Registered number: 06393021

NIGEL FRANCE AUTOMATION LIMITED

UNAUDITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019

NIGEL FRANCE AUTOMATION LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER:06393021

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 OCTOBER 2019

	Note	2019 £	2019 £	2018 £	2018 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		1,327		2,133
			1,327		2,133
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	5	6,338		22,298	
Cash at bank and in hand	6	75,705		88,369	
	_	82,043		110,667	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(12,217)		(27,001)	
Net current assets	_		69,826		83,666
Total assets less current liabilities		_	71,153	_	85,799
Net assets			71,153		85,799
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			71,053		85,699
			71,153	_	85,799

NIGEL FRANCE AUTOMATION LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 06393021

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 OCTOBER 2019

The Directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The Directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

Sally France Director Nigel France

Director

Date: 3 May 2020

The notes on pages 3 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019

1. General information

Nigel France Automation Limited is a private limited company, incorporated in England and Wales.

The registered office is Equipoise House, Grove Place, Bedford, MK40 3LE.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

2.3 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings using the effective interest method.

2.4 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance Sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.5 Taxation

Tax is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

2.6 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Office equipment - 33%

per annum

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings.

2.7 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.9 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.10 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade debtors and creditors, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate or in the case of an out-right short-term loan not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially, at the present value of the future cash flow discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

For financial assets measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and best estimate of the recoverable amount, which is an approximation of the amount that the Company would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the balance sheet date.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Balance Sheet when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

2.11 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 2 (2018 - 2).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019

4. Tangible fixed assets

5.

6.

Trade debtors 6,338 22,298 Cash and cash equivalents 2019 2018				
£ Cost or valuation 5,406 Additions 292 At 31 October 2019 6,698 Depreciation At 1 November 2018 4,273 Charge for the year on owned assets 1,098 At 31 October 2019 5,371 Net book value At 31 October 2019 1,327 At 31 October 2018 2,133 Debtors Trade debtors 6,338 22,298 . Cash and cash equivalents 2019 2018 £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ 2019 2018 £ £ £ £ £ £ £ E £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £				
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Depreciation At 1 November 2018 4,273 Charge for the year on owned assets 1,098 At 31 October 2019 5,371 Net book value 1,327 At 31 October 2019 2,133 Debtors 2019 2018 Trade debtors 6,338 22,298 . Cash and cash equivalents 2019 2018 £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £		Additions		292
At 1 November 2018 4,273 Charge for the year on owned assets 1,098 At 31 October 2019 5,371 Net book value 1,327 At 31 October 2019 2,133 At 31 October 2018 2,133 Debtors 2019 2018 f £ Trade debtors 6,338 22,298 Cash and cash equivalents 2019 2018 £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ B £ £ B £ £ B £ £ B £ £ B £ £ B £ £ B £ £ B B £ B B B B B B B B B		At 31 October 2019	_	6,698
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Net book value At 31 October 2019 1,327 At 31 October 2018 2,133 Debtors 2019 2018 £ £ <		Charge for the year on owned assets		1,098
At 31 October 2018 1,327 At 31 October 2018 2,133 Debtors 2019 2018 £ £ Trade debtors 6,338 22,298 Cash and cash equivalents 2019 2018 £ £		At 31 October 2019	_	5,371
At 31 October 2018 2,133 Debtors 2019 2018 £ £ Trade debtors 6,338 22,298 Cash and cash equivalents 2019 2018 £ £		Net book value		
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2019 2018 £ £ Trade debtors Cash and cash equivalents 2019 2018 £ £ £		At 31 October 2018	=	2,133
##		Debtors		
##			2019	2018
. Cash and cash equivalents 2019 2018 £ £				£
2019 2018 £ £		Trade debtors	6,338	22,298
2019 2018 £ £				
£	•	Cash and cash equivalents		
				2018
Cash at bank and in hand 75,705 88,369			£	£
		Cash at bank and in hand	75,705	88,369

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019

7. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2019	2018
	£	£
Corporation tax	7,073	16,692
Other taxation and social security	4,087	9,176
Other creditors	692	783
Accruals and deferred income	365	350
	12,217	27,001
	2019	2018
	£	£
Other taxation and social security		
VAT	4,087	9,176

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.