Rule 4.223-CVL The Insolvency Act 1986

Liquidator's Statement of Receipts and Payments

Pursuant to Section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

S.192

	To the Registrar of Companies	For official use
		Company Number 06428665
(a)insert full name of company	Name of Company (a) B. A. Clothing (UK) Limited	
or company		

(b) Insert full name(s) I/\text{\psi} (b) Kevin Thomas Brown and address(es) Kevin Brown Limited, 500 High Road, Woodford Green IG8 0PN

the liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of my/our statement of Receipts and Payments under Section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Signed From .

Date 11th November 2021

Procentor's name	For Official Use	
Presenter's name, address and reference (if any) Kevin Brown Limited 500 High Road Woodford Green IG8 0PN	Liquidation Section	Post Room

Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company B. A. Clothing (UK) Limited

Company's registered number 06428665

State whether members' or Creditors'

creditors' voluntary winding up

Date of commencement of winding up 19th March 2009

Date to which this statement is brought down 18th September 2021

Name and address of liquidator: Kevin Thomas Brown, Kevin Brown Ltd. 500 High Road, Woodford Green IG8 0PN

NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies.

Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding-up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold, etc, and the account of disbursements should contain all payments for costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such; nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. -The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the totals of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement.

Dividends

- (3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum; and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor and the amount of dividend, etc payable to each creditor, or contributory.
- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules.
 - (6) This statement of receipts and payments is required in duplicate

LIQUIDATOR'S STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS Under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

REALISATIONS

DATE	Of whom Received	Nature of Assets Realised	AMOUNT (£)
		Brought forward	173,193.87
			472 402 07
		Carried forward*	173,193.87

^{*}NOTE-No balance should be shown on this Account, but only the total Realisations and

Disbursements which should be carried forward to next Account

LIQUIDATOR'S STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS **Under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986**

DISBURSEMENTS

DATE	To whom Paid	Nature of Disbursements	AMOUNT (£)
		B/F	173,229.17
		D/I	,
		Carried forward	173,229.17
<u> </u>	1 . 1 . 1 . 1	ed forward to the next Account	

ANALYSIS OF BALANCE

		£
Total Realisations	173,193	87
Total Disbursements	173,229	17
Balance£	(35	30)
The Balance is made up as follows:-		
1. Cash in hands of Liquidator	0	00
2. Balance at Bank	0	00
3. Amount in Insolvency Services Account	0	00
£		
*4. Amounts invested by Liquidator 0.00		
Less The cost of investments realised 0.00		
Balance	0	00
Total Balance as shown above £	(35	30)
	·	

[Note-Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement]

*The investment or deposit of money by the liquidator does not withdraw it from the operation of the Insolvency Regulations 1986, and any such investments representing money held for six months or upwards must be realised and paid into the Insolvency Services Account, except in the case of investments in Government securities, the transfer of which to the control of the Secretary of State will be accepted as a sufficient compliance with the terms of the Regulations.

The Liquidator should also state-

(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up-

		£.
	Assets (after deducting amounts due to charged or secured creditors-including the	
	holders of floating charges)	uncertain
	Liabilities-Fixed charge creditors	1,552,125
	Floating charge creditors	500,00
	Preferential creditors	10,202
	Unsecured creditors	1,113,508
(2)	The total amount of capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up-	
	Paid in cash	100 0.00

- (3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)
 - Potential property interest in Bulgaria
- (4) Why the winding up cannot be yet concluded Control of corporate ownership of Bulgarian property to be resolved and property to be realised.
- (5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed :12 months