Registered number: 06436322

SOAP & GLORY LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

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COMPANY INFORMATION

DIRECTORS M D Kilgore

T P M Boue J H J de Raaij

B P Fletcher (resigned 30 September 2013)

A C J Franks G S Zauder

A R Thompson (appointed 1 October 2013)

COMPANY SECRETARY

T P M Boue

REGISTERED NUMBER

06436322

REGISTERED OFFICE

Eighth Floor

6 New Street Square

London EC4A 3AQ

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

Rawlinson & Hunter Audit LLP

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor

Eighth Floor

6 New Street Square New Fetter Lane

London EC4A 3AQ

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STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

BUSINESS REVIEW AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The company appointed a new CEO with extensive experience in the cosmetics business, most recently in the Far East. The directors are pleased with the continued strong growth of the business and expect the business to continue to expand into new markets either under the license or wholesale model. The brand continues to have a very strong brand recognition which shows from the number of followers on Twitter, Facebook and other social media.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The company is exposed to financial risk through its financial assets and liabilities. The key financial risk is that the proceeds from financial assets are not sufficient to fund the obligations arising from liabilities as they fall due. Due to the nature of the company's business and the assets and liabilities contained within the balance sheet, the only financial risks the directors consider relevant to this company are working capital management risk and foreign exchange risk.

Working capital management risk

Working capital management is critical to the success of the business as this has a major impact on cash flow. The principal risks to working capital are stock risk and credit risk:

Stock risk

The company's exposure to stock risk is in respect of obsolescence, over-stocking and over-valuation. The directors consider that the company has robust procedures in place, which are regularly reviewed, to mitigate stock risk. Stock levels are monitored against historic sales performance and sales forecasts to identify any stock items that are potentially obsolete, over-stocked or over-valued, with steps taken to mitigate the effect on the company. Where necessary, provision is made to cover excess or over-valued stock.

Credit risk

The company's exposure to credit risk arises in respect of the amounts recoverable from trade debtors and accrued income. During the period under review, the directors have found that the level of bad or doubtful debts has been extremely low due to the low number of customers, the demand for the Soap & Glory product encouraging customers to pay to keep supply flowing and because of credit control processes put in place by the company. The company continues to review credit control processes with a view to mitigating the likelihood of bad debts arising.

Foreign exchange risk

More than 50% of the company's sales and the majority of the company's costs are denominated in Pounds Sterling. As the company continues to expand internationally foreign exchange risks will become more prevalent. The directors will continue to monitor this area and will implement mitigating strategies when deemed necessary.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

J H J de Raaij

Director

Date: November 20 2014

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

The directors present their report and the financial statements of Soap & Glory Limited ("the company") for the 15 month period ended 31 March 2014. The comparatives present information in respect of the 12 month period ended 31 December 2012.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements and other information included in Directors' Reports may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the company are the generation of license fee income from the exploitation of intellectual property rights, as well as the direct sale of Soap & Glory branded products to retailers.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The profit for the period, after taxation, amounted to £1,075,103 (year ended 31 December 2012 - £345,779).

The directors did not recommend the payment of a dividend (year ended 31 December 2012 - £Nil).

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Disclosure of the company's principal risks and uncertainties is provided in the Strategic Report.

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

DIRECTORS

The directors who served during the period were:

M D Kilgore

TPM Boue

J H J de Raaij

B P Fletcher (resigned 30 September 2013)

A C J Franks

G S Zauder

A R Thompson (appointed 1 October 2013)

CHARITABLE CONTRIBUTIONS

The company made charitable donations of £3,757 (year ended 31 December 2012 - £3,343) during the period to the following charities:

	£
Eaves Housing for Women Limited	2,771
Various other community and healthcare charities	986
-	
Total	£ 3,757

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITOR

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as that director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- that director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

AUDITOR

The auditor, Rawlinson & Hunter Audit LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

