Registered number: 06370124

BALLYMORE (SUFFOLK) LIMITED (formerly Ballymore Fulham Limited)

Directors' Report and Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 31 March 2021

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Company Information

Directors

D. Pearson (resigned 1 April 2021)

S. Mulryan J. Mulryan

P. Dalton (appointed 1 April 2021)

Company secretary

P. Dalton (appointed 1 April 2021)

Registered number

06370124

Registered office

4th Floor 161 Marsh Wall

London E14 9SJ

Independent auditors

KPMG, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants

1 Stokes Place St Stephen's Green

Dublin 2 ireland

Solicitors

Howard Kennedy

No. 1 London Bridge

London SE1 9BG

Directors' Report For the Year Ended 31 March 2021

The directors present their report and the Company's ability for the year ended 31 March 2021.

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the Company's ability in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare Company's ability for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with FRS 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland*, including Section 1A.

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any meterial departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- assess the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the Company's ability comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for such internal controls as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the Company is that of property development. No change to this is expected in the future.

Despite having net current liabilities of £5,772,026 as at 31 March 2021, the directors are satisfied that it remains appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis. Further details on the principal assumptions made by the directors in determining that the going concern basis is the correct basis of preparation of these financial statements is set out in note 2.

Directors

The directors who served during the year were:

- D.Pearson (resigned 1 April 2021)
- S. Mulryan
- J. Mulryan

Subsequent to the year end P. Dalton was appointed as director on 1 April 2021.

Change of name

On 8th October 2020 the Company's name was changed from Ballymore Fulham Limited to Ballymore (Suffolk) Limited.

Directors' Report (continued) For the Year Ended 31 March 2021

Principal risks and uncertainties

COVID-19

The markets that the Company operates within continue to be impacted by the Covid-19 pandemic. All accounting policies used have been reassessed in this context and the directors have concluded that these positions appear reasonable

Disclosure of Information to auditors

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

Auditor

The auditor, KPMG, Statutory Auditor, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006

Small companies note

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board on b^n Decuber 2021 and signed on its behalf.

P. Dalton
Director

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Independent auditor's report to the members of Ballymore (Suffolk) Limited (formerly Ballymore Fulham Limited)

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Ballymore (Suffolk) Limited (formerly Ballymore Fulham Limited) ('the Company') for the year ended 31 March 2021, which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and related notes, including the summary of significant accounting policies set out in note 2. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is UK Law and FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland including Section 1A.

In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 March 2021 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland including Section 1A; and
- the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council (FRC)'s Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

The directors have prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis as they do not intend to liquidate the Company or to cease its operations, and as they have concluded that the Company's financial position means that this is realistic. They have also concluded that there are no material uncertainties that could have cast significant doubt over its ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements ("the going concern period").

In our evaluation of the directors' conclusions, we considered the inherent risks to the Company's business model and analysed how those risks might affect the Company's financial resources or ability to continue operations over the going concern period.

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

However, as we cannot predict all future events or conditions and as subsequent events may result in outcomes that are inconsistent with judgements that were reasonable at the time they were made, the absence of reference to a material uncertainty in this auditor's report is not a guarantee that the Company will continue in operation.



Independent auditor's report to the members of Ballymore (Suffolk) Limited (formerly Ballymore FulhamLimited) (continued)

Report on the audit of the financial statements (continued)

Detecting irregularities including fraud

We identified the areas of laws and regulations that could reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the financial statements and risks of material misstatement due to fraud, using our understanding of the entity's industry, regulatory environment and other external factors and inquiry with the directors. In addition, our risk assessment procedures included: inquiring with the directors as to the Company's policies and procedures regarding compliance with laws and regulations and prevention and detection of fraud; inquiring whether the directors have knowledge of any actual or suspected non-compliance with laws or regulations or alleged fraud; inspecting the Company's regulatory and legal correspondence; and reading Board minutes.

We discussed identified laws and regulations, fraud risk factors and the need to remain alert among the audit team.

The Company is subject to laws and regulations that directly affect the financial statements including companies and financial reporting legislation and taxation legislation. We assessed the extent of compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our procedures on the related financial statement items, including assessing the financial statement disclosures and agreeing them to supporting documentation when necessary.

The Company is not subject to other laws and regulations where the consequences of non-compliance could have a material effect on amounts or disclosures in the financial statements.

Auditing standards limit the required audit procedures to identify non-compliance with these non-direct laws and regulations to inquiry of the directors and other management and inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any. These limited procedures did not identify actual or suspected non-compliance.

We assessed events or conditions that could indicate an incentive or pressure to commit fraud or provide an opportunity to commit fraud. As required by auditing standards, we performed procedures to address the risk of management override of controls. On this audit we do not believe there is a fraud risk related to revenue recognition. We did not identify any additional fraud risks.

In response to risk of fraud, we also performed procedures including: identifying journal entries to test based on risk criteria and comparing the identified entries to supporting documentation; evaluating the business purpose of significant unusual transactions; assessing significant accounting estimates for bias; and assessing the disclosures in the financial statements.

Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations (irregularities) is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely the inherently limited procedures required by auditing standards would identify it.

