Registration number: 06394719

Clive Woolford Motor Engineers Ltd

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 November 2019

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Company Information

Directors Mrs S M Boskett

Mr I Boskett

Registered office Unit 5 & 6 Cotteswold Dairy Trading Estate

Northway Lane Tewkesbury Glos GL20 8JE

Accountants Devereux & Hunt Ltd

Certified Accountants

51 Basepoint Business Centre

Oakfield Close Tewkesbury Glos GL20 8SD

(Registration number: 06394719) Balance Sheet as at 30 November 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	<u>4</u>	-	20,663
Tangible assets	<u>4</u> <u>5</u>	19,041	19,449
		19,041	40,112
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>6</u>	5,090	5,090
Debtors	<u>6</u> <u>7</u>	14,988	12,757
Cash at bank and in hand		52,743	59,990
		72,821	77,837
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	8	(58,428)	(61,384)
Net current assets		14,393	16,453
Total assets less current liabilities		33,434	56,565
Provisions for liabilities		(3,032)	(2,509)
Net assets		30,402	54,056
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	9	23	23
Profit and loss account		30,379	54,033
Total equity		30,402	54,056

For the financial year ending 30 November 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

(Registration number: 06394719) Balance Sheet as at 30 November 2019

Approved and authorised by the Board on 19 August 2020 and signed on its behalf by:				
Mr I Boskett Director				

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 November 2019

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: Unit 5 & 6 Cotteswold Dairy Trading Estate Northway Lane Tewkesbury Glos GL20 8JE

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 19 August 2020.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 November 2019

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class
Fixtures, fittings and equipment
Motor vehicles

Depreciation method and rate 25% straight line 25 straight line

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of an entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the company's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is held in the currency of the acquired entity and revalued to the closing rate at each reporting period date. Goodwill is amortised over its useful life, which shall not exceed ten years if a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made.

Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Asset class
Goodwill
Amortisation method and rate
Straight line over 12 years

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 November 2019

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 9 (2018 - 9).

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 November 2019

4 Intangible assets

	Goodwill £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 December 2018	248,000	248,000
At 30 November 2019	248,000	248,000
Amortisation		
At 1 December 2018	227,337	227,337
Amortisation charge	20,663	20,663
At 30 November 2019	248,000	248,000
Carrying amount		
At 30 November 2019		-
At 30 November 2018	20,663	20,663

5 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Motor vehicles	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 December 2018	50,835	7,599	58,434
Additions	693	<u> </u>	693
At 30 November 2019	51,528	7,599	59,127
Depreciation			
At 1 December 2018	31,436	7,549	38,985
Charge for the year	1,051	50	1,101
At 30 November 2019	32,487	7,599	40,086
Carrying amount			
At 30 November 2019	19,041		19,041
At 30 November 2018	19,399	50	19,449

6 Stocks

2019	2018
£	£
5,090	5,090

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 November 2019

7 Debtors

	2019 £	2018 £
Trade debtors	12,332	10,379
Prepayments	2,560	2,282
Other debtors	96	96
	14,988	12,757

8 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

ę v	2019 £	2018 £
Due within one year		
Trade creditors	20,479	25,423
Taxation and social security	13,597	17,433
Accruals and deferred income	1,260	1,260
Other creditors	23,092	17,268
	58,428	61,384

9 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2019		2018	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary A shares of £1 each	9	9	9	9
Ordinary B shares of £1 each	9	9	9	9
Ordinary C shares of £1 each	2	2	2	2
Ordinary D shares of £1 each	1	1	1	1
Ordinary E shares of £1 each	1	1	1	1
Ordinary F shares of £1 each	1	1	1	1
	23	23	23	23

Oakfield Close

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