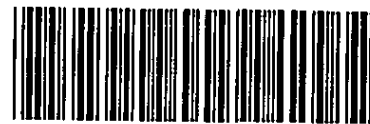


Registered No. 6409008

Spire Property 13 Limited

**Report and Financial Statements
For the year ended 31 December 2010**

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Report of the directors
For the year ended 31 December 2010

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010

1. Principal activity

The principal activity of the company is the leasing of hospital property

2. Review of the business

The company leases the Spire Norwich Hospital to Spire Healthcare Limited

At the balance sheet date, the company had net liabilities of £5,901,000 (2009 £3,884,000 - restated)

3. Results and dividends

The loss for the year, after taxation, amounted to £2,017,000 (2009 £1,746,000 - restated)

No ordinary dividend has been proposed for the year ended 31 December 2010 (2009 £nil)

4. Key performance indicators

In view of the straight forward nature of the business, the directors do not consider the use of key performance indicators necessary to provide an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business

5. Principal risks and uncertainties

The company's activities expose it to a number of risks which are discussed below

Credit risk

Credit risk arises principally from the company's receivables of rent from Spire Healthcare Limited, a fellow group undertaking of Spire Healthcare Limited Partnership, which has leased the hospital property from the company under a lease with a term of up to 35 years, which commenced on 21 December 2007

Interest rate risk

The company is exposed to interest rate risk arising from fluctuations in market rates. This affects the future cost of borrowings. The company has entered into an interest rate swap in order to fix the interest payable on its bank loan. Further information is contained in note 13 of these accounts

Overall risk management

The company is managed on a group basis and the principal risks and uncertainties facing it are therefore integrated with those facing the Group as a whole. Further information is provided in the Annual Review and Accounts of Spire Healthcare Limited Partnership, which are published on the Spire Healthcare website (www.spirehealthcare.com)

Report of the directors
For the year ended 31 December 2010 - continued

6. Directors

The names of directors who have held office since 1 January 2010 are as follows

R Roger
D F Toner
R J Wise

7. Companies (Audit, Investigations and Community Enterprise) Act 2004

As at the date of this report and during the financial period, indemnities are in force under which the company has agreed to indemnify certain directors, to the extent permitted by law (and subject to the conditions set out in section 234 of the Companies Act 2006) and the company's articles of association, in respect of all losses arising out of, or in connection with, the execution of their powers, duties and responsibilities, as directors of the company

8. Going concern

The directors have considered the business and financial risks of the company and consider that the company is well placed to manage those risks successfully. Consequently the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate financial and other resources to continue in operational existence in the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

9. Auditors

The auditors Ernst & Young LLP were the company's auditors during the year and are deemed to be reappointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

10. Disclosure of Information to Auditors

The directors who were members of the board at the time of approving the directors' report are listed above. Having made enquiries of fellow directors and of the company's auditors, each of these directors confirms that

- To the best of each director's knowledge and belief, there is no information relevant to the preparation of their report of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- Each director has taken all steps a director might reasonably be expected to have taken to be aware of relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

Registered Office

120 Holborn
London
EC1N 2TD

13 April 2011

On behalf of the board



R Roger
Director

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of its profit or loss for the period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent, and
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent auditor's report
to the members of Spire Property 13 Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Spire Property 13 Limited for the year ended 31 December 2010 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, the Balance Sheet and the related notes 1 to 17. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Report of the Directors to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2010 and of its loss for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Spire Property 13 Limited
Registered No. 6409008

Independent auditor's report
to the members of Spire Property 13 Limited - continued

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Granta Young LLP

Matthew Williams (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP (Statutory Auditor)
London
13 April 2011

Spire Property 13 Limited
Registered No. 6409008

Profit and loss account
For the year ended 31 December 2010

	<i>Note</i>	2010 £000	2009 £000 (restated)
Rent receivable		4,574	4,574
Depreciation		<u>(1,175)</u>	<u>(1,177)</u>
Operating profit		3,399	3,397
Interest receivable and similar income	4	1	2
Interest payable and similar charges	5	<u>(5,658)</u>	<u>(5,521)</u>
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation		(2,258)	(2,122)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	7	<u>241</u>	<u>376</u>
Loss for the year		<u>(2,017)</u>	<u>(1,746)</u>