In addition, as with any audit, there remains a higher risk of non-detection of irregularities, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information presented in the Annual Report together with the financial statements. The other information comprises the information included in the directors' report. The financial statements and our auditor's report thereon do not comprise part of the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except as explicitly stated below, any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether, based on our financial statements audit work, the information therein is materially misstated or inconsistent with the financial statements or our audit knowledge. Based solely on that work we have not identified material misstatements in the other information.



Independent auditor's report to the members of Ballymore (Suffolk) Limited (formerly Ballymore Fulham Limited) (continued)

Report on the audit of the financial statements (continued)

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

Based solely on our work on the other information undertaken during the course of the audit:

- we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report:
- in our opinion, the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements;
- in our opinion, the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a strategic report

We have nothing to report in these respects.

Respective responsibilities and restrictions on use

Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement set out on page 2, the directors are responsible for: the preparation of the financial statements including being satisfied that they give a true and fair view; such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A fuller description of our responsibilities is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities



Independent auditor's report to the members of Ballymore (Suffolk) Limited (formerly Ballymore Fulham Limited) (continued)

Respective responsibilities and restrictions on use (continued)

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

Our report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Tom McEvoy (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of KPMG, Statutory Auditor

Lom Evoy

1 Stokes Place St Stephen's Green Dublin 2

ireland

22 December 2021

Profit and Loss Account For the Year Ended 31 March 2021

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Administrative expenses		(198,258)	-
Operating loss		(198,258)	•
Tax on loss	4	-	-
(Loss)/profit for the financial year		(198,258)	-

The Company had no other comprehensive income in the financial year or the previous financial year and therefore, no statement of other comprehensive income is provided.

All amounts relate to continuing operations

The notes on pages 10 to 12 form part of these financial statements.

BALLYMORE (SUFFOLK) LIMITED (FORMERLY BALLYMORE FULHAM LIMITED) Registered number: 06370124

Balance Sheet As at 31 March 2021

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Current assets			
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	5	273	273
		273	273
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(5,772,299)	(5,574,041)
Net current liabilities		(5,772,026)	(5,573,768)
Total assets less current liabilities		(5,772,026)	(5,573,768)
Net liabilities		(5,772,026)	(5,573,768)
Capital and reserves		·	
Called up share capital		2	2
Profit and loss account		(5,772,028)	(5,573,770)
		(5,772,026)	(5,573,768)

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 6 December 2021.

P. Dalton

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Director

The notes on pages 10 to 12 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 March 2021

1. General information

Ballymore (Suffolk) Limited is a company limited by shares and incorporated and domiciled in the UK.

2. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

Going concern

Notwithstanding having net liabilities of £5,772,026 (2020: net liabilities of £5,573,768), the financial statements of the Company are prepared on the going concern basis, which the directors believe to be appropriate.

The Company is dependent on funds provided to it by its parent company and fellow group companies ("the group"). The group has confirmed that it will continue to make available such funds as are needed by the Company to fund its operations. In particular, the group will not seek repayment of amounts owed to it for at least 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements. The directors have concluded that this will enable the Company to meet its liabilities as they fall due for payment and therefore to continue in operational existence for at least 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price.

Taxation

Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

3. Statutory Information

Directors' remuneration for the year was nil (2020: nil).

The auditor's remuneration has been borne by another group company.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 March 2021

4. Taxation

Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is higher than (2020 - the same as) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020 - 19%). The differences are explained below:

	2021 £	2020 £
(Loss) on ordinary activities before tax	(198,258)	•
(Loss) on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020 - 19%) Effects of:	(37,669)	-
Group relief .	37,669	-
Total tax charge for the year		•

Factors that may affect future tax charges

A reduction in the UK corporation tax rate from 19% to 17% with effect from 1 April 2020 received Royal assent on 6 September 2016. However, in the 11 March 2020 Budget it was announced that the UK tax rate will remain at the current 19% and not reduce to 17% from 1 April 2020. Hence the potential, unrecognised, UK deferred tax asset as at 31 March 2021 of £870,155 (2020: £Nil) has been calculated based on the 19% rate.

In the 3 March 2021 Budget it was announced that the UK tax rate will increase to 25% with effect from 1 April 2023. This will have a consequential effect on the Company's future tax charge. If this rate had been substantively enacted at the current balance sheet date the deferred tax amount would have increased by £274,786.

5. Debtors

£	2020 £
2	. 2
271	271
273	273
	2 271

Amounts owed by group undertakings are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 March 2021

6. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

2021 2020 £ £ 5,772,299 5,574,041

Amounts owed to group undertakings

Amounts owed to group undertakings are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

7. Controlling party

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Ballymore Investments Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales. At 31 March 2021, the Company's ultimate parent was Ballymore Properties Limited incorporated in the Republic of Ireland. On 17 September 2021, the Company's ultimate parent changed to Harex Limited, a company incorporated in the Republic of Ireland, which was re-registered as Harex Unlimited Company with effect from 8 November 2021. The Company was controlled throughout the period by Mr S Mulryan.

The largest group in which the results of the Company were consolidated at 31 March 2021 was that headed by Ballymore Properties Limited.

The smallest group in which the results of the Company are consolidated is that headed by Ballymore Limited, which has its registered office at 161 Marsh Wall, London, E14 9SJ.

The Company has availed of the exemption available in FRS 102.1AC.35 from disclosing transactions with Ballymore Properties Limited and its wholly owned subsidiary undertakings.

8. Post balance sheet events

There are no significant post balance sheet events which would materially affect the financial statement.