BALDWINS HOLDINGS LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

Mr J Baldwin

Mr D Baldwin Mr S N Southall Mr S Knight

Secretary

Mr S N Southall

Company number

06365189

Registered office

Churchill House

59 Lichfield Street

Walsall

West Midlands WS4 2BX

Auditor

Ernst & Young LLP

One Colmore Square

Birmingham B4 6HQ

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STRATEGIC REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

The directors present the strategic report for the year ended 30 June 2017.

Fair review of the business

The company is a holding company for the Baldwins group of companies, who provide accountancy and taxation services. The company will continue in future to act as a parent undertaking for the UK subsidiaries of the Baldwins group of companies.

During the year the company and its subsidiaries were acquired by the Cogital Group as part of the formation of a new international financial services group. The company is now consolidated within the Cotigal group and therefore, unlike in prior years, has not prepared consolidated financial statements.

The current year profit was due to the receipt of dividends from subsidiaries offset by interest payments and administrative expenses. The company has received dividends of £3,500,000 (2016; nil)

Principal risks and uncertainties

Being a parent undertaking, the company bears the risk of changes in the valuation of its investments in the individual subsidiaries. This is monitored by the company annually. The company operates a treasury function for its wholly owned subsidiaries, there is a risk that these amounts lent to subsidiaries are not recoverable. There is no external debt or exposure to foreign exchange.

Following the acquisition by the Cogital group, a significant portion of the Baldwins group of companies debt owed by the company is now due to entities under the control of Hg Capital 7 Nominees Limited, the company's ultimate controlling party. The company retains an overdraft facility.

Other information and explanations

The Company has acquired the following business in the year up to 30 June 2017, details are set out in the notes to the financial statements:

Burton Sweet Limited KTS Owens Thomas Limited Clark Howes Group Davisons Limited Canda Systems Limited Morgan Cameron Limited

In addition the company has incorporated 2 companies to hold the acquired trade and assets of CLB Coopers Limited and Baldwins (Evesham) Limited. All acquisitions are business's' who provide accountancy and taxation services with the exception of Canda Systems Limited, who provide IT Support services.

The Baldwins group of companies continue to acquire business that contribute to the Cogital group's strategic goal to become a leading international financial services group. Subsequent acquisitions are set out in the directors report

By order of the board

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Mr S N Southall **Secretary** 27 April 2018

DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

The directors present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2017.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of a holding company for the Baldwins group of companies who provide accountancy and taxation services.

During the year the company and its subsidiaries were acquired by the Cogital Group as part of the formation of a new international financial services group. As part of that acquisition the company issued 3 new ordinary shares at a premium of £45,323,341. The proceeds were used to reduce the companies intercompany balance.

Directors

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

Mr J Baldwin Mr D Baldwin Mr S N Southall Mr S Knight

Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 7.

Dividends were paid in respect of the ordinary shares of £735,072 (2016= £NIL). Dividends were paid in respect of the A ordinary shares amounting to £58,311 (2016= £NIL). Dividends were paid in respect of the B ordinary shares amounting to £58,328 (2016= £NIL). Dividends were paid in respect of the C ordinary shares amounting to £148,306 (2016= £NIL).

The dividends were an interim dividend paid on 30 September 2016.

The directors do not recommend payment of a final dividend.

Future developments

Subsequent to the year end the company received 4,014 A Ordinary shares and 250,833 preference shares from Cogital Topco Limited, for consideration of £254,847. These shares were subsequently transferred to the minority share holders (who held share classes other than ordinary shares) of a number of Baldwins subsidiaries in exchange for Baldwins Holdings Limited acquiring the minority share holdings.

The company expects to continue to act as a holding company of the Baldwin's group of companies, however will also start to act as a trading company moving forward and therefore the company's principal activity will then include the provision of accountancy and taxation services in the United Kingdom.

Auditor

Ernst & Young LLP were appointed as auditor to the company and in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006. A resolution proposing that they be re-appointed will be put at the Annual General Meeting.

Statement of disclosure to auditor

So far as each person who was a director at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware. Additionally, the directors individually have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The directors have obtained a letter of support from the company's ultimate parent, thus the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

Subsequent events

On 21 July 2017 the company established a new subsidiary to acquire the trade (and on going client engagements) of Rice & Co Limited.

