Registered number: 06517384

## **GP CARE UK LIMITED**

## **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

## INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020



# GP CARE UK LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER:06517384

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2020

	Note		2020 £		2019 £
FIXED ASSETS			_		~
Tangible assets	7		113,354		116,582
Investments	8		4		4
		_	113,358	_	116,586
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	9	11,649		1,560	
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	10	714,970		534,016	
Cash at bank and in hand		543,560		629,954	
	-	1,270,179	-	1,165,530	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	(464,789)		(543,598)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS	-		805,390		621,932
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		_	918,748	_	738,518
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	12		(25,134)		(34,061)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	12		(23,131)		(01,001)
Deferred tax		(20,055)		-	
Other provisions	13	(35,634)		(35,634)	
	-		(55,689)		(35,634)
NET ASSETS		_	837,925	_ _	668,823
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	14		647,779		647,779
Capital redemption reserve			10,684		10,684
Profit and loss account			179,462		10,360
		_	837,925	_	

## GP CARE UK LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER:06517384

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 MARCH 2020

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The company has opted not to file the statement of comprehensive income in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

#### M Bishop

Chair

Date: 7 October 2020

The notes on pages 3 to 12 form part of these financial statements.

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#### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

GP Care UK Limited is a private company incorporated in England and Wales under the Companies Act. The address of the registered office is: 160 Aztec West, Almondsbury, Bristol, BS32 4TU.

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the company's accounting policies.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

#### 2.2 GOING CONCERN

The Directors continue to monitor the financial situation and the impact of Covid-19, however the Directors consider that the business has sufficient resources to continue to trade for a period of at least 12 months. The Company has a number of contracts with Clinical Commissioning Groups to provide services, which are renewed on a regular basis, some annually and some every few years. The Directors anticipate sufficient contracts will be renewed and / or won to enable the Company to operate as a going concern for a period of at least one year from the date of approval of these financial statements.

#### 2.3 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Goodwill represents the difference between amounts paid on the cost of a business combination and the acquirer's interest in the fair value of its identifiable assets and liabilities of the acquiree at the date of acquisition. Subsequent to initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is amortised on a straight line basis to the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings over its useful economic life.

#### 2.4 TURNOVER

Turnover comprises revenue recognised by the company in respect of primary healthcare services and private healthcare services, exclusive of VAT, when a right to consideration has been obtained in exchange for performance of contractual obligations.

#### 2.5 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 2.5 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Fixtures and fittings

Straight line over 3 years

Computer equipment

Straight line over 3 years

Medical Equipment

Straight line over 3/5 years

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

#### 2.6 VALUATION OF INVESTMENTS

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment.

#### 2.7 STOCKS

Stocks are consumables and are stated at cost. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis.

At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stock is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### 2.8 DEBTORS

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

### 2.9 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

### 2.10 CREDITORS

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 2.11 OPERATING LEASES: THE COMPANY AS LESSEE

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to sign an operating lease are recognised on a straight line basis over the lease term, unless another systematic basis is representative of the time pattern of the lessee's benefit from the use of the leased asset.

#### 2.12 LEASED ASSETS: THE COMPANY AS LESSEE

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired by finance lease are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired by hire purchase are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to profit or loss so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

#### 2.13 PENSIONS

#### **DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLAN**

The company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in profit or loss when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Statement of Financial Position. The assets of the plan are held separately from the company in independently administered funds.

#### 2.14 INTEREST INCOME

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

#### 2.15 PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to profit or loss in the year that the company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the Statement of Financial Position date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Statement of Financial Position.

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 2.16 CURRENT AND DEFERRED TAXATION

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Statement of Financial Position date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

#### 3. EMPLOYEES

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 76 (2019: 78).

#### 4. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

	2020 £	2019 £
Directors' emoluments	295,760	285,799
Company contributions to defined contribution pension schemes	13,863	13,474
	309,623	299,273

During the year retirement benefits were accruing to 3 directors (2019: 3) in respect of defined contribution pension schemes.

The emoluments disclosed above comprise remuneration, inclusive of pension payments, for 3 executive directors (2019: 3) and for 3 non-executive directors (2019: 3) both in their role as directors and as clinical leads for the growing range of services provided by the company.