JH J de Raaij

Director

Date: 10 Uen 65 20 2014

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SOAP & GLORY LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Soap & Glory Limited ("the company") for the period ended 31 March 2014, which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, the Cash Flow Statement and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITOR

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

SCOPE OF THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Annual Report and Financial Statements to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

OPINION ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2014 and of its profit for the period then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice: and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

OPINION ON OTHER MATTER PRESCRIBED BY THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial period for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SOAP & GLORY LIMITED

MATTERS ON WHICH WE ARE REQUIRED TO REPORT BY EXCEPTION

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Christopher Bliss (Senior Statutory Auditor)

30 rouente 2014.

for and on behalf of Rawlinson & Hunter Audit LLP

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor

Eighth Floor 6 New Street Square New Fetter Lane

London EC4A 3AQ Date: 7

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

	Note	Period ended 31 March 2014 £	Year ended 31 December 2012 £
TURNOVER	1,2	13,797,841	9,146,470
Cost of sales		(4,035,870)	(2,728,154)
GROSS PROFIT		9,761,971	6,418,316
Administrative expenses		(8,317,202)	(5,875,784)
OPERATING PROFIT .	3	1,444,769	542,532
Interest receivable and similar income	6	67,673	49
Interest payable and similar charges	7	(68,347)	(64,615)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		1,444,095	477,966
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	8	(368,992)	(132, 187)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD	17	£ 1,075,103	£ 345,779

All amounts relate to continuing operations.

There were no recognised gains and losses for the period ended 31 March 2014 or the year ended 31 December 2012 other than those included in the Profit and Loss Account.

The notes on pages 9 to 22 form part of these financial statements.

SOAP & GLORY LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 06436322

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2014

				31 March		31	December
	Note	£		2014	£		2012 £
	Note	£		£	Ł		£
FIXED ASSETS							
Intangible fixed assets	9			15,882			19,394
Tangible fixed assets	10			199,536			153,457
Investments	11			20,138			20,138
			_	235,556		_	192,989
CURRENT ASSETS							
Stocks	12	632,869			675,904		
Debtors	13	2,973,890			5,137,295		
Cash at bank		1,869,739			445,629		
		5,476,498			6,258,828		
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	14	(2,131,268))		(3,946,134)		
NET CURRENT ASSETS				3,345,230			2,312,694
NET ASSETS			£	3,580,786		£	2,505,683
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			=			=	
Called up share capital	16			1,000			1,000
Profit and loss account	17			3,579,786			2,504,683
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS - ALL EQUITY	18		£	3,580,786		£	2,505,683

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

JH J de Raaij

Director

de Raaij Or Novenber 20, 2014

The notes on pages 9 to 22 form part of these financial statements.

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

	Note	Period ended 31 March 2014 £	Year ended 31 December 2012 £
Net cash flow from operating activities	19	3,897,182	425,365
Returns on investments and servicing of finance	20	(674)	(64,615)
Taxation		(393,230)	(185,000)
Capital expenditure and financial investment	20	(179,168)	(130,607)
Acquisitions and disposals	20	•	(20,137)
CASH INFLOW BEFORE FINANCING		3,324,110	25,006
Financing	20	(1,900,000)	150,000
INCREASE IN CASH IN THE PERIOD		£ 1,424,110	£ 175,006

RECONCILIATION OF NET CASH FLOW TO MOVEMENT IN NET FUNDS/DEBT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012 (NOTE 21)

	Period ended 31 March 2014 £	Year ended 31 December 2012 £
Increase in cash in the period	1,424,110	175,006
Cash outflow/(inflow) from decrease/(increase) in debt and lease financing	1,900,000	(150,000)
MOVEMENT IN NET DEBT IN THE PERIOD	3,324,110	25,006
Net debt at 1 January 2013	(1,454,371)	(1,479,377)
NET FUNDS/(DEBT) AT 31 MARCH 2014	£ 1,869,739	£ (1,454,371)

The notes on pages 9 to 22 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards in the United Kingdom.