On 28 July 2017 the company established a new subsidiary to acquire the trade (and on going client engagements) of Pullen Barnes Limited.

On 29 September 2017 the company established a new subsidiary to acquire the trade (and on going client engagements) of Springfords LLP.

On 29 September 2017 the company established a new subsidiary to acquire the trade (and on going client engagements) of Campbell Dallas LLP and Campbell Dallas (Scotland) Limited.

On 27 October 2017 the company established a new subsidiary to acquire the trade (and on going client engagements) of Davies Mayers Barnett LLP and the whole of the share capital of Barnett DM Limited.

On 17 November 2017 the company established a new subsidiary to acquire the trade (and on going client engagements) of Potter Baker Chartered Accountants.

On 30 November 2017 the company acquired the whole of the share capital of Gittins Limited.

On 15 December 2017 the company acquired the trade (and on going client engagements) of Cassons and Associates.

On 15 February 2018 the company acquired the trade (and on going client engagements) of Smith Hodge & Baxter chartered accountant, tax and business advisors.

On 28 February 2018 the company acquired the trade and assets of Rawlinsons Chartered Accountants and the whole of the share capital of Rawlinsons Limited and its wholly owned subsidiaries, Rawlinsons payroll & HR Limited, Resolve Cambridge Limited and Resolve London Limited.

By order of the board

In Southall

Mr S N Southall **Secretary**

27 April 2018

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accountancy Practice), including financial Reporting Standard 102 'The financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- state whether applicable UK accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF BALDWINS HOLDINGS LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Baldwins Holdings Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 30 June 2017 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of comprehensive income, the Statement of changes in equity and the related notes 1 to 24, including a summary of significant accounting policies The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2017 and of its profit for the year then ended:
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of our audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE MEMBERS OF BALDWINS HOLDINGS LIMITED

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Andrew Merrick (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP Statutory Auditor Birmingham

1 May 2018

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

Administrative expenses Other operating income	Notes	2017 £ (835,746)	2016 £ (1,127,325) 159,000
Operating loss	4	(835,746)	(968,325)
Income from shares in group undertakings Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar expenses	8 8 9	3,500,000 70,907 (439,548)	81,343 (427,837)
Profit/(loss) before taxation		2,295,613	(1,314,819)
Taxation	10	-	-
Profit/(loss) for the financial year		2,295,613	(1,314,819)

The profit and loss account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

	2017 £	2016 £
Profit/(loss) for the year	2,295,613	(1,314,819)
Other comprehensive income	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	2,295,613	(1,314,819)

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 30 JUNE 2017

		20	017	20	16
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Investments	12		16,428,949		826,051
Current assets					
Debtors	15	52,987,225		21,290,427	
Investments	16	-		861,343	
Cash at bank and in hand		250		2,891,871	
One difference and the falls of the state of	45	52,987,475		25,043,641	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	17	(16,881,466)		(23,386,790)	
Net current assets			36,106,009		1,656,851
Total assets less current liabilities			52,534,958		2,482,902
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	18		(3,433,116)		-
Net assets			49,101,842		2,482,902
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	20		993,828		993,825
Share premium account			45,323,341		-
Profit and loss reserves			2,784,673		1,489,077
Total equity			49,101,842		2,482,902

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 27 April 2018 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr D Baldwin **Director**

Company Registration No. 06365189

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

	Share capital	Share premium	Profit and loss	Total
Notes	£	£	£	£
	993,825	-	2,803,896	3,797,721
	-	-	(1,314,819)	(1,314,819)
	993,825	-	1,489,077	2,482,902
20	- 3	- 45 323 341	•	2,295,613 45,323,344
11	-	-		(1,000,017)
•	993,828	45,323,341	2,784,673	49,101,842
	20	993,825 993,825 20 3 11	993,825 - 993,825 - 993,825 - 20 3 45,323,341	Account reserves 993,825 - 2,803,896 (1,314,819) 993,825 - 1,489,077 2,295,613 20 3 45,323,341 - (1,000,017)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Baldwins Holdings Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Churchill House, 59 Lichfield Street, Walsall, West Midlands, WS4 2BX.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006. The company is not preparing consolidated financial statements as it is part of a larger group which prepared consolidated accounts. The accounts presented are therefore for the company only.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions in preparing these financial statements, as permitted by the FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland":

