

## **Statement of Consent to Prepare Financial Statements**

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All of the members of Carrick Signs Ltd have consented to the preparation of the abridged statement of income and retained earnings and the abridged statement of financial position for the year ending 30th April 2017 in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 06372069

**Carrick Signs Ltd**  
**Unaudited Financial Statements**  
**Year ended**  
**30 April 2017**

# **Carrick Signs Ltd**

## **Financial Statements**

**Year ended 30th April 2017**

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# Carrick Signs Ltd

## Officers and Professional Advisers

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Director	Mrs A Roscoe-Enion
Registered office	Unit 8 Park 17 Moss Lane Whitefield Manchester M45 8FJ
Bankers	Lloyds TSB Bank plc 45 The Rock Bury Lancashire BL9 0JP

# **Carrick Signs Ltd**

## **Director's Report**

**Year ended 30th April 2017**

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The director presents his report and the unaudited financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 April 2017 .

### **Director**

The director who served the company during the year was as follows:

Mrs A Roscoe-Enion

### **Small company provisions**

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

Ms A Roscoe-Enion Director

Registered office:

Unit 8

Park 17

Moss Lane

Whitefield

Manchester

M45 8FJ

# Carrick Signs Ltd

## Abridged Statement of Income and Retained Earnings

Year ended 30th April 2017

		2017	2016
	Note	£	£
<b>Gross profit</b>		<b>758,087</b>	700,065
Distribution costs		<b>752</b>	924
Administrative expenses		<b>750,936</b>	385,065
		-----	-----
<b>Operating profit</b>		<b>6,399</b>	314,076
Interest receivable		<b>2</b>	2
Interest payable		<b>—</b>	591
		-----	-----
<b>Profit before taxation</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>6,401</b>	313,487
Taxation on ordinary activities		<b>1,363</b>	14,736
		-----	-----
<b>Profit for the financial year and total comprehensive income</b>		<b>5,038</b>	298,751
		-----	-----
Dividends paid and payable		<b>—</b>	( 6,666)
<b>Retained earnings at the start of the year</b>		<b>646,865</b>	354,780
		-----	-----
<b>Retained earnings at the end of the year</b>		<b>651,903</b>	646,865
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All the activities of the company are from continuing operations.

# Carrick Signs Ltd

## Abridged Statement of Financial Position

30 April 2017

		2017	2016
	Note	£	£
<b>Fixed assets</b>			
Tangible assets	6	219,807	262,488
<b>Current assets</b>			
Stocks		53,886	36,857
Debtors		653,734	638,194
Cash at bank and in hand		14,374	26,673
		-----	-----
		721,994	701,724
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>		252,247	294,091
		-----	-----
<b>Net current assets</b>		469,747	407,633
		-----	-----
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		689,554	670,121
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year</b>		17,648	—
<b>Provisions</b>			
Taxation including deferred tax		19,903	23,156
		-----	-----
<b>Net assets</b>		652,003	646,965
		-----	-----

# Carrick Signs Ltd

## Abridged Statement of Financial Position *(continued)*

30 April 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account		651,903	646,865
		-----	-----
<b>Member funds</b>		<b>652,003</b>	<b>646,965</b>
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These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

For the year ending 30th April 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The member has not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476 ;
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 2 June 2017 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

A ROSCOE - ENION

DIRECTOR

Company registration number: 06372069

# **Carrick Signs Ltd**

## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

**Year ended 30th April 2017**

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### **1. General information**

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Unit 8, Park 17, Moss Lane, Whitefield, M45 8FJ, Manchester.

### **2. Statement of compliance**

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

### **3. Accounting policies**

#### **Basis of preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

#### **Revenue recognition**

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

#### **Income tax**

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

#### **Tangible assets**

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

**Depreciation**

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and equipment	-	25% reducing balance
Equipment	-	15% reducing balance

**Impairment of fixed assets**

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

**Stocks**

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

**Finance leases and hire purchase contracts**

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are recognised in the abridged statement of financial position as assets and liabilities at the lower of the fair value of the assets and the present value of the minimum lease payments, which is determined at the inception of the lease term. Any initial direct costs of the lease are added to the amount recognised as an asset. Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the outstanding lease liability using the effective interest method. Finance charges are allocated to each period so as to produce a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

## Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the abridged statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense. Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period it arises.

## Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

## Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund. When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

## 4. Particulars of employees

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year, including the director, amounted to 19 (2016: 19 ).

## 5. Profit before taxation

Profit before taxation is stated after charging:

	2017	2016
	£	£
Depreciation of tangible assets	67,728	26,610
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## 6. Tangible assets

	£
<b>Cost</b>	
At 1st May 2016	309,623
Additions	25,047
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<b>At 30th April 2017</b>	<b>334,670</b>
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<b>Depreciation</b>	
At 1st May 2016	47,135
Charge for the year	67,728
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<b>At 30th April 2017</b>	<b>114,863</b>
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<b>Carrying amount</b>	
<b>At 30th April 2017</b>	<b>219,807</b>
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At 30th April 2016	262,488
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## 7. Related party transactions

The company was under the control of Mrs A Roscoe - Enion.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.