

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017 PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR



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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

Mr M Mann

Dr H Schaupp

Secretary

Mr M Mann

Company number

06511864

Registered office

Countrywide House

23 West Bar Banbury Oxfordshire England OX16 9SA

Auditor

Ellacotts LLP

Countrywide House

23 West Bar Banbury Oxfordshire England OX16 9SA



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BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 JUNE 2017

		2017		2016	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		550,201		591,027
Current assets					
Stocks		509,451		710,518	
Debtors	4	223,433		269,164	
Cash at bank and in hand		213,946		273,969	
		946,830		1,253,651	
Creditors: amounts falling due within	5	(240,233)		(666,818)	
one year		(240,233)		(000,010)	
Net current assets			706,597		586,833
Total assets less current liabilities			1,256,798		1,177,860
Provisions for liabilities			(94,193)		(106,038)
Net assets			1,162,605		1,071,822
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	7		1,000		1,000
Profit and loss reserves			1,161,605		1,070,822
Total equity			1,162,605		1,071,822
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The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime of the Companies Act 2006.

Mr M Mann Director Dr H Schaupp Director

Company Registration No. 06511864



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

1 Accounting policies

Company information

DSV United Kingdom Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Countrywide House, 23 West Bar, Banbury, Oxfordshire, England, OX16 9SA.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

These financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2017 are the first financial statements of DSV United Kingdom Limited prepared in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland. The date of transition to FRS 102 was 1 July 2015. The reported financial position and financial performance for the previous period are not affected by the transition to FRS 102.

1.2 Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts supplied during the period, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer (usually on dispatch of the goods), the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Revenue from contracts for the provision of professional services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion when the stage of completion, costs incurred and costs to complete can be estimated reliably. The stage of completion is calculated by comparing costs incurred, mainly in relation to contractual hourly staff rates and materials, as a proportion of total costs. Where the outcome cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised that are recoverable.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Leasehold imp'ments6% to 12.5% straight linePlant and machinery6% to 50% straight lineFixtures & fittings10% to 20% straight lineMotor vehicles25% to 50% straight line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.4 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Stocks held for distribution at no or nominal consideration are measured at the lower of replacement cost and cost, adjusted where applicable for any loss of service potential.

At each reporting date, an assessment is made for impairment. Any excess of the carrying amount of stocks over its estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell is recognised as an impairment loss in profit or loss. Reversals of impairment losses are also recognised in profit or loss.

1.5 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.6 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.7 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.8 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.9 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to income on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the lease asset are consumed.

1.10 Foreign exchange

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 18 (2016 - 17).



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

Tangible fixed assets	Leasehold Plant and Fixtures & Motor vehic		otor vehicles	Total	
	imp'ments £	machinery £	fittings £	£	£
Cost	_	_	_		
At 1 July 2016	209,183	928,488	2,083	32,998	1,172,752
Additions	-	84,575	· <u>-</u>	-	84,575
Disposals	-	(6,300)	, -	-	(6,300)
At 30 June 2017	209,183	1,006,763	2,083	32,998	1,251,027
Depreciation and impairment					
At 1 July 2016	121,494	445,904	2,083	12,244	581,725
Depreciation charged in the year	10,303	109,522	-	2,976	122,801
Eliminated in respect of disposals	-	(3,700)	-	-	(3,700)
At 30 June 2017	131,797	551,726	2,083	15,220	700,826
Carrying amount					
At 30 June 2017	77,386	455,037	-	17,778	550,201
At 30 June 2016	87,689	482,584	_	20,754	591,027

As at 30 June 2017, capital expenditure of £nil was contracted but not provided for in the financial statements (2016: £5,025).

4 Debtors

	2017	2016
Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
Trade debtors	113,020	40,239
Corporation tax recoverable	26,514	19,279
Amounts due from group undertakings	-	131,204
Other debtors	22,856	15,478
Prepayments and accrued income	61,043	62,964
	223,433	269,164
		



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
J	oreditors, amounts failing due within one year	2017	2016
		£	£
	Trade creditors	70,356	62,830
	Amounts due to group undertakings	83,458	478,800
	Other taxation and social security	26,158	19,335
	Other creditors	166	4,283
	Accruals and deferred income	60,095	101,570
		240,233	666,818
6	Provisions for liabilities		
		2017 £	2016 £
	Deferred tax liabilities	94,193	106,038
		94,193	106,038
7	Called up share capital		
	·	2017	2016
		£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	Issued and fully paid		
	1,000 Ordinary of £1 each	1,000	1,000
	,		

8 Audit report information

As the income statement has been omitted from the filing copy of the financial statements the following information in relation to the audit report on the statutory financial statements is provided in accordance with s444(5B) of the Companies Act 2006:

The Independent Auditor's Report was unqualified. The name of the Senior Statutory Audit who signed the audit report was Charlotte Houghton BSc ACA who signed for and on behalf of Ellacotts LLP, Statutory Auditor.

9 Operating lease commitments

Lessee

At the reporting date the company had outstanding lease commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases of £360,938 (2016: 403,147).

10 Related party transactions

No transactions with related parties were undertaken which are required to be disclosed under FRS102 Section 1A.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

11 Parent company

The company's immediate parent and ultimate parent company, and the smallest and largest group for which group accounts are prepared is Deutsche Saatveredelung AG, a company incorporated in Germany. Copies of the financial statements of Deutsche Saatveredelung AG are available from Desutsche Saatveredelung AG Head Office in Lippstadt at Weissenburger Straße 5, 59557 Lippstadt, Germany.