# UNAUDITED

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

# JEFFORD ASSOCIATES LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 06400900

## BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2018

			2018		2017
	Note		£		£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	4		-		2,400
Tangible assets	5		906		706
		_	906		3,106
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	6	130		45,422	
Cash at bank and in hand	7	133,236		136,134	
	_	133,366	_	181,556	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(31,688)		(99,670)	
Net current assets	_	_	101,678		81,886
Total assets less current liabilities		_	102,584	_	84,992
Net assets		 	102,584	_	84,992
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			102,484		84,892
		_	102,584		84,992

The director considers that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

# JEFFORD ASSOCIATES LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 06400900

# BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 MARCH 2018

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 16 October 2018.

R J Jefford Director

The notes on pages 3 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

#### 1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, incorporated in England. The principal activity throughout the year was that of training and development of NVQ and VRQ's.

#### 2. Accounting policies

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

### 2.2 Revenue

Turnover is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the turnover can be reliably measured. Turnover is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before turnover is recognised:

#### Rendering of services

Turnover from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of turnover can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

#### 2.3 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings using the effective interest method.

#### 2.4 Taxation

Tax is recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.5 Intangible assets

#### Goodwill

Goodwill represents the difference between amounts paid on the cost of a business combination and the acquirer's interest in the fair value of its identifiable assets and liabilities of the acquiree at the date of acquisition. Subsequent to initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is amortised on a straight line basis to the Statement of income and retained earnings over its useful economic life.

#### Other intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost. After recognition, under the cost model, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

All intangible assets are considered to have a finite useful life. If a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made, the useful life shall not exceed ten years.

#### 2.6 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, on a reducing balance basis.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Fixtures and fittings - 15% reducing balance

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings.

## 2.7 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

#### 2.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.9 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 2.10 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

#### 2.11 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

### 3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 2 (2017 - 2).

### 4. Intangible assets

	Goodwill
	£
Cost	
At 1 April 2017	24,000
At 31 March 2018	24,000
Amortisation	
At 1 April 2017	21,600
Charge for the year	2,400
At 31 March 2018	24,000
Net book value	
At 31 March 2018	
At 31 March 2017	2,400

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

	Fixtures and
	fitting
	0.47
	2,478 360
	2,838
	1,772
	160
	1,932
	900
	706
	<b>2018</b> 201
	£
	- 45,300
	<b>130</b> 122
	<b>130</b> 45,422
	<b>2018</b> 201
	£
133	<b>236</b> 136,134
13.	<b>236</b> 136,134

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

8.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2018	2017
		£	£
	Corporation tax	10,041	17,163
	Other creditors	20,381	81,234
	Accruals and deferred income	1,266	1,273
		31,688	99,670
9.	Financial instruments		
		2018	2017
		£	£
	Financial assets		
	Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	133,236	136,134

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss comprise cash at bank and in hand.

### 10. Controlling party

The company is controlled by the director R J Jefford, by virtue of his shareholding as described in the director's report.

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