



(Limited by Guarantee)

Company Number: 6488678



Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended 31 July 2021

Annual Report and Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2021

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Directors and Professional Advisors for the Year Ended 31 July 2021

Directors

Mr M Hall Mr D Pickard – Resigned 05 February 2021 Mrs J Baines – Appointed 25 January 2021

Independent auditor

BDO LLP Two Snowhill Birmingham B4 6GA

Bankers

Lloyds Banking Group Black Horse House Progression Centre 42 Mark Road Hemel Hempstead Hertfordshire HP2 7DE

Company Address

Icon East Midlands Ltd Vice Chancellors Office University of Northampton University Drive Northampton NN1 5PH

Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 July 2021

The directors present the annual report and audited financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2021 and report thereon. The Directors and Professional Advisors information on page 3 forms part of this report.

Incorporation

The Company is registered in England under the Company number 06488678. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of The University of Northampton Higher Education Corporation.

Principal activities

Icon East Midlands is incorporated in England as a not-for-profit entity, with the specific purpose of benefiting people that live within the area of responsibility of the East Midlands Development Agency.

The principal activity during the year has been to continue to hold the freehold of the Icon Innovation Centre building in Daventry and to lease it to Icon Operations Limited for onward rental of office space to tenants.

Directors and Officers

The directors of the company who were in office during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements were:

Mr M Hall

Mrs J Baines - Appointed 25 January 2021

The above directors had no interest in the share capital of the Company. No director has been granted a right to subscribe for additional shares or debentures. In accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company, none of the directors are required to retire by rotation.

Review of the Results for the Year and future outlook

Details of the results for the year are given on page 11 of the financial statements. The company continues to make a reasonable operating profit from its activities.

The directors are satisfied with the Company's position and performance. By virtue of the support by the University, the directors believe the Company will continue as a going concern.

The directors expect the business to continue to trade profitably for the next 12 months from the date the Financial Statements are signed. Whilst COVID has impacted on the performance of the iCon buildings lessee, the source of the Company's income, the lessee is expected to continue as a going concern.

Significant Events since the Balance Sheet Date

The directors do not consider that any event since the balance sheet date significantly affects the Company's financial position.

Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 July 2021 (continued)

Proposed Dividends

The directors recommend that no dividend be paid for the year.

Political and charitable contributions

The Company made no political or charitable donations or incurred any political expenditure during the year (2019/20: £nil).

Significant risks and uncertainties

The Covid-19 pandemic has had a negative financial and operational impact on many areas of the Universities business over the past 12 months, particularly in respect of remittance of student accommodation fees, loss of other commercial income and the need to implement measures to prevent infection and ensure social distancing. The University has a well-developed approach to incident management, which was implemented for the crisis, and whilst the pandemic has presented many challenges, the senior executive team have executed a clear strategy to enable the University and its subsidiaries to carry on providing services while protecting our students, customers and staff. We do not anticipate any material ongoing challenge to either operational capability or going concern.

The key business risk of the company is the continued occupancy levels of the building, which affects the subsequent valuation. The management teamwork with prospective new start-up companies and other smaller established businesses to help drive new business opportunities at the Icon Building and pass on new tenants for Icon Operations to manage.

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard Applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102), and applicable law). Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards comprising FRS 102 have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006.

Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 July 2021 (continued)

Statement of directors' responsibilities (continued)

They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities. The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Small Company Provision

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Directors' third-party indemnities

The company maintained a directors' and officer' liability insurance policy throughout the financial year and up to the date of signing the financial statements.

Independent Auditor

On 20 August 2021 Ernst & Young LLP resigned as the Company's auditors. BDO LLP were appointed to fill the resulting vacancy. BDO LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office as auditors and will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

Statement of disclosure of information to auditors

At the date of making this report, each of the Company's directors, as set out on page 3, confirms the following:

- so far as each director is aware, there is no relevant information needed by the Company's auditors in connection with preparing their report of which the Company's auditors are unaware; and
- each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant information needed by the Company's auditors in connection with preparing their report and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

On behalf of the Board

Mr M Hall Director

Date: 23 February 2022

Icon East Midlands
Office of Vice Chancellors
University of Northampton
University Drive
Northampton
NN1 5PH

