Registered number: 06458588

# **BLACKROCK PHARMACEUTICALS LIMITED**

# **UNAUDITED**

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

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22/05/2018
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# BLACKROCK PHARMACEUTICALS LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 06458588

## BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

	Note		2017 £		2016 . £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		11,647		18,513
		_	11,647	_	18,513
Current assets					•
Stocks	5	39,236		17,428	
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	6	198,940		174,551	
Cash at bank and in hand		96,134		132,148	
	•	334,310	_	324,127	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(894,769)		(750,453)	
Net current liabilities	•	···	(560,459)		(426,326)
Total assets less current liabilities		_	(548,812)	_	(407,813)
Net liabilities			(548,812)	· <u>-</u>	(407,813)
Capital and reserves		_	_	_	_
Called up share capital	8		100		100
Profit and loss account			(548,912)		(407,913)
			(548,812)	_	(407,813)
		=		=	

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 18|5|18

Mr P Griffin 1

Director

The notes on pages 2 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

#### 1. General information

Blackrock Pharmaceuticals Limited is a private company limited by shares, incorporated in England and Wales, registration number 06458588. The address of its principal place of business is Old Barrell Store, Draymans Lane, Marlow, Buckinghamshire, SL7 2FF.

The principal activity of the company is to supply a broad range of pharmaceutical medicines to the healthcare industries.

# 2. Accounting policies

# 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

# 2.2 Going concern

At 31 December 2017 the company had net current liabilities of £560,459. These accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis due to the continued support of the company's directors and shareholders through their loan accounts.

### 2.3 Turnover

Turnover is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the turnover can be reliably measured. Turnover is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before turnover is recognised:

### Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of turnover can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the transaction; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

# 2. Accounting policies (continued)

### 2.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line basis.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Office equipment

- 33.3% on cost

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings.

### 2.5 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, being the estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a weighted average basis.

At each balance sheet date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stock is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

### 2.6 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

### 2.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

### 2.8 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade debtors and creditors, are measured,

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

# 2. Accounting policies (continued)

# 2.8 Financial instruments (continued)

initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate or in the case of an out-right short-term loan not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially, at the present value of the future cash flow discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost.

#### 2.9 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

# 2.10 Foreign currency translation

## Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is GBP.

### Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

### 2.11 Pensions

# Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance Sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

# 2.12 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings using the effective interest method.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

# 2. Accounting policies (continued)

### 2.13 Current and deferred taxation

Tax is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

# 3. Employees

Staff costs, including directors' remuneration, were as follows:

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 5 (2016 - 5).

# 4. Tangible fixed assets

	Office equipment £
Cost or valuation	
At 1 January 2017	27,547
Additions	1,895
At 31 December 2017	29,442
Depreciation	
At 1 January 2017	9,034
Charge for the year on owned assets	8,761
At 31 December 2017	17,795
Net book value	
At 31 December 2017	11,647
At 31 December 2016	18,513

NOTES TO THE	<b>FINANCIAI</b>	L STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR	<b>ENDED 31</b>	<b>DECEMBER 2017</b>

5.	Stocks		
		2017 £	2016 £
	Finished goods and goods for resale	39,236 ————————————————————————————————————	17,428
	Stock recognised in cost of sales during the year as an expe	nse was £48,559 (2016 - £9,016	i).
6.	Debtors		
		2017 £	2016 £
	Trade debtors	111,978	65,764
	Other debtors	1,627	552
	Prepayments and accrued income	35,799	30,063
	Tax recoverable	49,536	78,172
		198,940	174,551
		<del></del>	
7.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Trade creditors	216,892	160,345
	Other taxation and social security	15,792	15,274
	Other creditors	584,449	549,419
	Accruals and deferred income	77,636	25,415
		894,769 ———— =	750,453
8.	Share capital		
		2017 £	2016 £
	Allotted, called up and fully paid	L	۲

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

# 9. Pension commitments

The company operates a defined contributions pension scheme. The company pays fixed contributions into an independently administered entity. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the company to the fund and amounted to £6,344 (2016 - £3,675). Contributions totalling £1,222 (2016 - £nil) were payable to the fund at the balance sheet date.

# 10. Related party transactions

At 31 December 2017 the company owed a shareholder £148,744 (2016: £148,744) by way of a loan. Interest is charged on the loan at 10% (2016: 9%) per annum and totalled £14,874 during the year (2016: £7,574).

# 11. Controlling party

In the opinion of the directors there is no ultimate controlling party.