Registration number: 06429580

Energy For Tomorrow

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

Energy For Tomorrow

Contents

Energy For Tomorrow

Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

The Directors present their Strategic Report for Energy For Tomorrow (the 'Company') for the year ended 31 December 2021.

Principal activity
The Company is a not-for-profit entity which receives Feed in Tariff (FiT) income from solar PV installations. As a not-for-profit entity, the Company uses any surpluses to fund future investments through its fund.

The Company is limited by guarantee and does not have a share capital. The liability of the members in the event of the Company being liquidated is limited to a maximum of £100 per member.

Review of the business
The portfolio performance reflects a return to normative solar irradiance, following the exceptional levels observed in 2020, and the phasing-out of lockdown conditions. Operations and maintenance issues continued to be resolved efficiently despite pandemic restrictions and portfolio availability has been sustained at 98.5% or above for extended periods of time throughout the year.

The phasing-out of lockdown conditions has supported a return to higher on-site utilisation of solar generation at school premises which has driven higher figures for annual carbon offset and school electricity savings.

The Company awarded grants to 7 projects in the year following a marketing campaign focused on Scotland which complemented activity around COP26. This campaign was a pilot for a 3-year regional campaign planned to run from 2022, targeting all other regions in the UK.

Principal risks and uncertainties
From the perspective of the Company, the principal risks and uncertainties are integrated with those of the Centrica plc group (the 'Group') and are not managed separately. The principal risks and uncertainties of the Group, which include those of the Company, are disclosed on pages 38-43 of the Group's Annual Report and Accounts 2021, which does not form part of this report.

Ukraine conflict
The Company is a subsidiary of the Centrica group, and as such is impacted by the energy crisis and Ukraine conflict. The energy markets remain very volatile, but the Centrica group continues to maintain a hedging strategy aligned to the price cap to minimise the exposure to market prices. The Company does not own any businesses or operate in Russia or Ukraine and so has no direct impacts from those two countries. Furthermore, the Company has no investments in Russian entities or bonds. The Company is not expecting any direct material impacts but will keep monitoring the position.

Key performance indicators ('KPIs')
The Directors of the Group use a number of KPIs to monitor progress against the Group's strategy. The development, performance and position of the Group, which includes the Company, are disclosed on pages 14-15 of the Group's Annual Report and Accounts 2021, which does not form part of this report. The results of the Company are disclosed in the Directors' Report on page 3.

Future developments
The Company will use its remaining fund and any surplus FiT income, after paying operating costs, to continue to fulfil its aims.

The Company continues to seek opportunities to invest in and contribute to projects that meet its objectives and obligations and to explore options to better manage and apply its resources.

Approved by the Board on 26/05/2022 and signed on its behalf by:

James Dickinson

....

By order of the Board for and on behalf of Centrica Secretaries Limited
Company Secretary

Company registered in England and Wales, No. 06429580

Registered office:
Millstream
Maidenhead Road
Windsor
Berkshire
SL4 5GD
United Kingdom

Energy For Tomorrow

Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

The Directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021.

Directors of the Company

The Directors of the Company, who were in office during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements were as follows:

A A Robins

R J Triffitt (resigned 1 February 2021)

J Rushen (appointed 26 January 2021)

Results and dividends

The results of the Company are set out on page 10. The profit for the financial year ended 31 December 2021 is £nil (2020: profit £nil).

The Company did not pay an interim dividend during the year (2020: £nil) and the Directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend (2020: £nil).

The Company's revenue is highly seasonal as it is derived from Feed in Tariff payments based on electricity generated by solar panels. These payments are receivable for 20 - 25 years from the date of installation and are index linked. Consequently the Company has a very reliable income stream with which to pursue its objectives.

In 2021 the fund available to the Company was utilised by way of grant payments totalling £380,000 across seven projects.

In July 2021 the Company received a refund of £539,000 being unspent funds from the Cornwall Local Energy Market Project investment. These funds were added back into the provision to be used for funding future investments.

The fund now stands at £2,833,000, plus retained earnings of £294,000 which will also be available for investment, subject to cash flow constraints.

Financial risk management policy

The Directors have established objectives and policies for managing financial risks to enable the Company to achieve its long-term shareholder value growth targets within a prudent risk management framework. These objectives and policies are regularly reviewed.

Exposure in terms of price risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow risk

Exposure to counterparty credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow risk arises in the normal course of the Company's business. Cash forecasts identifying the liquidity requirements of the Company are produced frequently and reviewed regularly. Liquidity risk is managed through funding arrangements with Group undertakings.