Independent Auditor's Report to The Members Of Icon East Midlands

Opinion on the financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 July 2021 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements of Icon East Midlands ("the Company") for the year ended 31 July 2021 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive income, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Changes in Equity and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland* (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISA's (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Conclusion relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Group's and Parent Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Directors report and financial statements, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Independent Auditor's Report to The Members Of Icon East Midlands (continued)

Other information (continued)

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Other Companies Act 2006 reporting

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.
 - In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' report.
 - We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:
- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns;
 or
- certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the Directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies' regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the Directors' report and from the requirement to prepare a Strategic report.

Responsibilities of Directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Independent Auditor's Report to The Members Of Icon East Midlands (continued)

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Extent to which the audit was capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

We made enquiries of management, the Audit Committee and the Directors. This included the following:

- how they have identified, evaluated and complied with laws and regulations and whether they were aware of any instances of non-compliance;
- their process for detecting and responding to the risks of fraud and whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud; and
- which internal controls have been established to mitigate risks related to fraud or noncompliance with laws and regulations.

We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that are applicable to the Company. These include, but are not limited to, Companies Act 2006, UK GAAP, employment law and data protection.

We considered management's incentives and opportunities for fraudulent manipulation of the financial statements (including revenue recognition and the risk of override of controls) and determined that the principal risks were related to posting inappropriate journal entries to manipulate financial results and management bias in accounting estimates.

Audit response to risks identified

We designed and executed procedures in line with our responsibilities to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. These procedures, together with the extent to which they are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, are detailed below:

- Discussions with management, the Audit Committee and the Directors, including consideration of known or suspected instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations and fraud;
- Reviewing minutes of meetings of those charged with governance, reviewing internal
 audit reports and reviewing correspondence with HMRC to identify any actual or potential
 frauds or any potential weaknesses in internal control which could result in fraud
 susceptibility;
- Reviewing items included in the fraud register as well as the results of internal audit's investigation into these matters;

Independent Auditor's Report to The Members Of Icon East Midlands (continued)

Audit response to risks identified (continued)

- Challenging assumptions made by management in their significant accounting estimates;
- In addressing the risk of fraud through management override of controls, we tested the appropriateness of journal entries and other adjustments; assessed whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates are indicative of a potential bias; considered completeness of related party transactions; and evaluated the business rationale of any significant transactions that are unusual or outside the normal course of business.

Our audit procedures were designed to respond to risks of material misstatement in the financial statements, recognising that the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery, misrepresentations or through collusion. There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures performed and the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely we are to become aware of it.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

DocuSlaned by:

Kyla Bellingall

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Kyla Bellingall (Senior Statutory Auditor) For and on behalf of BDO LLP, statutory auditor Birmingham

Date: 25 February 2022

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).

Icon East Midlands Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 31 July 2021

	Note	2021	2020
		£	£
Turnover		15,000	15,000
Administrative expenses		(6,252)	(4,355)
Operating Profit	2	8,748	10,645
Gain/(Loss) on investment	5	50,000	(25,000)
Interest receivable and similar income		·	538
Profit/(Loss) before taxation		58,748	(13,817)
Tax on Profit/(Loss)	4	-	-
Profit/(Loss) for the financial year		58,748	(13,817)
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Total comprehensive income/(expenditure) for the year		58,748	(13,817)

All of the Company's activities consist wholly of continuing activities.

Icon East Midlands Statement of Changes in Reserves For the Year Ended 31 July 2021

	Profit and loss account	Total funds
	£	£
At 1 August 2019 (Restated)	1,955,003	1,955,003
Total comprehensive income for the year	(13,817)	(13,817)
At 31 July 2020 (Restated)	1,941,186	1,941,186
Total comprehensive income for the year	58,748	58,748
At 31 July 2021	1,999,934	1,999,934

The profit and loss account includes all current and prior period retained profit and losses.