The company is itself a subsidiary company and is exempt from the requirement to prepare group accounts by virtue of section 400 of the Companies Act 2006. These financial statements therefore present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover comprises revenue recognised by the company in respect of goods and services supplied during the year, exclusive of sales taxes and trade discounts, where applicable.

Revenue in respect of license fees receivable is recognised once retail sales have been completed by a licensee.

Revenue in respect of direct sales of goods is recognised when the goods have been dispatched to the customer and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership have transferred.

1.3 Intangible fixed assets and amortisation

Intangible fixed assets are stated at cost less amortisation. They are amortised to the Profit and Loss Account over their estimated useful economic life of 10 years.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Leasehold improvements

3 years straight line

Office equipment Computer equipment

3 years straight line 3 years straight line

1.5 Investments

Investments held as fixed assets are shown at cost less provision for impairment, if any.

1.6 Operating leases

Rentals under operating leases are charged to the Profit and Loss Account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to sign an operating lease are recognised on a straight line basis over the period until the date the rent is expected to be adjusted to the prevailing market rate.

1.7 Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1.8 Deferred taxation

Full provision is made for deferred tax assets and liabilities arising from all timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and recognition in the tax computation.

A net deferred tax asset is recognised only if it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates expected to be effective at the time the timing differences are expected to reverse.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

1.9 Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date.

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate ruling on the date of the transaction.

Exchange gains and losses are recognised in the Profit and Loss Account.

1.10 Pensions

The company contributes to the personal pension plans of employees and the pension charge represents the amounts payable by the company to the pension plans in respect of the year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

2. TURNOVER

An analysis of turnover by class of business is as follows:

	Period ended 31 March 2014	Year ended 31 December 2012
License fees	£ 8,062,251	£ 6,047,766
Direct sales - external	3,732,733	2,532,268
Direct sales - intercompany	2,002,857	566,436
	£ 13,797,841	£ 9,146,470
A geographical analysis of turnover is as follows:		
	Period ended	Year ended
	31 March	31 December
	2014	2012
	£	£
United Kingdom	7,497,389	5,871,366
Rest of European Union	1,646,418	1,676,809
United States of America	2,002,857	566,436
Rest of World	2,651,177	1,031,859
	£ 13,797,841	£ 9,146,470

3. OPERATING PROFIT

Operating profit is stated after charging:

	Period ended	Year ended
	31 March	31 December
	2014	2012
	£	£
Amortisation - intangible fixed assets	13,382	6,001
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets:		
- owned by the company	123,219	65,297
Auditor's remuneration	14,300	14,000
Operating lease rentals:		
- other operating leases	156,377	131,436
Difference on foreign exchange	128,327	63,604

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

4.	STAFF COSTS		
	Staff costs, including directors' remuneration, were as follows	s:	
		Period ended 31 March 2014 £	Year ended 31 December 2012 £
	Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs (Note 23)	3,635,608 377,670 32,195	2,537,834 248,976 18,806
		£ 4,045,473	£ 2,805,616
	The average monthly number of employees, including the dir	rectors, during the period w	as as follows:
		Period ended 31 March 2014 No.	Year ended 31 December 2012 No.
	Management, administration and operational staff	51	46
5.	DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION		
		Period ended 31 March 2014 £	Year ended 31 December 2012 £
	Emoluments	£ 546,329	£ 103,628
6.	INTEREST RECEIVABLE		
		Period ended 31 March 2014 £	Year ended 31 December 2012 £
	Interest receivable from group companies Other interest receivable	67,029 644	- 49
		£ 67,673	£ 49

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

7.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES		
		Period ended .31 March 2014 £	Year ended 31 December 2012 £
	Other interest payable On loans from group undertakings	237 68,110	64,615
		£ 68,347	£ 64,615
8.	TAXATION		
		Period ended 31 March 2014 £	Year ended 31 December 2012 £
	Analysis of tax charge in the period/year	_	_
	Current tax (see note below)		
	UK corporation tax charge on profit for the period/year Adjustments in respect of prior periods	337,793 (16,856)	156,592 29,769
	Total current tax	320,937	186,361
•	Deferred tax		
	Origination and reversal of timing differences Effect of decreased tax rate on opening asset/liability Adjustments in respect of prior periods	22,958 9,372 15,725	(27,530) 5,221 (31,865)
	Total deferred tax (see note 15)	48,055	(54, 174)
	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	£ 368,992	£ 132,187

