Company registration number: 06457536

Pro-Shore Limited

Unaudited filleted financial statements

31 December 2018

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Directors and other information

Directors

Mr C Kirk

Mr C Parkin

Mr S Lawton

Secretary

Mrs S C Kirk

Company number

06457536

Registered office

Northways Court

Great North Road

Aberford Leeds LS25 3AU

Accountants

The Barker Partnership

17 Central Buildings

Market Place

Thirsk

North Yorkshire

YO7 1HD

Bankers

Handelsbanken

3 The Embankment

Sovereign Street

Leeds LS1 4JB

Chartered accountants report to the board of directors on the preparation of the unaudited statutory financial statements of Pro-Shore Limited Year ended 31 December 2018

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Pro-Shore Limited for the year ended 31 December 2018 which comprise the Balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales, we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at http://www.icaew.com/en/members/regulations-standards-and-guidance/.

This report is made solely to the board of directors of Pro-Shore Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 8 January 2008. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Pro-Shore Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the board of directors of Pro-Shore Limited as a body, in this report in accordance with the ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Pro-Shore Limited and its board of directors as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Pro-Shore Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Pro-Shore Limited. You consider that Pro-Shore Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Pro-Shore Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

The Barker Partnership Chartered accountants

Te Bah Pala, /

17 Central Buildings Market Place Thirsk North Yorkshire YO7 1HD

31 May 2019

Balance sheet 31 December 2018

		2018		2018		20	17
	Note	£	£	£	£		
Fixed assets							
Tangible assets	5	1,270,513		1,139,850			
			1,270,513		1,139,850		
			, ,				
Current assets							
Stocks	•	-		978			
Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	6	305,443 100		249,170 100			
Casil at ballk and in hallo							
		305,543		250,248			
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(640,375)		(670,819)			
•	,			(070,013)			
Net current liabilities			(334,832)		(420,571)		
Total assets less current liabilities			935,681		719,279		
Creditors: amounts falling due							
after more than one year	8		(132,271)		(102,012)		
Provisions for liabilities			(133,144)		(92,835)		
Net assets			670,266		524,432		
	•						
Capital and reserves							
Called up share capital			125		125		
Share premium account			2,249		2,249		
Profit and loss account			667,892		522,058		
Shareholders funds			670,266		524,432		

For the year ending 31 December 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The notes on pages 6 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

Balance sheet (continued) 31 December 2018

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Profit and loss account has not been delivered.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 31 May 2019, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr C Kirk Director

Company registration number: 06457536

Statement of changes in equity Year ended 31 December 2018

	Called up share capital	Share premium account	Profit and loss account	Total
	£	£	£	£
At 1 January 2017	125	2,249	395,804	398,178
Profit for the year			126,254	126,254
Total comprehensive income for the year	-		126,254	126,254
A4 24 Daggarden 2047 and 4 January 2049	125	2,249	522,058	524,432
At 31 December 2017 and 1 January 2018	125	2,249	322,030	324,432
Profit for the year			145,834	145,834
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	145,834	145,834
At 31 December 2018	125	2,249	667,892	670,266

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2018

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Northways Court, Great North Road, Aberford, Leeds, LS25 3AU.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Operating leases

Lease payments are recognised as an expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis. The aggregate benefit of lease incentives is recognised as a reduction to expense over the lease term, on a straight-line basis.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 December 2018

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Long leasehold property

straight line over 15 years

Plant and machinery

- straight line over 3,4,5 and 10 years depending on

classification

Motor vehicles

25% reducing balance

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates. During the year the company has revised the estimation technique for Plant and Machinery. This has had no material affect on the accounts.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event; it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the Balance sheet and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 December 2018

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 5 (2017: 3).

5. T	angible	assets
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	Long	Plant and	Motor	Total
	leasehold	machinery	vehicles	
	property			
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
At 1 January 2018	63,869	1,413,647	52,277	1,529,793
Additions	45,581	284,008	15,812	345,401
Disposals	-	(94,901)	-	(94,901)
At 31 December 2018	109,450	1,602,754	68,089	1,780,293
Dengaistian				
Depreciation	0.475	207.005	10.002	200 042
At 1 January 2018	2,175	367,805	19,963	389,943
Charge for the year	6,768	126,456	10,940	144,164
Disposals		(24,327)	-	(24,327)
At 31 December 2018	8,943	469,934	30,903	509,780
Corning amount				
Carrying amount	100 507	4 422 920	27.406	1 270 512
At 31 December 2018	100,507	1,132,820	37,186	1,270,513
At 31 December 2017	61,694	1,045,842	32,314	1,139,850

6. Debtors

DCDIOIS		
	2018	2017
	£	£
Trade debtors	263,852	214,946
Amounts owed by group undertakings and undertakings in which the		
company has a participating interest	8,275	8,275
Other debtors	33,316	25,949
	305,443	249,170
	====	

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 December 2018

7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2018	2017
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	203,152	357,245
Trade creditors	227,677	148,339
Corporation tax	6,633	-
Social security and other taxes	36,941	18,358
Other creditors	165,972	146,877
	640,375	670,819
		

£342,624 of the above amount is secured by fixed and floating charges over the company's assets (2017 - £445,320).

8. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2018	2017
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	-	. 28,571
Other creditors	132,271	73,441
	132,271	102,012

£132,271 of the above amount is secured by fixed and floating charges over the company's assets (2017 - £102,012).

9. Related party transactions

The company is a subsidiary of Seagrove DC Ltd.

During the year the company provided Seagrove DC Ltd with an interest free unsecured loan. The balance outstanding and included in debtors is £8,275 (2017 - £8,275).

The ultimate controlling party of Pro-Shore Ltd is also the ultimate controlling party of Jet Aire (DC) Ltd. During the year the company provided Jet Aire (DC) with an interest free and unsecured loan. The balance outstanding and included in debtors is £5,304 (2017 - credit balance of £58,145).