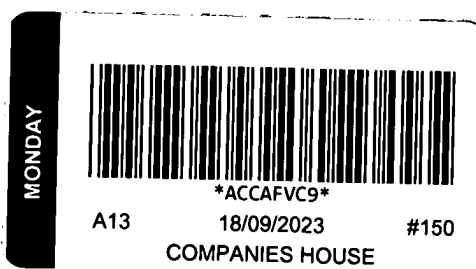


HLT Owned Mezz V-J Limited

STRATEGIC REPORT, REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND  
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022



**CONTENTS OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**for the year ended 31 December 2022**

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**COMPANY INFORMATION**  
for the year ended 31 December 2022

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**DIRECTORS:**

Hilton Corporate Director LLC  
Mr B Wilson  
Mr J O Percival  
Mr S R Vincent  
Ms K J Coari

**SECRETARY:**

HLT Secretary Limited

**REGISTERED OFFICE:**

Maple Court  
Central Park  
Reeds Crescent  
Watford  
Hertfordshire  
WD24 4QQ

**REGISTERED NUMBER:**

06400411 (England and Wales)

**ACCOUNTANTS:**

Hilton Worldwide  
Maple Court  
Reeds Crescent  
Watford  
Hertfordshire  
WD24 4QQ

**STRATEGIC REPORT**  
**for the year ended 31 December 2022**

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The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2022.

The principal activity of the company in the year under review was that of an investment holding company.

HLT Owned Mezz V-J Limited is an indirect subsidiary of Hilton Worldwide Holdings Inc. and is based in the United Kingdom (UK). Hilton Worldwide Holdings Inc. and its worldwide subsidiaries are collectively known as "the group" or "the Hilton group". Further details are contained in the note "Parent Undertaking, Controlling Party and Consolidating Entity".

**REVIEW OF BUSINESS**

The company has not traded during the year and accordingly it has made neither a profit nor a loss (2021: R-). It is anticipated that the company will continue to operate as an investment holding company in the future.

**PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES**

**Impairment risk**

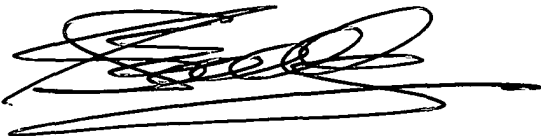
The company's principal activities are those of an investment holding company. As such the principal risks and uncertainties facing the company relate solely to the recoverability of the value of those investments. The company monitors the fair value of all underlying assets to determine whether there are indicators that the carrying values of investments are not recoverable.

Management does not believe the company is any more exposed to financial statement risk factors than others in the industry and has a system of internal controls and procedures that attempt to mitigate such risk.

**FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS**

The company will continue to operate as an investment holding company in the future.

**ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:**



Hilton Corporate Director LLC - Director

14 September 2023

**REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS**  
for the year ended 31 December 2022

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The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2022.

**EVENTS SINCE THE END OF THE YEAR**

Information relating to events since the end of the year is given in the notes to the financial statements.

**DIRECTORS**

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 January 2022 to the date of this report.

Hilton Corporate Director LLC

Mr B Wilson

Mr J O Percival

Mr S R Vincent

Ms K J Coari

**GOING CONCERN**

The company's activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development, its competitive, economic and interest rate risks are set out in the "Review of Business" and "Principal Risks and Uncertainties" sections in the Strategic Report.

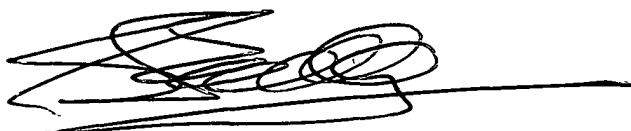
As of 31 December 2022, the company has net assets and net current assets. The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis because management believe that the company can meet its liabilities as they fall due for a period from the date on which these financial statements are approved to the 14 September 2024.