Icon East Midlands Balance Sheet as at 31 July 2021

	Notes	2021 £	Restated 2020 £
Fixed Assets			
Investment property	5	1,875,000	1,825,000
Current Assets		1,875,000	1,825,000
Debtors: amounts due within 1 year		1,452	11,250
Cash at bank and in hand		128,482	95,503
,		129,934	106,753
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(5,000)	(1,750)
Net current assets		124,934	105,003
Total assets less current liabilities		1,999,934	1,941,186
Creditors (restated) amounts due after 1 year	6		-
Net assets		1,999,934	1,941,186
Capital and Reserves Profit and loss account		1,999,934	1,941,186
Totals funds		1,999,934	1,941,186
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The financial statements on pages 11 to 13 were approved by the Board of Directors on 23 February 2022 and signed on its behalf by:

Mr M Hall (Director)

Date:

23 February 2022

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2021

1. Statement of Principal Accounting Policies for the Year Ended 31 July 2021

1.1 General Information

Icon East Midlands holds the freehold of the Icon Innovation Centre building in Daventry and leases it to Icon Operations Limited for onward rental of office space to tenants.

The company is a private company limited by guarantee and is incorporated in England and Wales under the Companies Act 2006. The address of the registered office is University of Northampton, University Drive, Northampton, NN1 5PH.

1.2 Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

Going Concern

The financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis. The Company considers the most appropriate going concern period to be until 31 July 2023, which is more than 12 months from the approval of these financial statements. In adopting the going concern basis for preparing the financial statements, the Directors have considered the Company's principal risks and uncertainties in the context of the current operating environment.

Having considered available liquid resources, cashflow forecasts and possible uncertainties, the Directors have concluded that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence until at least 31 July 2023. For this reason, it continues to adopt the going concern basis in the financial statements

1.3 Exemptions for qualifying entities under FRS 102

FRS 102 allows a qualifying entity certain disclosure exemptions, subject to certain conditions, which have been complied with.

The company has taken advantage of the following exemption:

- a. from preparing of cash flows, on the basis that it is a qualifying entity and its ultimate parent company, The University of Northampton, includes the company's cash flows in its own consolidated financial statements.
- b. From disclosing the company key management personnel compensation, as required by FRS 102 paragraph 33.7.
- c. From disclosure requirements in relation to basic and non-basic financial instruments.

1.4 Government Grants

Capital government grants are credited to deferred revenue. These are released upon completion of any performance related criteria.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2021 (continued)

1.5 Investment Property

Investment properties are measured initially at cost. After initial recognition, investment properties are measured and carried at fair value.

The property (Icon Building) is for external use.

Fair value is based on valuation performed by an appointed independent registered valuer, taking into account factors such as the property growth and market in the surrounding area. The fair value of the investment properties reflects the market conditions at the balance sheet date. Changes in fair values are recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

1.6 Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit or loss for the year and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

No provision has been made for deferred tax on the grounds that the Company transfers its taxable profits by a charitable qualifying donation to the University and, therefore, no deferred tax asset or liability will be realised in the Company.

1.7 Recognition of Turnover

Turnover represents charges to external customers for services delivered exclusive of Value Added Tax and trade discounts.

Turnover is respect of rental income is recognised on a straight-line basis over the period in which the property is leased. Any lease incentives are spread over the term of the lease.

Investment income is recorded in income on a receivable basis as either restricted or unrestricted income according to the terms of restriction applied to the individual endowment fund.

1.8 Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability arises from a past event that gives the company a possible obligation whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or otherwise of uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the company.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2021 (continued)

Contingent liabilities (continued)

Contingent liabilities also arise in circumstances where a provision would otherwise be made but either it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required, or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured reliably. Contingent liabilities are not recognised in the Balance Sheet but are disclosed in the notes.

1.9 Critical judgements and significant estimates

The company have made assumptions in the determination of the fair value of an investment property in respect of the state of the property market in the location where the property is situated and in respect of the range of reasonable fair value estimates of the asset. The valuation as at the reporting date is stated in note 5.

1.10 Prior period adjustments

In accordance with FRS 102 Icon East Midlands will record a prior period adjustment where there have been omissions from, and misstatements in, the Company's financial statements for one or more prior periods arising from a failure to use, or misuse of, reliable information that:

- a) Was available when financial statements for those periods were authorised for issue and;
- b) Could reasonably be expected to have been obtained and taken into account in the preparation and presentation of those financial statements.