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

8. TAXATION (continued)

Factors affecting tax charge for the period/year

The tax assessed for the period/year is lower than (2012 - higher than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 23.2% (2012 - 24.5%). The differences are explained below:

	Period ended 31 March 2014 £		Year ended 31 December 2012 £	
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	£	1,444,095	£	477,966
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 23.2% (2012 - 24.5%)		335,030		117,102
Effects of:				
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes		26,284		10,167
Difference between capital allowances for year and depreciation		8,419		8,166
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior periods		(16,856)		29,769
Other differences leading to a (decrease)/increase in taxation		(31,940)		21,157
Current tax charge for the period/year (see note above)	£	320,937	£	186,361

Factors that may affect future tax charges

Other than the deferred tax asset shown in note 15, there were no factors that may affect future tax charges.

During the period, the Finance Act 2013 was enacted and included a reduction in the UK main income tax rate from 23% to 21% from 1 April 2014 and a further reduction from 21% to 20% from 1 April 2015. As a result, the deferred tax balance shown in Note 15 has been remeasured.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

9.	INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS								
									atents and rademarks
	Cost								~
	At 1 January 2013 Additions								31,421 9,870
	At 31 March 2014								41,291
	Amortisation							_	
	At 1 January 2013 Charge for the period								12,027 13,382
	At 31 March 2014							-	25,409
	Net book value							_	
	At 31 March 2014							£	15,882
	At 31 December 2012							£	19,394
10.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS								
			Leasehold improve- ments		Office equipment £		Computer equipment £		Total £
	Cost		L		L		L		L
	At 1 January 2013 Additions		236,958 1,630		71,029 1,445		182,492 166,223		490,479 169,298
	At 31 March 2014	-	238,588	_	72,474	-	348,715	_	659,777
	Depreciation	_				-			
	At 1 January 2013		182,770		69,270		84,982		337,022
	Charge for the period		26,609		3,204		93,406		123,219
	At 31 March 2014	_	209,379		72,474	_	178,388		460,241
	Net book value	_		_		_			
	At 31 March 2014	£	29,209	£_	-	£	170,327	£	199,536
	At 31 December 2012	£	54,188	£	1,759	£	97,510	£	153,457

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

11. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

Investments in subsidiary undertakings

Cost

At 1 January 2013 and 31 March 2014

£ 20,138

Subsidiary undertakings

The following were subsidiary undertakings of the company during the year:

		Percentage Shareholding	Description
S&G US Holding LLC	USA	100 %	Non-trading
Soap & Glory USA LLC *	USA	100 %	Wholesale of cosmetics
Brandhandling International Limited	BVI	100 %	Non-trading
Soap & Glory GmbH	Germnay	100 %	Marketing support

^{*} Held indirectly through S&G US Holding LLC.

12. STOCKS

	31 March	31	December
	2014		2012
	£		£
£	632,869	£	675,904
	£_	2014 £	2014 £

13. DEBTORS

	31 March 2014 £	31 December 2012 £
Trade debtors Amounts owed by group undertakings (Note 22) Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income Deferred tax asset (see note 15)	443,880 1,227,632 83,045 1,179,815 39,518	188,817 1,211,877 87,895 3,561,133 87,573
	£ 2,973,890	£ 5,137,295

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

14. CREDITORS:

Amounts falling due within one year

	31 March 2014	31 December 2012
	£	£
Loans from group undertakings (Note 22)	-	1,900,000
Trade creditors	666,282	693,116
Amounts owed to group undertakings (Note 22)	38,572	313,561
Corporation tax	9,245	81,538
Other taxation and social security	731,585	119,856
Accruals and deferred income	685,584	838,063
	£ 2,131,268	£ 3,946,134

The loans from group undertakings in the prior year represented an amount due to Brand Slam Limited, the immediate parent undertaking. This amount was secured by a fixed and floating charge over the company and all of its assets and bore interest at 3.5% above the Bank of England base rate. The loan was repaid in full in January 2013.