**DIRECTORS' AND OFFICERS' LIABILITY INSURANCE**

During the year, Hilton Worldwide Holdings Inc. purchased and maintained on behalf of the company liability insurance for its directors and officers.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

**ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:**

A handwritten signature in black ink, consisting of several loops and a long horizontal stroke at the end.

Hilton Corporate Director LLC - Director

14 September 2023

**HLT Owned Mezz V-J Limited**

**STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**  
**for the year ended 31 December 2022**

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|                                                        | Notes | 2022<br>R | 2021<br>R |
|--------------------------------------------------------|-------|-----------|-----------|
| <b>TURNOVER</b>                                        |       | <u>-</u>  | <u>-</u>  |
| <b>OPERATING PROFIT and<br/>PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION</b> | 5     | -         | -         |
| Tax on profit                                          | 6     | <u>-</u>  | <u>-</u>  |
| <b>PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR</b>                   |       | -         | -         |
| <b>OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME</b>                      |       | <u>-</u>  | <u>-</u>  |
| <b>TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME<br/>FOR THE YEAR</b>     |       | <u>-</u>  | <u>-</u>  |

The notes form part of these financial statements

**BALANCE SHEET**  
**31 December 2022**

|                                              | Notes | 2022<br>R          | 2021<br>R          |
|----------------------------------------------|-------|--------------------|--------------------|
| <b>FIXED ASSETS</b>                          |       |                    |                    |
| Investments                                  | 7     | <u>444,518,575</u> | <u>444,518,575</u> |
| <b>TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES</b> |       | <u>444,518,575</u> | <u>444,518,575</u> |
| <b>CAPITAL AND RESERVES</b>                  |       |                    |                    |
| Called up share capital                      | 8     | 1,363              | 1,363              |
| Share premium                                | 9     | <u>444,517,212</u> | <u>444,517,212</u> |
| <b>SHAREHOLDER FUNDS</b>                     |       | <u>444,518,575</u> | <u>444,518,575</u> |

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 December 2022.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 14 September 2023 and were signed on its behalf by:



Hilton Corporate Director LLC - Director

**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**  
for the year ended 31 December 2022

|                             | Called up<br>share<br>capital<br>R | Retained<br>earnings<br>R | Share<br>premium<br>R     | Total<br>equity<br>R      |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Balance at 1 January 2021   | 1,363                              | -                         | 444,517,212               | 444,518,575               |
| Changes in equity           |                                    |                           |                           |                           |
| Balance at 31 December 2021 | <u>1,363</u>                       | <u>-</u>                  | <u>444,517,212</u>        | <u>444,518,575</u>        |
| Changes in equity           |                                    |                           |                           |                           |
| Balance at 31 December 2022 | <u><u>1,363</u></u>                | <u><u>-</u></u>           | <u><u>444,517,212</u></u> | <u><u>444,518,575</u></u> |

The notes form part of these financial statements

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**for the year ended 31 December 2022**

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**1. FUNDAMENTAL ACCOUNTING CONCEPT**

As of 31 December 2022, the company has net assets. The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis because management believe that the company can meet its liabilities as they fall due for a period from the date on which these financial statements are approved to the 14 September 2024.

**2. STATUTORY INFORMATION**

HLT Owned Mezz V-J Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

**3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

**Basis of preparation**

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The company's financial statements are presented in ZAR, which is the company's functional currency. Amounts have been rounded to the nearest R.

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions in preparing these financial statements, as permitted by FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework":

- the requirements of IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures;
- the requirements of paragraphs 91 to 99 of IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement;
- the requirements of paragraph 52, the second sentence of paragraph 89 and paragraphs 90, 91 and 93 of IFRS 16 Leases;
- the requirements of paragraph 58 of IFRS 16;
- the requirements of the second sentence of paragraph 110 and paragraphs 113(a), 114, 115, 118, 119(a to c), 120 to 127 and 129 of IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers;
- the requirements of paragraphs 10(d), 16 and 111 of IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements;
- the requirements of paragraphs 134 to 136 of IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements;
- the requirements of IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows;
- the requirements of paragraphs 30 and 31 of IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors;
- the requirements of paragraphs 17 of IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures;
- the requirements in IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures to disclose related party transactions entered into between two or more members of a group;
- the requirements of paragraphs 130(f), 134(d to f) and 135(c to e) of IAS 36 Impairments of Assets.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued**  
**for the year ended 31 December 2022**

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**3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued**

**Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty**

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported for assets and liabilities as at the balance sheet date and the amounts reported for revenues and expenses during the year. However, the nature of estimation means that actual outcomes could differ from those estimates.

