Company Registration No. 06491893 (England and Wales)
GLOBUS MEDICAL UK LTD
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017
PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

		201	17	201	16
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		1,122		6,681
Current assets					
Stocks	4	-		418,214	
Debtors	5	2,499,629		3,042,101	
Cash at bank and in hand		907,535		597,869	
		3,407,164		4,058,184	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(1,465,232)		(2,352,756)	
Net current assets			1,941,932		1,705,428
Total assets less current liabilities			1,943,054		1,712,109
Provisions for liabilities			2,535		2,191
Net assets			1,945,589		1,714,300
Capital and reserves	_		4		
Called up share capital	7		l		1 714 200
Profit and loss reserves			1,945,588		1,714,299
Total equity			1,945,589		1,714,300

The director of the company has elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 28 September 2018

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

Mr DT Scavilla

Director

Company Registration No. 06491893

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Globus Medical UK LTD is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Unit 7, Rotunda Business Centre, Thorncliffe Park, Chapel Town, Sheffield, S35 2PH.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods and services net of VAT and trade discounts, and was wholly attributable to markets in the UK.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Surgical instrument 33% straight line
Fixtures, fittings & equipment 20% straight line
Computer equipment 33% straight line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.4 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Stocks held for distribution at no or nominal consideration are measured at the lower of replacement cost and cost, adjusted where applicable for any loss of service potential.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

1.5 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.6 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

1.7 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.8 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.9 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to income on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the lease asset are consumed.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 26 (2016 - 26).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

3	Tangible fixed assets				
		Surgical instrument	Fixtures, fittings & equipment	Computer equipment	Total
		£	£	£	£
	Cost				
	At 1 January 2017	175,527	59,754	7,653	242,934
	Disposals	-	(58,659)	-	(58,659)
	At 31 December 2017	175,527	1,095	7,653	184,275
	Depreciation and impairment				
	At 1 January 2017	175,527	58,491	2,235	236,253
	Depreciation charged in the year	-	-	4,296	4,296
	Eliminated in respect of disposals	-	(57,396)	-	(57,396)
	At 31 December 2017	175,527	1,095	6,531	183,153
	Carrying amount				
	At 31 December 2017	-	-	1,122	1,122
	At 31 December 2016		1,263	5,418	6,681
4	Stocks				
				2017	2016
				£	£
	Stocks				418,214
5	Debtors				
				2017	2016
	Amounts falling due within one year:			£	£
	Trade debtors			2,060,316	2,627,007
	Amounts due from group undertakings			377,056	327,589
	Other debtors			62,257	87,505
				2,499,629	3,042,101
				2,499,629 	3,042,1

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	g ,	2017	2016
		£	£
	Trade creditors	40,033	73,320
	Amounts due to group undertakings	622,279	1,385,657
	Corporation tax	72,816	12,755
	Other taxation and social security	335,480	244,773
	Other creditors	394,624	636,251
		1,465,232	2,352,756
7	Called up share capital		
		2017	2016
	Ordinary share capital	£	£
	Issued and fully paid		
	1 Ordinary share of £1 cach	1	1
		1	1

8 Operating lease commitments

At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, as follows:

2017	2016
£	£
138,778	273,641

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