REGISTERED NUMBER: 06538384 (England and Wales)

Unaudited Financial Statements

For The Year Ended 31 December 2018

for

Midland (Single Ply) Holdings Limited

Contents of the Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 December 2018

	Page
Company Information	1
Abridged Balance Sheet	2
Notes to the Financial Statements	3

Midland (Single Ply) Holdings Limited

Company Information For The Year Ended 31 December 2018

DIRECTORS: D R Burgess Mrs M C Burgess

SECRETARY: Miss L L Greenaway

REGISTERED OFFICE: Field Barn

Oxford Road Woodstock Oxfordshire OX20 1HU

REGISTERED NUMBER: 06538384 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS: Kingscott Dix Limited

Chartered Accountants Goodridge Court Goodridge Avenue

Gloucester Gloucestershire GL2 5EN

Abridged Balance Sheet 31 December 2018

		31.12.18		31.12.17	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Investments	3		438,500		438,500
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors		1,681		739	
Cash at bank		699_		1,641	
		2,380		2,380	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			2,380_		2,380
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			440,880		440,880
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					400
Called up share capital			100		100
Retained earnings			440,780		440,780
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			440,880		440,880

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 December 2018.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at
- the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

All the members have consented to the preparation of an abridged Income Statement and an abridged Balance Sheet for the year ended 31 December 2018 in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 5 August 2019 and were signed on its behalf by:

D R Burgess - Director

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 December 2018

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Midland (Single Ply) Holdings Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The Company and Group have taken advantage of the exemptions conferred by Section 398 of the Companies Act 2006 and not prepared Group accounts on the basis that the Group qualifies as a small group. The financial statements therefore present information concerning the Company only and not the Group.

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are recognised at cost.

Page 3 continued...

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued For The Year Ended 31 December 2018

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include trade and other debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those held at fair value through profit and loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other creditors, are recognised at transaction price.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Trade creditors are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year. If not, they are presented as creditors falling due after more than one year. Trade creditors are recognised at transaction price.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when, and only when, the company's obligations are discharged, cancelled, or they expire.

Page 4 continued...

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued For The Year Ended 31 December 2018

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Investments

Fixed assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less provision for any permanent diminution in value.

3. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

Information on investments other than loans is as follows:

information on investments other than loans is as follows.	Totals
COST	£
At 1 January 2018	
and 31 December 2018	_ 438,500
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 December 2018	_ 438,500
At 31 December 2017	438,500

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.