournment shall be taken forthwith. A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken either forthwith or at such time and place as the chairman directs not being more than thirty days after the poll is demanded. The demand for a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which the poll was demanded. If a poll is demanded before the declaration of the result of a show of hands and the demand is duly withdrawn the meeting shall continue as if the demand had not been made.

 52 No notice need be given of a poll not taken forthwith if the time and place at which it is to be taken are announced at the meeting at which it is demanded. In

any other case at least seven clear days notice shall be given specifying the time and place at which the poll is to be taken 53___[Deleted]

53 [Deleted] VOTES OF MEMBERS

and place at which the poll is to be taken

53 [Deteted]

VOTES OF MEMBERS

54 Sulpect to any rights or restrictions attached to any shares on a show of hands every member who (being an individual) is present in person or by proxy or (being a corporation) is present by a duly authorised representative or by proxy unless the proxy (in either case) or the representative is himself a member initiated to vote shall have one vote and on a poll every member shall have one vote for every share of which he is the holder

55 In the case of joint holders the vote of the senior who tenders a vote whether in person or by proxy shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders and seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names of the holders stand in the register of members

56 A member in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction (whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere) in matters concerning mental disorder may vote whether on a show of hands or on a poll by his receiver curator bonis or other person authorised in that behalf appointed by that court and any such receiver curator bonis or other person may on a poll vote by proxy. Evidence to the satisfaction of the directors of the authority of the person claiming to exercise the right to vote shall be deposited at the office or at such other place as is specified in accordance with the articles for the deposit of instruments of proxy not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the right to vote is to be exercised and in default the right to vote shall not be exercised for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the right to vote is to be exercised and in default the right to vote shall not be exercised for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting or adjourned meeting at a separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the company either in person or by proxy in respect of that share have been paid

58 No objection shall b

I/We of being a member/members of the above-named company hereby appoint of of or failing him of as my/our proxy to vote in my/our name(s) and on my/our behalf at the general meeting of the company to be held on 19 and at any adjournment thereof
Signed on 19

61 Where it is desired to afford members an opportunity of instructing the proxy how he shall act the appointment of a proxy shall be in the following form (or in a form as near thereto as circumstances allow or in any other form which is usual or which the directors may approve) being a member/members of the of or failing him

being a member/members of the aboveof or railing him or my/our behalf at the general meeting of the company to be held on 19 and at any adjournment thereof

This form is to be used in respect of the resolutions mentioned below as follows

Resolution No 1 *for *against Resolution No 2 *for *against

*Strike out whichever is not desired Unless otherwise instructed the proxy may vote as he thinks fit or abstain from

day of

- Signed this day of 19

 The appointment of a proxy and any authority under which it is executed or a copy of such authority certified notarially or in some other way approved by the directors mayr
 (a) in the case of an instrument in writing be deposited at the office or at such other place within the United Kingdom as is specified in the notice convening the meeting or in any instrument of proxy sent out by the company in relation to the meeting or it also that the person named in the instrument proposes to vote or (aa) in the case of an appointment contained in an electronic communications

 (i) in the notice convening the meeting or

electronic communications
(i) in the notice convening the meeting or
(ii) in the instrument of proxy sent out by the company in relation to the meeting or
(iii) in any invitation contained in an electronic communication to appoint a proxy issued by the company in relation to the meeting or
be received at such address not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the appointment proposes to vote

holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the appointment proposas to vote

(b) in the case of a poll taken more than 48 hours after it is demanded be deposited or received as aforesaid after the poll has been demanded and not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll or (c) where the poll is not taken forthwith but is taken not more than 48 hours after it was demanded be delivered at the meeting at which the poll was demanded to the chairman or to the secretary or to any director and an appointment of proxy which is not deposited delivered or received in a manner so permitted shall be invalid. In this regulation and the next, address" in relation to electronic communications includes any number or address used for the purposes of such communications.