The operating profit is all derived from continuing operations

The accounting policies and notes form part of these financial statements

Statement of total recognised gains and losses

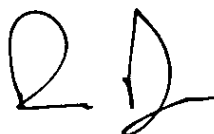
Total recognised gains and losses related to the year	(2,017)	<u>(1,746)</u>
Prior year adjustment (note 1)	481	
Total recognised gains and losses since last annual report	<u>(1,536)</u>	

Spire Property 13 Limited
Registered No. 6409008

Balance sheet
as at 31 December 2010

	<i>Note</i>	2010 £000	2009 £000 (restated)
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	8	62,351	63,526
Current assets			
Debtors	9	2,095	1,686
Creditors amounts falling due within one year	10	(1,865)	(1,833)
Net current assets/(liabilities)		230	(147)
Total assets less current liabilities		62,581	63,379
Creditors amounts falling due after more than one year	11	(68,482)	(67,022)
Provisions for liabilities and charges	14	-	(241)
Net liabilities		(5,901)	(3,884)
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	16	1,236	1,236
Profit and loss account	17	(7,137)	(5,120)
Equity shareholders' deficit		(5,901)	(3,884)

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 13 April 2011 and were signed on its behalf by



R Roger
Director

The accounting policies and notes form part of these financial statements

Notes to the financial statements
For the year ended 31 December 2010

1. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards, under the historical cost accounting convention and on a going concern basis. The directors consider that the external financing facilities in place, together with the anticipated future trading performance of the company, are sufficient to provide funds so that the company can meet its liabilities as they fall due for the foreseeable future.

All accounting policies have been applied consistently during the year.

As described in note 2 the company is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of Spire Healthcare Limited Partnership, a limited partnership registered in Guernsey, which publishes consolidated accounts that are publicly available from the Spire Healthcare website (www.spirehealthcare.com). Consequently, the company has:

- Pursuant to Financial Reporting Standard 1 - *Cash flow statements*, not prepared a cash flow statement, and
- Pursuant to Financial Reporting Standard 8 - *Related party disclosures*, not included details of transactions with other wholly owned subsidiary undertakings of Spire Healthcare Limited Partnership

Prior year adjustment

The directors have considered that it is appropriate to change their accounting policy in respect of leases. In prior years the company did not spread the effect of fixed uplifts in lease rentals receivable across the term of the lease if such uplifts were considered to be in place to compensate for the general level of prices. However, for the 2010 financial statements, the directors have spread the effect of all fixed uplifts over the lease term in order that the financial statements reflect the practice under International Financial Reporting Standards as used in the consolidated financial statements of the parent, Spire Healthcare Limited Partnership. This has had the effect of increasing debtors by £668,000, increasing rent income by £518,000, increasing deferred tax provisions by £187,000 and decreasing the loss after tax by £331,000 in the year to 31 December 2009.

Rental income

Rent receivable arising on leased properties is accounted for on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Notes to the financial statements
For the year ended 31 December 2010

1. Accounting policies - continued

Taxation including deferred taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the result for the year and takes into account deferred tax. Deferred tax is provided in full on all timing differences that have originated, but not reversed, at the balance sheet date which result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax except that deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is considered more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the years in which timing differences reverse, based on current tax rates and laws.

Interest rate swaps

The company's criteria for interest rate swaps are

- the instrument must be related to an asset or a liability, and
- it must change the character of the interest rate by converting a variable rate to a fixed rate or vice versa

Premiums paid for derivatives are amortised over the term of the derivative.

Interest differentials are recognised by accruing with net interest payable. Interest rate swaps are not revalued to fair value. If they are terminated early, the gain/loss is spread over the remaining maturity of the original instrument.

Interest-bearing loans and borrowings

All interest-bearing loans and borrowings are initially recognised at net proceeds. After initial recognition, debt is increased by the finance cost in respect of the reporting year and reduced by payments made in respect of the debts of the year. Finance costs of debt are allocated over the term of the debt at a constant rate on the carrying amount.

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation.

No depreciation is provided on freehold land.

Tangible assets are depreciated so as to write off the cost by equal annual instalments over their lives, as follows:

Freehold buildings	- 5 - 50 years
Fixtures & fittings	- 3 - 10 years

The estimated economic lives of the freehold properties are reviewed annually and revised as appropriate, taking into consideration the levels of expenditure incurred on an ongoing basis to maintain the properties in a fit and proper state for their ongoing use as hospitals.