Future developments

Future developments are discussed in the Strategic Report on page 1.

Going concern
The Directors have received confirmation that provided the Company remains part of the Group, Centrica plc will support the Company for at least one year after the financial statements were authorised for issue and that amounts owed to Group undertakings will not be required to be repaid for the foreseeable future unless sufficient financial resources and facilities are available to the Company.

The Group going concern assessment as at 31 December 2021 is based upon the Group Annual Plan for 2022 and the longer-term strategic forecast for 2023 and 2024. The Group's focus on the energy supply and services businesses means the most significant risks continue to be shorter-term in nature including asset performance, commodity prices, weather and competitive pressures creating disruption in our customer-facing markets. Important context to the going concern assessment is the management of the Group's financing profile through accessing a diverse source of term funding and maintaining access to carefully assessed levels of standby liquidity which support the Group's planned financial commitments. As at 31 December 2021, the Group had total committed credit facilities of £4.8 billion, of which £0.4 billion expires in 2024 and the remaining £4.4 billion expire in 2025. The undrawn committed facilities as at 31 December 2021 were £3.0 billion in addition to total liquid resources of £3.6 billion.

The full Centrica Group results were released on 24th February 2022, these demonstrated a resilient financial performance despite a difficult energy supply situation, increases in wholesale gas price, and the ongoing challenges caused by the pandemic. The Group's balance sheet is much stronger than 2020, with a positive cash position of £0.7bn compared to 2020 when the Group had net debt of £3.0bn and an overall adjusted operating profit of £948m.

On the basis of the enquiries made, and the fact that Centrica plc, the ultimate parent company, has confirmed it will continue to support the Company, the Directors have concluded that the Company should be able to meet its liabilities as they fall due for the foreseeable future, and therefore the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

Directors' and officers' liability
Directors' and officers' liability insurance has been purchased by the ultimate parent company, Centrica plc, and was in place throughout the year. The insurance does not provide cover in the event that the Director is proved to have acted fraudulently.

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities
The Directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable UK law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including FRS 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' ('FRS 101'). Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Disclosure of information to auditors

Each of the Directors who held office at the date of approval of this Directors' Report confirm that so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and that they have taken all steps that they ought to have taken as Directors to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information. This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of section 418 of the Companies Act 2006.

Auditors

In accordance with Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditors will be deemed to be reappointed and Deloitte LLP will therefore continue in office.

Approved by the Board on 26/05/2022 and signed on its behalf by:

James Dickinson

By order of the Board for and on behalf of Centrica Secretaries Limited
Company Secretary

Company registered in England and Wales, No. 06429580
Registered office:
Millstream
Maidenhead Road
Windsor
Berkshire
SL4 5GD
United Kingdom

Energy For Tomorrow

Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of Energy For Tomorrow

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements of Energy For Tomorrow (the 'Company'):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2021 and of its result for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice including Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework'; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements which comprise:

- the Income Statement;
- the Statement of Financial Position;
- the Statement of Changes in Equity; and
- the related notes 1 to 14.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report.

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council's (the 'FRC's') Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of Energy For Tomorrow (continued)

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below.

We considered the nature of the company's industry and its control environment, and reviewed the documentation of the policies and procedures relating to fraud and compliance with laws and regulations that has been established by the Company's ultimate parent. We also enquired of management about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities.

We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory framework that the company operates in, and identified the key laws and regulations that:

- had a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. These included the UK Companies Act and tax legislation; and
- do not have a direct effect on the financial statements but compliance with which may be fundamental to the company's ability to operate or to avoid a material penalty.

We discussed among the audit engagement team including relevant internal specialists regarding the opportunities and incentives that may exist within the organisation for fraud and how and where fraud might occur in the financial statements.

Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of Energy For Tomorrow (continued)

In common with all audits under ISAs (UK), we are also required to perform specific procedures to respond to the risk of management override. In addressing the risk of fraud through management override of controls, we tested the appropriateness of journal entries and other adjustments; assessed whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates are indicative of a potential bias; and evaluated the business rationale of any significant transactions that are unusual or outside the normal course of business.