15. DEFERRED TAX ASSET

		31 March	31	December
		2014		2012
		£		£
At the beginning of the period/year		87,573		33,399
Movement in the period/year		(48,055)	•	54,174
At end of period/year	£	39,518	£	87,573
The deferred tax asset is made up as follows:				
		31 March	31	December
		2014		2012
		£		£
Fixed asset timing differences	£	39,518	£	87,573
	=			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

16. SHARE CAPITAL

	31 March 2014	31 December 2012
	£	£
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
700 A shares of £1 each	700	700
300 B shares of £1 each	300	300
	£ 1.000	£ 1,000

The A shares and B shares rank pari passu in all respects subject to voting provisions in place to protect the interests of either the A shareholders or the B shareholders in certain circumstances as detailed in the company's articles of association.

17. RESERVES

Closing shareholders' funds

18.

		Profit and loss account £
At 1 January 2013 Profit for the financial period		2,504,683 1,075,103
At 31 March 2014		£ 3,579,786
RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		
	31 March 2014 £	31 December 2012 £
Opening shareholders' funds Profit for the financial period/year	2,505,683 1,075,103	2,159,904 345,779

£ 3,580,786

£ 2,505,683

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

19.	NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
		Period ended	Year ended
		31 March	31 December
		2014	2012
		£	£
	Operating profit	1,444,769	542,532
	Amortisation of intangible fixed assets	13,382	6,001
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	123,219	65,297
	Decrease/(increase) in stocks	43,035	(44,733)
	Decrease/(increase) in debtors	2,115,350	(437, 268)
	Increase in creditors	157,427	293,536

Net cash inflow from operating activities £ 3,897,182 £ 425,365

20. ANALYSIS OF CASH FLOWS FOR HEADINGS NETTED IN CASH FLOW STATEMENT

	Per	iod ended 31 March 2014 £	-	ear ended December 2012 £
Returns on investments and servicing of finance				
Interest received Interest paid		67,673 (68,347)		- (64,615)
Net cash outflow from returns on investments and servicing of finance	£	(674)	£	(64,615)
	Per	iod ended 31 March 2014 £		ear ended December 2012 £
Capital expenditure and financial investment				
Purchase of intangible fixed assets Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(9,870) (169,298)		(5,436) (125,171)
Net cash outflow from capital expenditure	£	(179,168)	£	(130,607)
	Per	iod ended 31 March 2014 £		ear ended December 2012 £
Acquisitions and disposals				
Purchase of fixed asset investments	£	-	£	(20,137)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

20. ANALYSIS OF CASH FLOWS FOR HEADINGS NETTED IN CASH FLOW STATEMENT (continued)

	Period ended	Year ended
	31 March	31 December
	2014	2012
	£	£
Financing		
Repayment of loan from group undertaking	(1,900,000)	(1,750,000)
New loan from group companies	£ -	£ 1,900,000

21. ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET DEBT

	1 January	Cash flow	Other non-cash changes	31 March
	2013		o.i.a.i.goo	2014
	£	£	£	£
Cash at bank and in hand	445,629	1,424,110	•	1,869,739
Debt:				
Debts due within one year	(1,900,000)	1,900,000	-	-
Net debt	£ (1,454,371)	£ 3,324,110	£ -	£ 1,869,739

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

22. RELATED PARTY BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS

At 31 March 2014, the company owed £5,096 (31 December 2012 - £261,055) to Brand Slam Limited, the immediate parent undertaking. This amount is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

Also included within loans from group undertakings in creditors at the period end was £Nil (31 December 2012 - £1,900,000) owed to Brand Slam Limited. This amount was secured by a fixed and floating charge over the company and all of its assets and bore interest at 3.5% above the Bank of England base rate. Interest of £24,328 (year ended 31 December 2012 - £32,674) and commitment fees of £43,781 (year ended 31 December 2012 - £31,941) were payable by the company to Brand Slam Limited during the period.