Notes to the financial statements
For the year ended 31 December 2010

2. Immediate and ultimate parent undertakings

The immediate parent undertaking of Spire Property 13 Limited is Spire UK Holdco 4 Limited, a company registered in England and Wales which is a subsidiary of Rozier No. 1A Limited Partnership, a limited liability partnership registered in Guernsey. The smallest group in which the results of Spire Property 13 Limited are consolidated is headed by Rozier No. 1A Limited Partnership. The largest group in which the results of Spire Property 13 Limited are consolidated is headed by Spire Healthcare Limited Partnership, a limited liability partnership registered in Guernsey, which publishes consolidated accounts that are publicly available from the Spire Healthcare website (www.spirehealthcare.com).

The ultimate parent undertakings of Spire Property 13 Limited are Fourth Cinven Fund (No 1) LP, Fourth Cinven Fund (No.2) LP, Fourth Cinven Fund (No 3 - VCOC) LP, Fourth Cinven Fund (No 4) LP, Fourth Cinven Fund (UBTI) LP, Fourth Cinven Fund Co-Investment Partnership and Fourth Cinven (MACIF) LP (together the 'Cinven Funds'), being funds managed and advised by Cinven Limited, a company incorporated under the laws of England and Wales.

Accordingly, the directors consider the company's ultimate controlling party is Cinven Limited, the managers and advisor to the Cinven Funds.

3. Staff costs and directors' remuneration

The company had no employees during the year (2009: nil) and consequently incurred no staff costs.

The directors are remunerated for their work for the Spire Healthcare Limited Partnership Group, of which the company is a member, in the fellow subsidiary, Spire Healthcare Limited.

Spire Property 13 Limited
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Notes to the financial statements
For the year ended 31 December 2010

4. Interest receivable and similar income

	2010 £000	2009 £000
Other	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>

5. Interest payable and similar charges

	2010 £000	2009 £000
Payable to other Group undertakings	1,283	1,145
Loan interest	<u>4,375</u>	<u>4,376</u>
	<u>5,658</u>	<u>5,521</u>

6. Auditors' remuneration

	2010 £000	2009 £000
Fees for the audit of the company	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>

Fees for the audit of the company represent the amount receivable by the company's auditors. The amount will be met by other group companies.

Notes to the financial statements
For the year ended 31 December 2010

7. Tax on loss on ordinary activities

	2010 £000	2009 £000 (restated)
(i) Analysis of tax (credit)/charge in year		
Current tax		
Adjustments in respect of prior years	-	238
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	(241)	(614)
	<u>(241)</u>	<u>(376)</u>

(ii) Factors affecting the tax credit

The tax assessed for the year differs from the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2009 28%) The differences are explained below

	2010 £000	2009 £000 (restated)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	<u>(2,258)</u>	<u>(2,122)</u>
Applying the loss before tax to the UK corporation tax rate of 28% (2009 28%)	(632)	(594)
Effects of		
Non taxable expenses/(income) not deductible for tax purposes	203	203
Depreciation in excess of capital allowances	44	44
Losses carried forward	(163)	364
Short term and other timing differences	187	(145)
Adjustments in respect of prior years	-	238
Group relief not paid for	<u>361</u>	<u>128</u>
Total current tax for the year	<u>-</u>	<u>238</u>

Notes to the financial statements
For the year ended 31 December 2010

8. Fixed assets

	Freehold land & buildings £000	Fixtures & Fittings £000	Total £000
Cost			
At 1 January and 31 December 2010	65,104	914	66,018
Depreciation			
At 1 January 2010	2,129	363	2,492
Charge for the year	1,064	111	1,175
At 31 December 2010	3,193	474	3,667
Net Book Value			
At 31 December 2010	61,911	440	62,351
At 31 December 2009	62,975	551	63,526

9. Debtors

	2010 £000	2009 £000 (restated)
Amounts due from other Group undertakings	1,031	1,018
Accrued income	1,064	668
	<u>2,095</u>	<u>1,686</u>

Included in accrued income is £1,064,000 (2009 £668,000) that will reverse in more than one year

10. Creditors - amounts falling due within one year :

	2010 £000	2009 £000
Amounts owed to other Group undertakings	864	839
Accruals and deferred income	293	292
Loans (note 12)	708	702
	<u>1,865</u>	<u>1,833</u>