In addition to the above, our procedures to respond to the risks identified included the following:

- reviewing financial statement disclosures by testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with provisions of relevant laws and regulations described as having a direct effect on the financial statements;
- performing analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships that may indicate risks of material misstatement due to fraud;
- enquiring of management concerning actual and potential litigation and claims, and instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations; and
- reading minutes of meetings of those charged with governance.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006
In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the Strategic Report or the Directors' Report.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception
Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report in respect of the following matters if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

Use of our report
This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of Energy For Tomorrow (continued)

D. Winstone
....
Daryl Winstone (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of Deloitte LLP
Statutory Auditor
London
United Kingdom

Date: 26/5/22

Energy For Tomorrow

Income Statement for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

	Note	2021 £ 000	2020 £ 000
Revenue	4	840	915
Cost of sales		(141)	(122)
Gross profit		699	793
Operating costs		(670)	(780)
Exceptional items - provision for impairment of accrued income	6	(29)	(13)
Operating profit/(loss)		-	-
Profit/(loss) before taxation		-	-
Income tax credit/(expense)	9	-	-
Profit/(loss) for the year from continuing operations		-	-

The above results were derived from continuing operations.

There were no recognised gains and losses in either period other than those shown above and accordingly no separate Statement of Comprehensive Income has been included in the Financial Statements.

Energy For Tomorrow

Statement of Financial Position as at 31 December 2021

	Note	2021 £ 000	2020 £ 000
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	10	100	107
Trade and other receivables	11	569	589
		669	696
Current assets			
Trade and other receivables	11	1,725	168
Cash and cash equivalents		795	1,626
		2,520	1,794
Total assets		3,189	2,490
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	12	(62)	(68)
Net current assets		2,458	1,726
Total assets less current liabilities		3,127	2,422
Non-current liabilities			
Provisions for other liabilities and charges	13	(2,833)	(2,128)
		(2,833)	(2,128)
Total liabilities		(2,895)	(2,196)
Net assets		294	294
Equity			
Retained earnings		294	294
Total equity		294	294

The financial statements on pages 10 to 20 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 26/05/2022 and signed on its behalf by:

....
A A Robins
Director

Company number 06429580

Energy For Tomorrow

Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

	Retained earnings £ 000	Total equity £ 000
At 1 January 2021	294	294
Other comprehensive income	-	-
Total comprehensive income	-	-
At 31 December 2021	294	294

	Retained earnings £ 000	Total equity £ 000
At 1 January 2020	294	294
Other comprehensive income	-	-
Total comprehensive income	-	-
At 31 December 2020	294	294

The notes on pages 13 to 20 form an integral part of these financial statements.

1 General information

Energy For Tomorrow (the 'Company') is a private company limited by guarantee, incorporated and domiciled in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office and principal place of business is:
Millstream
Maidenhead Road
Windsor
Berkshire
SL4 5GD

The nature of the Company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the Strategic Report on pages 1 to 2.

2 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The Company financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework ('FRS 101'). In preparing these financial statements the Company applies the recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements of UK adopted International Financial Reporting Standards ('Adopted IFRSs'), but makes amendments where necessary in order to comply with Companies Act 2006 and has set out below where advantage of the FRS 101 disclosure exemptions has been taken.

The Company financial statements are presented in pounds sterling which is the functional currency of the Company.

Changes in accounting policy

From 1 January 2021, the following standards and amendments are effective in the Company's Financial Statements:

- Amendments to IFRS 17 and IFRS 4: 'Insurance Contracts' - deferral of IFRS 9;
- Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16 Interest Rate Benchmark Reform - Phase 2

None of these changes or amendments had any material impact on the Company's financial statements.

Summary of disclosure exemptions

In these financial statements, as a qualifying entity the Company has applied the exemptions available under FRS 101 in respect of the following disclosures:

- the requirements of IAS 7 'Statement of Cash Flows';
- the statement of compliance with Adopted IFRSs;
- the effects of new but not yet effective IFRSs;
- prior year reconciliations for property, plant and equipment and intangible assets;
- the prior year reconciliations in the number of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year for share capital;
- disclosures in respect of related party transactions with wholly-owned subsidiaries in a group;
- disclosures in respect of the compensation of key management personnel; and
- disclosures in respect of capital management.

2 Accounting policies (continued)

As the consolidated financial statements of the Centrica plc group (the 'Group'), which are available from its registered office, include the equivalent disclosures, the Company has also taken the exemptions under FRS 101 available in respect of the following disclosures:

- certain disclosures required by IFRS 13 'Fair Value Measurement' and the disclosures required by IFRS 7 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures' have not been provided apart from those which are relevant for the financial instruments which are held at fair value;
- certain disclosures required by IFRS 3 'Business Combinations' in respect of business combinations undertaken by the Company; and
- disclosures of the net cash flows attributable to the operating, investing and financing activities of discontinued operations.