**Critical judgements**

The following judgements (apart from those involving estimates) have had the most significant effect on amounts recognised in the financial statements:

**Foreign currency**

An entity's functional currency is determined (not chosen). IAS 21 (The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates) provide factors, often referred to as indicators, that are considered when identifying the functional currency. In some cases, the indicators will clearly identify a particular currency as the functional currency. In other cases they will not. When the factors provide a varied result and the functional currency is not obvious, management must use judgement based on the entity's individual facts and circumstances to determine its functional currency in a way that gives a fair presentation (ie faithfully represents the economic effects of transactions, events and conditions). As HLT Owned Mezz V-J Limited's cash flows are denominated in ZAR and the immediate parent reporting currency is ZAR, management has used their judgement and determined a change in the functional currency of the company from GBP to ZAR, this change has been applied fully retrospectively to the underlying records which are in ZAR, in accordance with the required Accounting Standards.

**Key sources of estimation uncertainty**

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that may have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets within the next financial year.

**Impairment of investments**

Determining whether a subsidiary is impaired requires an estimation of the value in use of it's subsidiary. The value in use calculation requires the directors to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the subsidiary and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate present value. Each investment in subsidiary is an individual cash generating unit. Details of any impairment losses are disclosed in 'Investments' note.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued**  
**for the year ended 31 December 2022**

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**3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued**

**Financial instruments**

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

**Financial assets**

**Initial recognition and measurement**

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income, or fair value through the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income. The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the company has applied the practical expedient, the company initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income, transaction costs.

**Subsequent measurement**

The company measures financial assets at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest (EIR) method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

**Derecognition**

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a company of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e., removed from the company's statement of financial position) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement and either (a) has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset

When the company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the company continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of its continuing involvement. In that case, the company also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the company has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the company could be required to repay.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued**  
**for the year ended 31 December 2022**

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**3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued**

**Impairment of financial assets**

The company recognises an allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs) for all debt instruments not held at fair value through the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the company expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. For trade receivables and some intercompany loans, the company applies a simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Therefore, the company does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The company has established a provision matrix, that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

The company considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 90 days past due. However, in certain cases, the company may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the company is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the company. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

**Financial liabilities**

**Initial recognition and measurement**

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income, loans and borrowings, or payables as appropriate. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

**Subsequent measurement - Intercompany loans**

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income when the liabilities are derecognised, as well as through the EIR amortisation process. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

**Derecognition**

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

**Taxation**

Current taxes are based on the results shown in the financial statements and are calculated according to local tax rules, using tax rates enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date.

**Fixed asset investments**

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are stated at cost. The carrying value of investments is reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued**  
**for the year ended 31 December 2022**

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**4. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS**

All operations of the company during the year ended 31 December 2022 have been undertaken by employees of other companies within Hilton Worldwide Holdings Inc.. A charge of R- has been included in cost of sales in respect of their services (2021: R-).

All the directors of the company are also directors of other group companies. The directors received total remuneration for the year of £2.6m (2021: £1.7m) all of which was paid by other companies within the group. The directors do not believe that it is practicable to apportion this amount between their services as directors of the company and their services as directors of the other group companies.

**5. PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION**

This company does not incur audit fees.

**6. TAXATION**

Although the company is registered in the UK, it is not resident in the UK for tax purposes as it is managed and controlled in Switzerland, which country has the taxing right by virtue of the UK and Switzerland Double Taxation Convention.