3. A vote given or poll demanded by proxy or by the duly authorised representative of a corporation shall be valid notwithstanding the previous determination of the authority of the person voting or demanding a poll unless notice of the determination was received by the company at the office or at such other place at which the listrument of proxy was duly deposited or where the appointment of the proxy was contained in an electronic communication at the address at which such appointment was duly received before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vota is given or the poll demanded or (in the case of a poll taken otherwise than on the same day as the meeting or adjourned meeting), the time appointment of taking the poll

adjourned meeting) the time appointed for taking the poil
NUMBER OF DIRECTORS
64 Unless otherwise determined by ordinary resolution the number of directors (other than alternate directors) shall not be subject to any maximum but shall be not

- 65 Any director (other than an alternate director) may appoint any other director or any other person approved by resolution of the directors and willing to act, to be an alternate director and may remove from office an alternate director so appointed by him

 88 An alternate director shall be accounted.
- by him

 68 An alternate director shall be entitled to receive notice of all meetings of
 directors and of all meetings of committees of directors of which his appointor is a
 member to attend and vote at any such meeting at which the director appointing

him is not personally present, and generally to perform all the functions of his appointor as a director in his absence but shall not be entitled to receive any remuneration from the company for his services as an alternate director. But it shall not be necessary to give notice of such a meeting to an alternate director who is absent from the United Kingdom.

77 An alternate director ball cease to be an alternate director if his appoint or ceases to be a director but, if a director retires by rotation or otherwise but is reappointed or deemed to have been reappointed at the meeting at which he retires any appointment of an alternate director made by him which was in force immediately prior to his retirement shall continue after his reappointment.

88 Any appointment or removal of an alternate director shall be by notice to the company signed by the director making or revoking the appointment or in any other manner approved by the directors.

manner approved by the directors 89 Save as otherwise provided in the articles an alternate director shall be deemed for all purposes to be a director and shall alone be responsible for his own acts and defaults and he shall not be deemed to be the agent of the director appointing him POWERS OF DIRECTORS

POWERS OF DIRECTORS

70. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the memorandum and the articles and to any directions given by special resolution, the business of the company shall be managed by the directors who may exercise all the powers of the company. No atteration of the memorandum or articles and no such direction shall invalidate any prior act of the directors which would have been valid if that afteration had not been made or that direction had not been given. The powers given by this regulation shall not be limited by any special power given to the directors by the articles and a meeting of directors at which a quorum is present may exercise all powers exercisable by the directors.

meeting of directors at which a quorum is present may exercise all powers exercisable by the directors. The directors may by power of attorney or otherwise appoint any person to be the agent of the company for such purposes and on such conditions as they determine including authority for the agent to delegate all or any of his powers DELEGATION OF DIRECTORS POWERS.

7.2. The directors may delegate any of their powers to any committee consisting of one or more directors. They may also delegate to any managing director or any director holding any other executive office such of their powers as they consider desirable to be exercised by him. Any such delegation may be made subject to any conditions the directors may impose and either collaterally with or to the exclusion of their own powers and may be revoked or altered. Subject to any such conditions the proceedings of a committee with two or more members shall be governed by the articles regulating the proceedings of directors so far as they are capable of applying

applying APPOINTMENT AND RETIREMENT OF DIRECTORS

[Deleted [Deleted [Deleted No pers

No person shall be appointed or reappointed a director at any general ing unless -

Ro person shall be appointed or reappointed a director at any general meeting unless.

(a) he is recommended by the directors or (b) not less than fourteen nor more than thirty five clear days before the date appointed for the meeting notice executed by a member qualified to vote at the meeting has been given to the company of the intention to propose that person for appointment or reappointment stating the particulars which would if he were so appointed or reappointed be required to be included in the company's register of directors together with notice executed by that person of his willingness to be appointed or reappointed.

77 Not less than seven nor more than twenty-eight clear days before the date appointed for holding a general meeting notice shall be given to all who are entitled to receive notice of the meeting of any person who is recommended by the directors for appointment or reappointment as a director at the meeting or in respect of whom notice has been duly given to the company of the intention to propose him at the meeting for appointment or reappointment as a director. The notice shall give the particulars of that person which would if he were so appointed or reappointed be required to be included in the company's register of directors.

78 The company may by ordinary resolution appoint a person who is willing to act to be a director either to fill a vacancy or as an additional director and may also determine the rotation in which any additional directors are to retire.

79 The directors may appoint a person who is willing to act to be a director either to fill a vacancy or as an additional director provided that the appointment does not cause the number of directors to exceed any number fixed by or in accordance with the articles as the maximum number of directors.