5.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

TAXATION		
	2020 £	2019 £
CORPORATION TAX	-	L
Current tax on profits for the year	14,159	-
	14,159	-
TOTAL CURRENT TAX DEFERRED TAX	14,159	
Origination and reversal of timing differences	25,397	38,751
TOTAL DEFERRED TAX	25,397	38,751
TAXATION ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES	39,556	38,751

### FACTORS AFFECTING TAX CHARGE FOR THE YEAR

There were no factors that affected the tax charge for the year which has been calculated on the profits on ordinary activities before tax at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2019: 19%).

### 6. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Goodwill £
COST	
At 1 April 2019	182,431
At 31 March 2020	182,431
AMORTISATION	
At 1 April 2019	182,431
At 31 March 2020	182,431
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 March 2020	
At 31 March 2019	

## 7. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Fixtures and fittings	Computer equipment	Medical equipment	Total
	£	£	£	£
COST				
At 1 April 2019	3,324	136,613	409,408	549,345
Additions	1,257	14,208	44,168	59,633
Disposals	-	-	(16,681)	(16,681)
At 31 March 2020	4,581	150,821	436,895	592,297
DEPRECIATION				
At 1 April 2019	2,937	95,870	333,956	432,763
Charge for the year on owned assets	464	19,978	30,742	51,184
Disposals	-	-	(5,004)	(5,004)
At 31 March 2020	3,401	115,848	359,694	478,943
NET BOOK VALUE				
At 31 March 2020	1,180	34,973	77,201	113,354
At 31 March 2019	387	40,743	75,452	116,582
The net book value of assets held under finance leases	or hire purchase co	ntracts, included al	bove, are as follows	i.
			2020 £	2019 £
Medical equipment			21,165	42,225

21,165

42,225

## 8. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

	Investments in subsidiary companies
	£
COST	
At 1 April 2019	4
At 31 March 2020	4

## SUBSIDIARY UNDERTAKINGS

The following were subsidiary undertakings of the company:

			Class of	
Name	Registered office	Principal activity	shares	Holding
Hello Health Limited	160 Aztec West, Almondsbury, Bristol, BS32 4TU	Dormant	Ordinary	100 %
Great Patient Care Limited	160 Aztec West, Almondsbury, Bristol, BS32 4TU	Dormant	Ordinary	100 %

The aggregate of the share capital and reserves as at 31 March 2020 and the profit or loss for the year ended on that date for the subsidiary undertakings was as follows:

	Aggregate of
	share capital
Name	and reserves
	£
Hello Health Limited	2
Great Patient Care Limited	2

9.	STOCKS		
		2020	2019
		£	£
	Finished goods and goods for resale	11,649	1,560
		11,649	1,560
10.	DEBTORS		
		2020	2019
		£	£
	Trade debtors	580,806	419,268
	Other debtors	27,130	16,530
	Prepayments and accrued income	107,034	92,876
	Deferred taxation	-	5,342
		714,970	534,016
11.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	2020 £	2019 £
	Trade creditors	169,148	149,367
	Corporation tax	14,159	-
	Other taxation and social security	43,227	37,432
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	7,942	7,792
	Other creditors	21	48
	Accruals and deferred income	230,292	348,959
		464,789	543,598
12.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR		
		2020 £	2019 £
	Net obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	25,134	34,061
		25,134	34,061

#### 13. PROVISIONS

10.	1 NO VIOLONO		
		-	Employment Tax Provision £
	At 1 April 2019		35,634
	AT 31 MARCH 2020	- -	35,634
14.	SHARE CAPITAL		
		2020	2019
		£	£
	ALLOTTED, CALLED UP AND FULLY PAID		
	6,477,790 (2019: 6,477,790) Ordinary shares of £0.10 each	<u>647,779</u>	647,779

#### 15. PENSION COMMITMENTS

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the company to the fund and amounted £79,043 (2019: £80,007). At the balance sheet date contributions amounting to £10,501 (2019: £8,389) were outstanding and are included within creditors.

## 16. COMMITMENTS UNDER OPERATING LEASES

At 31 March 2020 the company had future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	2020 £	2019 £
Not later than 1 year	111,456	106,221
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	78,316	67,972
	189,772	174,193

### 17. AUDITORS' INFORMATION

The auditors' report on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020 was unqualified.

The audit report was signed on 7 October 2020 by John Talbot FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor) on behalf of Bishop Fleming Bath Limited.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.