- the requirements of Section 4 Statement of Financial Position paragraph 4.12(a)(iv);
- the requirements of Section 7 Statement of Cash Flows;
- the requirements of Section 3 Financial Statement Presentation paragraph 3.17 (d);
- the requirements of Section 11 Financial Instruments paragraphs 11.39 to 11.48A;
- the requirements of Section 12 Other Financial Instruments paragraphs 12.26 to 12.29;
- the requirements of Section 33 Related Party Disclosures paragraph 33.7.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The directors have obtained a letter of support from the company's ultimate parent, thus the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.4 Fixed asset investments

Interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the company. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

An associate is an entity, being neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture, in which the company holds a long-term interest and where the company has significant influence. The company considers that it has significant influence where it has the power to participate in the financial and operating decisions of the associate.

1.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.6 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Other financial assets

Other financial assets, including investments in equity instruments which are not subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price. Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss, except that investments in equity instruments that are not publicly traded and whose fair values cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those held at fair value through profit and loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. If an asset is impaired, the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been, had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the company transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans and loans from fellow group companies are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Other financial liabilities

Derivatives, including interest rate swaps and forward foreign exchange contracts, are not basic financial instruments. Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value. Changes in the fair value of derivatives are recognised in profit or loss in finance costs or finance income as appropriate, unless hedge accounting is applied and the hedge is a cash flow hedge.

Debt instruments that do not meet the conditions in FRS 102 paragraph 11.9 are subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss. Debt instruments may be designated as being measured at fair value though profit or loss to eliminate or reduce an accounting mismatch or if the instruments are measured and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the company's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

1.7 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.8 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the unbilled revenue or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

1.9 Leases

Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised on a straight line basis over the lease term.

2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

3 Turnover and other revenue

subsidiaries

	Other significant revenue Dividends received	3,500,000	-
4	Operating loss		
		2017	2016
	Operating loss for the year is stated after charging/(crediting):	£	£
	Fees payable to the company's auditor for the audit of the company's		
	financial statements	91,750	10,500
	(Profit)/loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets	-	699,148
5	Auditor's remuneration		
		2017	2016
	Fees payable to the company's auditor and associates:	£	£
	For audit services		
	Audit of the financial statements	91,750	10,500
	Audit include fees incurred in relation to the audit of the companies		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

6 Employees

The company has nil employees. The directors of the company were employed by another group company however spent a significant portion of their time in relation to Baldwins and therefore the recharges received in relation to their time is classified as remuneration and is recorded in this company. Certain directors also received dividends as set out in note 24.

		2017 Number	2016 Number
	Directors remuneration comprised:		
	·	2017 £	2016 £
	Wages and salaries Social security costs	608,956 78,897	-
		687,853	-
7	Directors' remuneration		
		2017 £	2016 £
	Remuneration for qualifying services	653,416 ———	48,384
	Remuneration disclosed above include the following amounts paid to the high	est paid director:	
		2017	2016
		£ 173,646	£ 16,128
		1/3,646 =====	16, 128

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

Interest receivable and similar income		
	2017 £	2016 £
Interest income	_	~
Interest on bank deposits	436	-
Other income from investments		
Other investment income	70,471	81,343
Total income excluding fixed asset investments	70,907	81,343
Income from fixed asset investments		
Income from shares in group undertakings	3,500,000	-
Total income	3,570,907	81,343
Interest payable and similar expenses		
·	2017	2016
	£	£
Interest on bank overdrafts and loans	155,748	419,300
Interest payable to group undertakings	83,382	-
Other interest on financial liabilities	181,257	-
Other interest	19,161	8,537
	439,548	427,837
	Interest income Interest on bank deposits Other income from investments Other investment income Total income excluding fixed asset investments Income from fixed asset investments Income from shares in group undertakings Total income Interest payable and similar expenses Interest on bank overdrafts and loans Interest payable to group undertakings Other interest on financial liabilities	Interest income Interest on bank deposits Other income from investments Other investment income Total income excluding fixed asset investments Income from fixed asset investments Income from shares in group undertakings Total income Interest payable and similar expenses Interest on bank overdrafts and loans Interest payable to group undertakings Other interest on financial liabilities Other interest Interest income Interest payable to group undertakings Other interest on financial liabilities Other interest Interest income Interest payable to group undertakings Other interest Interest interest Int