Measurement convention

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

Going concern

The Directors have received confirmation that provided the Company remains part of the Group, Centrica plc will support the Company for at least one year after the financial statements were authorised for issue and that amounts owed to Group undertakings will not be required to be repaid for the foreseeable future unless sufficient financial resources and facilities are available to the Company.

The Group going concern assessment as at 31 December 2021 is based upon the Group Annual Plan for 2022 and the longer-term strategic forecast for 2023 and 2024. The Group's focus on the energy supply and services businesses means the most significant risks continue to be shorter-term in nature including asset performance, commodity prices, weather and competitive pressures creating disruption in our customer-facing markets. Important context to the going concern assessment is the management of the Group's financing profile through accessing a diverse source of term funding and maintaining access to carefully assessed levels of standby liquidity which support the Group's planned financial commitments. As at 31 December 2021, the Group had total committed credit facilities of £4.8 billion, of which £0.4 billion expires in 2024 and the remaining £4.4 billion expire in 2025. The undrawn committed facilities as at 31 December 2021 were £3.0 billion in addition to total liquid resources of £3.6 billion.

The full Centrica Group results were released on 24th February 2022, these demonstrated a resilient financial performance despite a difficult energy supply situation, increases in wholesale gas price, and the ongoing challenges caused by the pandemic. The Group's balance sheet is much stronger than 2020, with a positive cash position of £0.7bn compared to 2020 when the Group had net debt of £3.0bn and an overall adjusted operating profit of £948m.

On the basis of the enquiries made, and the fact that Centrica plc, the ultimate parent company, has confirmed it will continue to support the Company, the Directors have concluded that the Company should be able to meet its liabilities as they fall due for the foreseeable future, and therefore the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Revenue recognition
Under IFRS 15: 'Revenue from contracts with customers', all revenue for this Company has been assessed to be Feed in Tariff (FIT) income from solar PV installations.

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the Feed in Tariff 'Generation Tariff' on power generated by the company's installations and for the 'Export Tariff' on the supply of power to the grid by the Solar PV installations which have been funded by the Company in the ordinary course of its activities, and is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be measured or estimated reliably. The contracts have one performance obligation which is to sell the energy generated. Revenue is recognised over time as energy is generated.

Revenue described as Feed in Tariff (FIT) income from solar PV installations is the estimated value of electricity supplied free of charge to schools in lieu of rent for the roofspace on which the PV installations are sited. This arrangement applies only to systems installed during the year as older installations are the property of the schools and no rent is payable.

Revenue is recognised on the basis of energy generated and/or supplied during the year. All revenue arises in the United Kingdom.

Cost of Sales
Cost of sales represents the cost of maintaining the Solar PV installations operated by the Company and contributions to other projects in furtherance of its objectives during the year.

Property, plant and equipment ('PP&E')
PP&E is included in the Statement of Financial Position at cost, less accumulated depreciation and any provisions for impairment. The initial cost of an asset comprises its purchase price or construction cost and any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset into operation. The purchase price or construction cost is the aggregate amount paid and the fair value of any other consideration given to acquire the asset.

Depreciation of PP&E
The depreciation periods for the principal categories of assets are as follows:

Asset class	**Depreciation method and rate**
Plant, equipment and vehicles	Straight line, up to 20 years

Provisions
Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, that can be measured reliably, and it is probable that the Company will be required to settle that obligation. Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation at the reporting date, and are discounted to present value where the effect is material. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised in the Income Statement within interest expense.

Financial assets and liabilities
Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the Company's Statement of Financial Position when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are de-recognised when the Company no longer has the rights to cash flows, the risks and rewards of ownership or control of the asset. Financial liabilities are de-recognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires.

2 Accounting policies (continued)

- Trade and other receivables
Trade receivables are initially recognised at fair value, which is usually the original invoice amount, and are subsequently held at amortised cost using the effective interest method less an allowance for expected credit losses.

- Trade and other payables
Trade payables are initially recognised at fair value, which is usually the original invoice amount and are subsequently held at amortised cost using the effective interest method (although, in practice, the discount is often immaterial). If payment is due within one year or less, payables are classified as current liabilities. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

- Cash and cash equivalents
Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand and current balances with banks and similar institutions, which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value and have an original maturity of three months or less.

3 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, which are described in note 2, the Directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and the associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates. In the Directors' opinion there are no critical judgements, apart from those involving estimations (which are dealt with separately below).

Key sources of estimation uncertainty
The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below.