80 [Deleted]
DISQUALIFICATION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

DISQUALIFICATION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

1 The office of a director shall be vacated if

(a) he ceases to be a director by virtue of any provision of the Act or he becomes prohibited by law from being a director or

(b) he becomes benkrupt or makes any arrangement or composition with his creditors generally or

(c) he is or may be suffering from mental disorder and either

(i) he is admitted to hospital in pursuance of an application for admission for treatment under the Mental Health Act 1983 or in Scotland an application for admission under the Mental Health (Scotland) Act 1990 or

(ii) an order is made by a court having jurisdiction (whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere) in matters concerning mental disorder for his detention or for the appointment of a receiver curator bonis or other person to exercise powers with respect to his property or affairs or

(d) he resigns his office by notice to the company or he shall for more than six consecutive months have been absent without permission of the directors from meetings of directors held during that period and the directors resolve that his office be vacated

REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS

82

32 The directors shall be entitled to such remuneration as the company may by ordinary resolution determine and unless the resolution provides otherwise the remuneration shall be deemed to accrue from day to day DIRECTORS EXPENSES

remuneration shall be deemed to accrue from day to day
DIRECTORS EXPENSES
33 The directors may be paid all travelling hotel and other expenses properly
incurred by them in connection with their attendance at meetings of directors or
committees of directors or general meetings or separate meetings of the holders of
any class of shares or of debentures of the company or otherwise in connection
with the discharge of their duties
DIRECTORS APPOINTMENTS AND INTERESTS
B4 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the directors may appoint one or more of
their number to the office of managing director or to any other executive office under
the company and may enter into an agreement or atrangement with any director for
his employment by the company or for the provision by him of any services outside
the scope of the ordinary duties of a director. Any such appointment, agreement or
arrangement may be made upon such terms as the directors determine and they
may remunerate any such director for his services as they think fit. Any
appointment of a director to an executive office shall terminate if he ceases to be a
director but without prejudice to any claim to damages for breach of the contract of
service between the director and the company. A managing director and a director
holding any other executive office shall not be subject to retirement by rotation
55. Subject to the provisions of the Act, and provided that he has disclosed to the
directors the nature and extent of any material interest of his a director
(a) may be a party to or otherwise interested in any transaction or
arrangement with the company or in which the company is otherwise interested
(b) may be a director or other officer of or employed by or a party to any
transaction or arrangement with or otherwise interested and
(c) shall not, by reason of his office or employment or from any such

transaction or arrangement or from any interest in any such body corporate and no such transaction or arrangement shall be liable to be avoided on the ground of any such interest or benefit.

For the purposes of regulation 85

(a) a general notice given to the directors that a director is to be regarded as having an interest of the nature and extent specified in the notice in any tansaction or airangement in which a specified person or class of persons is interested shall be deemed to be a disclosure that the director has an interest in any such transaction of the nature and extent so specified and
(b) an interest of which a director has no knowledge and of which it is unlessonable to expect him to have knowledge shall not be treated as an interest of his

DIRECTORS GRATUITIES AND PENSIONS

(b) an interest of which a director has no knowledge and of which it is unreasonable to expect him to have knowledge shall not be treated as an interest of his DIRECTORS GRATUITIES AND PENSIONS

77 The directors may provide benefits whether by the payment of gratuities or pensions or by insurance or otherwise for any director who has held but no longer holds any executive office or employment with the company or a predecessor in business of the company or a predecessor in business of the company or any such subsidiary and for any member of his family (including a spouse and a former spouse) or any person who is or was dependent on him and may (as well before as after he ceases to hold such office or employment) contribute to any fund and pay premiums for the purchase or provision of any such benefit.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

88 Subject to the provision of the articles, the directors may regulate their proceedings as they think fit. A director may and the secretary at the request of a director shall call a meeting of the directors it shall not be necessary to give notice of a meeting to a director who is absent from the United Kingdom. Questions arising at a meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes. In the case of an equality of votes the chairman shall have a second or casting vote A director who is also an alternate director shall be entitled in the absence of his appointor to a separate vote on behalf of his appointor in addition to his own vote.

89 The quorum for the transaction of the business of the directors may be fixed by the directors and unless so fixed at any other number shall be two. A person who holds office only as an alternate director shall if his appointor is not present, be counted in the quorum.