Notes to the financial statements
For the year ended 31 December 2010

11. Creditors - amounts falling due after more than one year :

	2010 £000	2009 £000
Amounts owed to other Group undertakings	11,971	10,689
Accruals and deferred income	1,661	1,953
Loans (note 12)	<u>54,850</u>	<u>54,380</u>
	<u>68,482</u>	<u>67,022</u>

Amounts due to other Group Undertakings are repayable in August 2038 and bear interest at 12%

12. Loans

	2010 £000	2009 £000
Amounts falling due		
- in one year or less	1,043	1,036
- in more than 5 years	<u>55,773</u>	<u>55,638</u>
	56,816	56,674
Less issue costs not yet amortised	<u>(1,258)</u>	<u>(1,592)</u>
	<u>55,558</u>	<u>55,082</u>

The bank loans are stated net of capitalised arrangement fees, which are being written off over the life of the loan. The fees were initially recognised at a cost of £2,018,000, amortisation of £335,000 (2009 £335,000) has been charged in the year.

Bank loans and Payment in Kind (PIK) notes

The bank loans and PIK notes are denominated as follows. The rates of interest and final repayment dates are set out below.

	Fixed margin above LIBOR %	2010 £000	2009 £000
Tranche A - maturity date 5 October 2014	1.25	32,734	32,650
Tranche B - maturity date 5 October 2014	2.35	18,462	18,414
PIK notes - maturity date 5 October 2014	7.05	<u>4,362</u>	<u>4,018</u>
		<u>55,558</u>	<u>55,082</u>

These loans are secured by a fixed charge over the property held by the company.

Spire Property 13 Limited
Registered No. 6409008

Notes to the financial statements
For the year ended 31 December 2010

13. Derivative fair value

The company entered into an interest swap agreement to mitigate the risk of losses through interest rate rises on its variable rate bank loans. The fair value of this swap agreement is as follows:

	2010 £000	2009 £000
Interest rate swap liability	<u>10,852</u>	<u>8,602</u>

14. Provisions for liabilities and charges

	Deferred taxation £000
At 1 January 2010 as previously reported	53
Prior year adjustment (Note 1)	<u>188</u>
At 1 January 2010 - restated	241
Credit in year	<u>(241)</u>
At 31 December 2010	<u>-</u>

Notes to the financial statements
For the year ended 31 December 2010

15. Deferred taxation

Deferred tax liabilities are analysed as follows

	2010	2009 (restated)
	£000	£000
Accelerated capital allowances	757	811
Other timing differences	-	187
Trading losses	(757)	(757)
Deferred tax liability	<u>-</u>	<u>241</u>

The deferred tax provision is included within provisions for liabilities and charges (see note 14)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realised or the liability settled, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. As at the date of the financial statements, the Finance Bill 2010, which includes a reduction in the UK corporate tax rate to 27% from 1 April 2011, has been substantively enacted and so UK deferred tax assets and liabilities have been calculated at this rate

The UK government intends to reduce the UK corporate income tax rate further, to 23%, which will be enacted in successive Finance Bills. Consequently, the company will only recognise the impact of the rate change which is substantively enacted at that time in its financial statements. However, for indicative purposes only, the maximum effect of the proposed reduction in the corporate income tax rate is to reduce the accelerated capital allowances and the trading losses as at 31 December 2010 to £645,000 and (£645,000) respectively.

The company has losses carried forward of £2,256,000 (2009 £2,703,000) to offset against future trading profits. A deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of these losses to the extent that they can be offset against the accelerated capital allowances.

16. Share capital

	2010	2009
	£000	£000
Authorised		
5,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	<u>5,000</u>	<u>5,000</u>
Allotted, called-up and fully paid		
1,236,326 ordinary shares of £1 each	<u>1,236</u>	<u>1,236</u>

Spire Property 13 Limited
Registered No. 6409008

Notes to the financial statements
For the year ended 31 December 2010

17. Reconciliation of shareholders' funds and movements on reserves

	Share capital £000	Profit and loss account £000	Total share- holders' funds £000
At 1 January 2009 (as previously reported)	1,236	(3,523)	(2,287)
Prior year adjustment (see note 1)	-	150	150
At 1 January 2009 (restated)	1,236	(3,373)	(2,137)
Retained loss - restated	-	(1,746)	(1,746)
At 31 December 2009 - restated (shareholders deficit originally £4,364,000 before prior year adjustment of £481,000)	1,236	(5,120)	(3,884)
Retained loss	-	(2,017)	(2,017)
At 31 December 2010	1,236	(7,137)	(5,901)