The company made neither a profit nor a loss during the period and as such there is no tax charge for the period or any tax balances to report.

**7. INVESTMENTS**

|                       | Shares in<br>group<br>undertakings<br>R |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| <b>COST</b>           |                                         |
| At 1 January 2022     |                                         |
| and 31 December 2022  | <u>444,518,575</u>                      |
| <b>NET BOOK VALUE</b> |                                         |
| At 31 December 2022   | <u>444,518,575</u>                      |
| At 31 December 2021   | <u>444,518,575</u>                      |

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued**  
for the year ended 31 December 2022

**7. INVESTMENTS - continued**

Details of the principal investments in which the company holds nominal value of any class of share capital are as follows:

Investments in directly held subsidiary undertakings are denoted below with an asterisk; all other investments in subsidiary undertakings are indirectly held.

|                               | Country of<br>registration and<br>operation | Principal activity         | Proportion of<br>voting rights and<br>shares held |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|
| HLT Owned Mezz V-I Limited*   | England                                     | Investment holding company | 100%                                              |
| HLT Owned Mezz V-H Limited    | England                                     | Investment holding company | 100%                                              |
| HLT Owned Mezz V-G Limited    | England                                     | Investment holding company | 100%                                              |
| HLT Owned Mezz V-F Limited    | England                                     | Investment holding company | 100%                                              |
| HLT Owned Mezz V-E Limited    | England                                     | Investment holding company | 100%                                              |
| HLT Owned Mezz V-D Limited    | England                                     | Investment holding company | 100%                                              |
| HLT Owned Mezz V-C Limited    | England                                     | Investment holding company | 100%                                              |
| HLT Owned Mezz V-B Limited    | England                                     | Investment holding company | 100%                                              |
| HLT Owned Mezz V-A Limited    | England                                     | Investment holding company | 100%                                              |
| HLT Owned V-A Holding Limited | England                                     | Investment holding company | 100%                                              |

Consolidated financial statements have not been prepared as the company is consolidated into the financial statements of a larger group, for which the consolidated financial statements are publicly available, as disclosed in the below note "Parent undertaking, controlling party and consolidating entity".

In the opinion of the directors the aggregate value of the investment in subsidiary undertakings is not less than the amounts at which they are stated in these financial statements.

**8. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL**

Allotted, issued and fully paid:

| Number: | Class:          | Nominal<br>value: | 2022<br>R    | 2021<br>R    |
|---------|-----------------|-------------------|--------------|--------------|
| 100     | Ordinary shares | 1                 | <u>1,363</u> | <u>1,363</u> |

**9. RESERVES**

|                     | Retained<br>earnings<br>R | Share<br>premium<br>R | Totals<br>R        |
|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| At 1 January 2022   | -                         | 444,517,212           | 444,517,212        |
| Profit for the year | -                         | -                     | -                  |
| At 31 December 2022 | <u>-</u>                  | <u>444,517,212</u>    | <u>444,517,212</u> |

**10. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD**

In April 2023, as part of a wider group project, the company had reduced its share capital from £100 (R1,363) to £1 (R14) and the entirety of its share premium account has been cancelled and transferred to the profit and loss reserve. A dividend in specie of R640,417,389 was received from the company's subsidiary and subsequently the company made a distribution of the full amount of the dividend in specie to its parent.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued**  
**for the year ended 31 December 2022**

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**11. PARENT UNDERTAKING, CONTROLLING PARTY AND CONSOLIDATING ENTITY**

The company's immediate parent undertaking is HLT Owned Mezz V-K Limited, an investment holding company registered in England.

The ultimate parent, the only undertaking for which group financial statements were prepared and into which the company is consolidated for 31 December 2022, was Hilton Worldwide Holdings Inc., a company incorporated in Delaware in the United States of America. These group financial statements are available from the company secretary, Hilton Worldwide Holdings Inc., 7930 Jones Branch Drive, McLean, Fairfax County, Virginia VA 22102-3302, United States of America.