Accrued income
Where up to date meter reads are not available for any solar installations, an estimate is made of generation between the last meter read date and the reporting date. The key information used for this estimate is obtained from external data sources related to installation type, solar generation volumes and FiT rates.

Impairment of accrued income
A review of the income accrued at the end of 2021 has revealed that £29,000 (2020: 229,000) of this may never be received and therefore a provision has been created against this income. The provision is calculated as 100% of the 2021 accrued income not received as cash by March 2022. The provision basis is the same as the prior year. The total remaining accrued income of £97,000 (2020: £168,000) is shown in note 10.

4 Revenue

The analysis of the Company's revenue for the year from continuing operations is as follows:

	2021 £ 000	2020 £ 000
Feed in Tariff income	840	915

All revenue arose from activities in the United Kingdom.

5 Employees' costs

The Company has no direct employees during 2021 (2020: zero).

6 Exceptional items

The following exceptional items were recognised in arriving at operating loss for the reporting year:

	2021 £ 000	2020 £ 000
Exceptional items - provision for impairment of accrued income	(29)	(13)

7 Directors' remuneration

The Directors were remunerated as employees of Centrica plc Group and did not receive any remuneration, from any source, for their services as Directors of the Company during the current or preceding financial year. Accordingly, no details in respect of their emoluments have therefore been included in these financial statements.

8 Auditors' remuneration

The Company paid the following amounts to its auditors in respect of the audit of the Financial Statements provided to the Company.

	2021 £ 000	2020 £ 000
Audit fees	7	7

Auditors' remuneration relates to fees for the audit of the financial statements of the Company.

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption not to disclose amounts paid for non-audit services as these are disclosed in the Group Financial accounts of its ultimate parent, Centrica plc.

9 Income tax

The Company has a tax charge of £nil (2020 £nil) as the Company, with certain provisions, is only subject to tax on its incidental investment income.

10 Property, plant and equipment

	Plant, equipment and vehicles £ 000	Total £ 000
Cost		
At 1 January 2021	236	236
At 31 December 2021	236	236
Accumulated depreciation and impairment		
At 1 January 2021	(129)	(129)
Charge for the year	(7)	(7)
At 31 December 2021	136	136
Net book value		
At 31 December 2021	100	100
At 31 December 2020	107	107

11 Trade and other receivables

	31 December 2021		31 December 2020	
	Current £ 000	Non-current £ 000	Current £ 000	Non-current £ 000
Amounts owed by Group undertakings	1,628	-	-	-
Accrued income	126	-	397	-
Provision for impairment of accrued income	(29)	-	(229)	-
Prepayments	-	569	-	589
	1,725	569	168	589

The amounts owed by Group undertakings have been presented on a net basis as there is a legal right of offset, and the intent is to settle amounts on a net basis. All amounts owed by Group undertakings are interest-free, unsecured and repayable on demand.

12 Trade and other payables

	31 December 2021 Current £ 000	31 December 2020 Current £ 000
Trade payables	21	32
Accrued expenses	41	30
Amounts owed to Group undertakings	-	6
	62	68

The amounts owed to Group undertakings have been presented on a net basis as there is a legal right of offset, and the intent is to settle amounts on a net basis. All amounts owed to Group undertakings are interest-free, unsecured and repayable on demand.

13 Provisions for other liabilities and charges

	Other provisions £ 000	Total £ 000
At 1 January 2021	2,128	2,128
Charged to the Income Statement	546	546
Provisions used	(380)	(380)
Cornwall project refund	539	539
At 31 December 2021	2,833	2,833
Non-current liabilities	2,833	2,833

The provision relates to a constructive obligation requiring that any excess revenue over costs will be spent to achieve the stated objectives of the Company. Any such excess each year is transferred to this provision by way of a charge to the income statement. The provision is utilised as costs are incurred, funding investments and programmes.

During the year the fund was utilised to provide £380,000 worth of grants across seven projects.

In July 2021 the Company received a refund of £539,000 being unspent funds from the Cornwall Local Energy Market Project investment. These funds were added back into the provision to be used for funding future investments.

14 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

The immediate parent undertaking is GB Gas Holdings Limited, a company registered in England and Wales.

The ultimate parent undertaking is Centrica plc, a company registered in England and Wales, which is the only company to include these financial statements in its consolidated financial statements. Copies of the Centrica plc consolidated financial statements may be obtained from www.centrica.com.

The registered address of Centrica plc is Millstream, Maidenhead Road, Windsor, Berkshire SL4 5GD.