

DSV UNITED KINGDOM LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019 PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR



DSV UNITED KINGDOM LIMITED

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DSV UNITED KINGDOM LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 JUNE 2019

			19	2018	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets Tangible assets	3		367,130		427,335
Current assets Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	4	400,015 395,320 411,666		443,515 549,301 89,659	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	1,207,001		1,082,475	
Net current assets			939,752		708,798
Total assets less current liabilities			1,306,882		1,136,133
Provisions for liabilities			(61,222)		(71,844)
Net assets			1,245,660		1,064,289
Capital and reserves Called up share capital	7		1,000		1,000
Profit and loss reserves			1,244,660		1,063,289
Total equity			1,245,660		1,064,289

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime of the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 17 | 9 | 2019 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr M Mann

Director

Dr E Hupe

Company Registration No. 06511864

DSV UNITED KINGDOM LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

1 Accounting policies

Company information

DSV United Kingdom Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Countrywide House, 23 West Bar, Banbury, Oxfordshire, England, OX16 9SA.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts supplied during the period, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer (usually on dispatch of the goods), the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Leasehold imp'ments6% to 12.5% straight linePlant and machinery6% to 50% straight lineFixtures & fittings10% to 20% straight lineMotor vehicles25% to 50% straight line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.4 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Stocks held for distribution at no or nominal consideration are measured at the lower of replacement cost and cost, adjusted where applicable for any loss of service potential.



DSV UNITED KINGDOM LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

At each reporting date, an assessment is made for impairment. Any excess of the carrying amount of stocks over its estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell is recognised as an impairment loss in profit or loss. Reversals of impairment losses are also recognised in profit or loss.

1.5 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.6 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

1.7 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.8 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

DSV UNITED KINGDOM LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.9 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leases asset are consumed.

1.10 Foreign exchange

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 17 (2018 - 17).

3 Tangible fixed assets

•	Leasehold imp'ments	Plant and machinery	Fixtures & fittings	Motor vehicles	Total
	£	£	£	£	£
Cost					
At 1 July 2018	209,183	1,008,513	2,083	32,998	1,252,777
Additions	22,465	21,179	-	-	43,644
At 30 June 2019	231,648	1,029,692	- 2,083	32,998	1,296,421
Depreciation and impairment				_	
At 1 July 2018	141,915	663,257	2,083	18,187	825,442
Depreciation charged in the year	11,284	89,577	-	2,988	103,849
At 30 June 2019	153,199	752,834	2,083	21,175	929,291
Carrying amount					
At 30 June 2019	78,449	276,858	-	11,823	367,130
At 30 June 2018	67,268	345,256		14,811	427,335

As at 30 June 2019, capital expenditure of £164,157 was contracted but not provided for in the financial statements (2018: £nil).



DSV UNITED KINGDOM LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

4	Debtors	2019	2018
	Amounts falling due within one year:	2019 £	2010 £
	Trade debtors	208,942	458,882
	Corporation tax recoverable	47,422	14,221
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	61,796	17,221
	Other debtors	14,044	21,941
	Prepayments and accrued income	63,116	54,257
		395,320	549,301
		===	
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	•	2019	2018
	•	£	£
	Trade creditors	130,404	191,137
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	21,498	92,488
	Taxation and social security	30,650	27,025
	Other creditors	149	386
	Accruals and deferred income	84,548	62,641
		267,249 ————	373,677
6	Provisions for liabilities	2019	2018
		£	£
	Deferred tax liabilities	61,222	71,844
7	Called up share capital		
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	Issued and fully paid		
	1,000 (2018: 1,000) Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000

8 Audit report information

As the income statement has been omitted from the filing copy of the financial statements, the following information in relation to the audit report on the statutory financial statements is provided in accordance with s444(5B) of the Companies Act 2006:

The Independent Auditor's Report was unqualified. The name of the Senior Statutory Audit who signed the audit report was Charlotte Toemaes BSc ACA who signed for and on behalf of Ellacotts LLP, Statutory Auditor.

DSV UNITED KINGDOM LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

9 Operating lease commitments

Lessee

At the reporting date the company had outstanding lease commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases of £289,074 (2018: £327,388).

10 Related party transactions

No transactions with related parties were undertaken which are required to be disclosed under FRS102 Section 1A.

11 Parent company

The company's immediate parent and ultimate parent company, and the smallest and largest group for which group accounts are prepared is Deutsche Saatveredelung AG, a company incorporated in Germany. Copies of the financial statements of Deutsche Saatveredelung AG are available from Desutsche Saatveredelung AG Head Office in Lippstadt at Weissenburger Straße 5, 59557 Lippstadt, Germany.