90 The continuing directors or a sole continuing director may act nosvithstanding any vacancies in their number but, if the number of directors is least than the number fixed as the quorum the continuing directors or director way appoint one of the directors and may at any time remove him

interest or duty arises only because the case rais musical following paragraphs

(a) the resolution relates to the giving to him of a guarantee security or indemnity in respect of money lent to or an obligation incurred by him for the benefit of the company or any of its subsidiaries

(b) the resolution relates to the gwing to a third party of a guarantee security or indemnity in respect of an obligation of the company or any of its subsidiaries for which the director has assumed responsibility in whole or part and whether alone or jointly with others under a guarantee or indemnity or by the gwing of security.

whether alone or jointly was some a few of security:

(c) his interest arises by virtue of his subscribing or agreeing to subscribe for any shares debentures or other securities of the company or any of its subsidiaries or by virtue of his being or intending to become a participant in the underwriting or sub-underwriting of an offer of any such shares debentures or other securities by the company or any of its subsidiaries for subscription purchase or avidance.

securities by the company or any of its subsidiaries for subscription purchase or exchange

(d) the resolution relates in any way to a retirement benefits scheme which has been approved or is conditional upon approval by the Board of Inland Revenue for travation purposes. For the purposes of this regulation an interest of a person who is for any purpose of the Act (excluding any statutory modification thereof nct in force when this regulation becomes binding on the company) connected with a director shall be treated as an interest of the appoint shall be treated as an interest of the attendance interests of the attendance training interests of the attendance training interests of the attendance training in relation to a resolution on which he is not entitled to vote 98. The company may by ordinary resolution suspend or relax to any extent, either generalty or in respect of any particular matter any provision of the articles prohibiting a director from voting at a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors.

Officerors

Where proposals are under consideration concerning the appointment of two or more directors to offices or employments with the company or any body corporate in which the company is interested the proposals may be divided and considered in relation to each director separately and (provided he is not for another reason precluded from voting) each of the directors concerned shall be entitled to vote and be counted in the quorum in respect of each resolution except that

vote and be counted in the quorum in respect of each resolution except that concerning his own appointment.

98 If a question arises at a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors as to the right of a director to vote the question may before the conclusion of the meeting be referred to the chairman of the meeting and his ruling in relation to any director other than himself shall be final and conclusive

SECRETARY

On Subject to the proceedings of the agreement shall be appointed by the

99 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the secretary shall be appointed by the directors for such term at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit; and any secretary so appointed may be removed by them

MINUTES

The directors shall cause minutes to be made in books kept for the purpose—

(a) of all appointments of officers made by the directors and (b) of all proceedings at meetings of the company of the holders of any class of shares in the company and of the directors and of committees of directors, including the names of the directors present at such meeting THE SEAL.

IT The seal shall only be used by the authority of the directors or of a committee directors authorised by the directors. The directors may determine who shall sign

any instrument to which the seal is affixed and unless otherwise so dishall be signed by a director and by the secretary or by a second directo DIVIDENDS

Subject to the provisions of the Act, the company may by ordinary resolution

Subject to the provisions of the Act, the company may by ordinary resolution declare dividends in accordance with the respective rights of the members but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the directors.

103 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the directors may pay interim dividends of it appears to them that they are justified by the profits of the company available for distribution. If the share capital is divided into different classes the directors may pay interim dividends on shares which confer preferential rights with regard to dividend as well as on shares which confer preferential rights with regard to dividend but no interim dividend shall be paid on shares carrying deferred or non-preferred rights if at the time of payment any preferential dividend is in arriera. The directors may also pay at intervals settled by them any dividend payable of a fixed rate if it appears to them that the profits available for distribution justify the payment. Provided the directors act in good faith they shall not incur any liability to the holders of shares conferring preferred rights for any loss they may suffer by the lawful payment of an interim dividend on any shares having deferred or non-preferred rights.

104 Except as otherwise provided by the rights attached to shares all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid up on the shares on

or shares colonially patiented rights to faily loss they have stated to an interim dividend on any shares having deferred or non-preferred rights.

104 Except as otherwise provided by the rights attached to shares all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid up on the shares on which the dividend is paid. All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid up on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend shall be appropriated as that share shall rank for dividend accordingly.

105 A general meeting declaring a dividend may upon the recommendation of the directors direct that it shall rank for dividend may upon the recommendation of the directors direct that it shall be satisfied wholly or partly by the distribution of assets and where any difficulty arises in regard to the distribution the directors may settle the same and in particular may issue fractional certificates and fix the value for distribution of any essets and may determine that cash shall be paid to any member upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of members and may vest any assets in trustees.