In the financial year to 31 July 2011, Icon East Midlands applied the performance model in error in accounting for the government grant received to construct the iCon Building held at valuation. A prior year adjustment in the 2020/21 financial statements corrects this error. See note 9 for further details.

2. Operating Profit

	2021 2020	
	£	£
Turnover is from rental income from Icon Operations Ltd	15,000	15,000
Operating profit is stated after charging:		,
Auditors' remuneration in respect of the audit of the company's financial statements (exclusive of VAT)	5,000	3,000

The company had no employees during the year (2019/20: nil)...

3. Directors' and Employees Emoluments

The Directors received no emoluments from the Company during the year (2019/20: nil).

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2021 (continued)

4. Taxation

Recognised in the Statement of	Comprehensive Income
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	2021 £	2020 £
Current tax expense Adjustment in respect of previous year	 -	-
, ,	_	-

Deferred Tax

There is currently £0 deferred tax to be recognised.

Current tax reconciliation

•	2021 £	2020 £
Profit/(Loss) for the year	58,748	(13,817)
Theoretical tax at UK Corporation tax rate of 19% (2019/20:19%)	11,162	(2,625)
Effects of: Non-deductible expenses for tax purposes Deferred tax movements	(9,500) (1,662)	4,750 (2,125)

No provision has been made for deferred tax on the grounds that the Company transfers its distributable taxable profits by making a qualifying charitable donation to the University and, therefore, no deferred tax asset or liability will be realised in the Company. The unrecognised deferred tax is £19,267 (2019/20: £20,929).

5. Investment Property

	Investment Property £
Historical Cost	
As at 1 August 2020 & 31 July 2021	7,933,811
Accumulated fair value movements	
As at 1 August 2020	6,058,811
Fair value movement	50,000
As at 31 July 2021	6,108,811
Fair value	
At 31 July 2020	<u>1,825,000</u>
At 31 July 2021	1,875,000

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2021 (continued)

Investment Property (continued)

An external valuation of the company's Land and Buildings as at 31 July 2021 was carried out by Gerald Eve LLP, Chartered Surveyors. The valuation has been prepared in accordance with Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors Valuation Standards, valuing on the basis of an investment property and taking into account factors such as the property growth and market in the surrounding area. The resulting valuation was £1,875,000.

The investment property is leased to Icon Operations Limited under an operating lease for a rental of £15k per annum plus profit share.

6. Deferred income

Government Grants

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As at 1 August 2020 (Restated) Movement in deferred income As at 31 July 2021

It has been determined that the grant should have been released in its entirety upon the first external valuation after completion of the construction in 2011/12 so a PPA has been made to release the £1,484,775 previously held in deferred income at 1 August 2020

7. Contingent liabilities

In 2012 the Company completed the construction of the investment property, for which funding was received from the European Regional Development Fund (ERDF) totalling £7,708,083. Under the terms of the agreement with ERDF, if the property should fail as an investment property within an agreed clawback period (10 years), then the company may be liable to pay a proportion of the funding back to ERDF.

8. Related Party Transactions

In line with the exemption in FRS 102, no disclosure has been made of the transactions between the Company and other wholly owned group companies.

There are no other related party transactions to disclose.

9. Prior Period Adjustment

The financial statements have been restated to amend the incorrect release of government grant received to construct the iCon Building. This was being released to the profit and loss account in line with any negative revaluation of the property. £1,484,775 of unreleased grant was included in Creditors due after one year. An adjustment to the prior period has been made.

The grant should have been released in full in 2011 when all associated performance related conditions had been fulfilled. The impact on the balance sheet is illustrated below.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2021 (continued)

Prior Period Adjustment (continued)

Balance sheet	£
Deferred income due after one year	1,484,775
Correction to reflect release of government grant	(1,484,775)
At 31 July 2020 restated	
Profit and loss account as previously disclosed at 1 August 2019	470,228
Correction to reflect release of government grant	1,484,775
At 1 August 2019 restated	1,955,003

10. Ultimate Parent Company

The immediate and ultimate parent undertaking is The University of Northampton Higher Education Corporation. The consolidated financial statements of the University are publicly available from:

The University of Northampton Higher Education Corporation University Drive Northampton NN1 5PH