During the period, amounts totalling £19,258 (year ended 31 December 2012 - £30,070), including management fees, were recharged by Brand Slam Limited to the company.

At 31 March 2014, £1,227,632 (31 December 2012 - £1,211,877) was due from Soap & Glory USA LLC, a subsidiary undertaking. Of this amount, £997,080 (31 December 2012 - £Nil) bears interest at 3% above USD LIBOR. Interest of £67,029 (year ended 31 December 2012 - £Nil) was payable to the company during the period. The remaining amount is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand. During the period, sales of £2,002,857 (year ended 31 December 2012 - £566,436) were made to Soap & Glory USA LLC.

At 31 March 2014, £2,042 (31 December 2012 - £12,618) was owed to FitFlop Limited, a fellow group undertaking. This amount is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand. During the period, management fees totalling £209,734 (year ended 31 December 2012 - £166,457) were charged by FitFlop Limited to the company.

At 31 March 2014, £31,434 (31 December 2012 - £39,888) was owed to Soap & Glory GmbH, a subsidiary undertaking. This amount is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand. During the period costs totalling £351,640 (year ended 31 December 2012 - £175,229), including management fees at a mark-up of 5%, were recharged by Soap & Glory GmbH to the company.

During the period, sales of £8,093,372 (year ended 31 December 2012 - £6,151,278) were made to S and G Investments Limited, a shareholder in the company, other related undertakings and Boots UK Limited. Included in trade debtors and accrued income at the period end were amounts due from S and G Investments Limited, other related undertakings and Boots UK Limited of £28 (31 December 2012 - £90,039) and £1,046,196 (31 December 2012 - £3,530,253) respectively.

During the period, stock amounting to £3,555,242 (year ended 31 December 2012 - £2,499,402) was purchased from and royalties of £153,164 (year ended 31 December 2012 - £103,144) were paid to S and G Investments Limited, other related undertakings and Boots UK Limited. Included in trade creditors and accruals at the period end were amounts due to S and G Investments Limited, other related undertakings and Boots UK Limited of £245,102 (31 December 2012 - £316,204) and £24,192 (31 December 2012 - £44,352) respectively.

During the period, the company was charged £529,685 (year ended 31 December 2012 - £103,628) by Elixir Advisors, a company in which G S Zauder has an interest, in respect of director and consultancy fees. £174,923 (31 December 2012 - £70,000) of this amount is included within accruals at the period end.

During the period, the company was charged £16,644 (year ended 31 December 2012 - £Nil) by Foia Consultario, a company in which J H J de Raaij has an interest, in respect of director and consultancy fees.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

23. PENSION COMMITMENTS

The company contributes to the personal pension plans of employees. The assets of the pension plans are held separately from those of the company in independently administered funds. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the company to the pension plans and amounted to £32,195 (year ended 31 December 2012 - £18,806). No contributions were payable to the pension plans at the balance sheet date.

24. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

At 31 March 2014 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	Land	Land and buildings	
	31 March	31 December	
	2014	2012	
	£	£	
Expiry date:			
Within 1 year	57,173	85,854	

25. PARENT UNDERTAKINGS AND ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The immediate parent undertaking at 31 March 2014 was Brand Slam Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales. Brand Slam Limited was also the parent undertaking of the smallest and largest group for which consolidated financial statements, including the results of the company and its subsidiaries, were prepared. The consolidated financial statements of Brand Slam Limited are available from Companies House.

The ultimate parent undertaking at 31 March 2014 was Hold Firm Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands.

The trustees of Ingodwe Trust have a controlling interest in Hold Firm Limited and were therefore considered to be the ultimate controlling party at 31 March 2014.