106 Any dividend or other moneys payable in respect of a share may be paid by cheque sent by post to the registered address of the person entitled or if two or more persons are the holders of the share or are jointly entitled to it by reason of the death or bankruptcy of the holder to the registered address of that one of those persons who is first named in the registered address of the person entitled or to such person and to such address as the person or persons entitled may in writing direct. Every cheque shall be made payable to the order of the person or persons entitled or to such other person as the person or persons entitled may in writing direct and payment of the cheque shall be a good discharge to the company. Any joint holder or other person jointly entitled to a share as aforesaid may give receipts for any dividend

ACCOUNTS
109 No member shall (as such) have any right of inspecting any accounting records or other book or document of the company except as conferred by statute or authorised by the directors or by ordinary resolution of the company CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS

The directors may with the authority of an ordinary resolution of the

110 The directors may with the authority of an ordinary resolution or the company—

(a) subject as hereinafter provided resolve to capitalise any undivided profits of the company not required for paying any preferential dividend (whether or not they are available for distribution) or any sum standing to the credit of the company's share premium account or capital redemption reserve

(b) appropriate the sum resolved to be capitalised to the members who would have been entitled to it if it were distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions and apply such sum on their behalf either in oil towards paying up the amounts if any for the time being unpaid on any shares held by them respectively or in paying up in full unissued shares or debentures of the company of a nominal amount equal to that sum and allot the shares or debentures credited as fully paid to those members or as they may direct, in those proportions or partly in one way and partly in the other but the share premium account, the capital redemption reserve and any profits which are not available for distribution may for the purposes of this regulation only be applied in paying up unissued shares to be allotted to members credited as fully paid.

(c) make such provision by the issue of fractional certificates or by payment in cash or otherwise as they determine in the case of shares or debentures becoming distributable under this regulation in fractions and (d) authorise any person to enter on behalf of all the members concerned into an agreement with the company providing for the allictment to them respectively credited as fully paid of any shares or debentures to which they are entitled upon such capitalisation any agreement made under such authority being binding on all such members.

NOTICES

111 Any notice to be given to or by any person pursuant to the articles (other than a notice calling a meeting of the directors) shall be in writing or shall be given using electronic communications to an address for the time being notified for that purpose to the person giving notice in this regulation address" in relation to electronic communications includes any number or address used for the purposes of such communications.

communications

112 The company may give any notice to a member either personally or by sending it by poet in a prepaid envelope addressed to the member at his registered address or by leaving it at that address or by giving it using electronic communications to an address for the time being notified to the company by the member. In the case of joint holders have all notices shall be given to the joint holding and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the joint holders. A member whose registered address is not within the United Kingdom and who gives to the company an address within the United Kingdom at which notices may be given to him or an address to which notices may be sent using electronic communications shall be entitled to have notices given to him at that address but otherwise no such member shall be entitled to receive any notice from the company. In this regulation and the next, address in relation to electronic communications includes any number or address used for the purposes of such communications.

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communications includes any number or address used for the purposes of such communications.

113 A member present, either in person or by proxy at any meeting of the company or of the holders of any class of shares in the company shall be deemed to have received notice of the meeting and where requisite of the purposes for which it was called.

114 Every person who becomes entitled to a share shall be bound by any notice in respect of that share which before his name is entered in the register of members has been duly given to a person from whom he derives his title.

115 Proof that an envelope containing a notice was given Proof that a notice contained in an electronic communication was sent in accordance with guidance issued by the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators shall be conclusive evidence that the notice was given. A notice shall be deemed to be given at the expiration of 48 hours after the envelope containing it was posted or in the case of a notice contained in an electronic communication at the expiration of 48 hours after the time it was sent. 48 hours after the time it was sent.

48 hours after the time it was sent.

116 A notice may be given by the company to the persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member by sending or delivering it, in any manner authorised by the articles for the giving of notice to a member addressed to them by name or by the title of representatives of the deceased or trustee of the bankrupt or by any like description at the address if any within the United Kingdom supplied for that purpose by the persons claiming to be so entitled Until such an address has been supplied a notice may be given in any manner in which it might have been given if the death or bankruptcy had not occurred WINDING UP

WINDING UP

117 If the company is wound up the liquidator may with the sanction of a special resolution of the company and any other sanction required by the Act, divide among the members in specie the whole or any part of the assets of the company and may for that purpose value any assets and determine how the division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members. The liquidator may with the like sanction vest the whole or any part of the assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the members as he with the like sanction determines but no member shall be compelled to accept any assets upon which there is a liability.

INDEMNITY

INDEMNITY

118 Subject to the provisions of the Act but without prejudice to any indemnity to which a director may otherwise be entitled every director or other officer or auditor of the company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the company against any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings whether civil or criminal in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or in connection with any application in which relief is granted to him by the court from liability for negligence default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the affairs of the company