10 Taxation

The actual charge for the year can be reconciled to the expected charge/(credit) for the year based on the profit or loss and the standard rate of tax as follows:

	2017 £	2016 £
Profit/(loss) before taxation	2,295,613	(1,314,819)
Expected tax charge based on the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.5% (2016: 20%) Tax effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit Group relief surrendered for no consideration Dividend income	447,645 2,064 232,791 (682,500)	(262,964) 123,561 139,403
Taxation charge for the year	•	-

Total costs and net book value

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

10 Taxation (Continued)

The changes to the main rate of corporation tax for UK companies announced in the Summer Finance Bill 2016 were substantively enacted for financial reporting purposes on 6 September 2016. The main changes in corporation tax rates, that will have accounting implications for deferred tax, are as follows:

- The main rate of corporation tax reduced from 20% to 19% from 1 April 2017.
- The main rate of corporation tax will further reduce to 17% from 1 April 2020.

11	Dividends			
			2017	2016
			£	£
	Interim paid (note 24)		1,000,017	-
				
12	Fixed asset investments			
			2017	2016
		Notes	£	£
	Investments in subsidiaries	13	16,428,870	826,021
	Investments in associates		79	30

16,428,949

826,051

At 30 June 2016

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

12 Fixed asset investments (Continued) Movements in fixed asset investments Shares in group undertakings and participating interests Cost At 1 July 2016 826.051 Additions 15,602,998 Disposals (100)At 30 June 2017 16,428,949 Carrying amount At 30 June 2017

On 7 April 2017, the company acquired the whole of Burton Sweet Limited share capital of 1,000 Ordinary shares and 1,000 B Ordinary shares for consideration of £1,506,604. £549,512 was deferred. On 13 April 2017, the company acquired the whole of KTS Owens Thomas Limited share capital of 30,000 Ordinary shares for consideration of £4,677,691. £1,554,800 was deferred.

16,428,949

826,051

On 28 April 2017, the company acquired the whole of Clark Howes Group Limited share capital of 2 Ordinary shares for consideration of £3,068,494. £1,106,442 was deferred.

On 5 May 2017, the company acquired the whole of Davisons Limited share capital of 100 Ordinary shares and 100 B Ordinary shares for consideration of £4,750,986. £1,811,333 was deferred.

On 30 May 2017, the company acquired the whole of Canda Systems Limited share capital of 11,000 Ordinary shares, 1,209 B Ordinary shares and 50 C Ordinary shares for consideration of £251,275. £50,000 was deferred.

On 30 June 2017, the company acquired the whole of Morgan Cameron Limited share capital of 100 Ordinary shares for consideration of £1,348,098. £499,200 was deferred.

The Company incorporated Baldwins (Evesham) Limited on 1 November 2016 and subscribed £1 share capital of this subsidiary.

The Company incorporated CLB Coopers Limited on 28 November 2016 and subscribed £1 share capital of this subsidiary.

On 28 September 2016, the company disposed of 51 of the 100 shares in Baldwins Audit Services Limited for proceeds of £51. £49 has therefore been re-classed to an investment in associates.

On 31 October 2016, the company disposed of its investment in Baldwins Property Holdings Ltd for proceeds of £100.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Continued)

13 Subsidiaries

Details of the company's subsidiaries and undertakings at 30 June 2017 are as follows:

Name of undertaking and incorporation or residence	•	Nature of business	Class of shareholding	% Held
Baldwins (Worcester) Ltd	England	Accountancy and Taxation services	Ordinary	100.00
Baldwins (Gloucester) Ltd -	⊦ England	Accountancy and Taxation services	Ordinary	100.00
Baldwins (North East) Ltd +	- England	Accountancy and Taxation services	Ordinary	100.00
Baldwins (Walsall) Ltd +	England	Accountancy and Taxation services	Ordinary	100.00
Baldwins (Ashby) Ltd	England	Accountancy and Taxation services	Ordinary	100.00
Baldwins (Leamington) Ltd +	England	Accountancy and Taxation services	Ordinary	100.00
Baldwins (Derby) Ltd +	England	Accountancy and Taxation services	Ordinary	100.00
Baldwins (Tamworth) Ltd	England	Accountancy and Taxation services	Ordinary	100.00
Baldwin Gravestock & Owe Ltd +	nEngland	Accountancy and Taxation services	Ordinary	100.00
Baldwins (Nuneaton) Ltd	England	None trading	Ordinary	100.00
Baldwins (Stourbridge) Ltd	+England	Accountancy and Taxation services	Ordinary	100.00
Baldwins (Nottingham) Ltd	+England	Accountancy and Taxation services	Ordinary	100.00
Baldwin Turner Peachy Ltd +	England	Accountancy and Taxation services	Ordinary	100.00
Baldwins Audit Services Ltd	d England	Accountancy and Taxation services	Ordinary	49.00
Baldwins McCranor Ltd +	England	None trading	Ordinary	100.00
Baldwins Corporate Financ Ltd	e England	Corporate finance services	Ordinary	100.00
Baldwins Corporate Services Ltd	England	Accountancy and Taxation services	Ordinary	100.00
Baldwins (Dursley) Ltd	England	Accountancy and Taxation services	Ordinary	100.00
CLB Coopers Ltd	England	Accountancy and Taxation services	Ordinary	100.00
Baldwins (Evesham) Ltd	England	Accountancy and Taxation services	Ordinary	100.00
Morgan Cameron Ltd	England	Accountancy and Taxation services	Ordinary	100.00
Canda Systems Ltd	England	IT Support	Ordinary	100.00
TS Squared Ltd	England	Accountancy and Taxation services	Ordinary	100.00
Clark Howes Auditing Solutions Limited	England	Accountancy and Taxation services	Ordinary	100.00

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

				(Continued)
Clark Howes Group Limited	England	Accountancy and Taxation services	Ordinary	100.00
Davisons Ltd	England	Accountancy and Taxation services	Ordinary	100.00
KTS Owen Thomas Ltd	England	Accountancy and Taxation services	Ordinary	100.00
Baldwins (Coventry) Ltd +*	England	Accountancy and Taxation services	Ordinary	100.00
Cox Jerome Group Ltd +*	England	Accountancy and Taxation services	Ordinary	100.00
Cox Jerome Taxation & Accountancy Ltd +*	England	Accountancy and Taxation services	Ordinary	100.00
Baldwins (Welshpool) Ltd +	*England	Accountancy and Taxation services	Ordinary	100.00
Baldwins (Shrewsbury) Ltd +*	England	Accountancy and Taxation services	Ordinary	100.00
Baldwins (Oswestry) Ltd +*	England	Accountancy and Taxation services	Ordinary	100.00
Baldwins (Bridgnorth) Ltd +*	England	Accountancy and Taxation services	Ordinary	100.00
Baldwins (Telford) Ltd +*	England	Accountancy and Taxation services	Ordinary	100.00
The Alnwick Accountants Ltd +*	England	Accountancy and Taxation services	Ordinary	100.00
Taylor Rowlands Ltd +*	England	Accountancy and Taxation services	Ordinary	100.00
Fox Evans Ltd +*	England	Accountancy and Taxation services	Ordinary	100.00
Payestaff Ltd +*	England	Accountancy and Taxation services	Ordinary	100.00
Baldwins (Ponteland) Ltd +*	England	Accountancy and Taxation services	Ordinary	100.00
Baldwins (Portobello) Ltd +*	England	Accountancy and Taxation services	Ordinary	100.00
Baldwins (Wynyard) Ltd +*	England	Accountancy and Taxation services	Ordinary	100.00
Baldwins Restructuring & Insolvency Ltd +*	England	Accountancy and Taxation services	Ordinary	100.00
Baldwins (Crook) Ltd +*	England	Accountancy and Taxation services	Ordinary	100.00
CLB Ltd *	England	Dormant	Ordinary	100.00
CLB Coopers Services Ltd *	-	Non trading	Ordinary	100.00
Finnieston Berry Partnership		Accountancy and Taxation	Ordinary	100.00
Ltd *	Jenglana	services	Oromary	100.00
Clark Howes Accountants Ltd *	England	Accountancy and Taxation services	Ordinary	100.00
Clark Howes Ltd *	England	Accountancy and Taxation services	Ordinary	100.00
Clark Howes Business Services Ltd *	England	Accountancy and Taxation services	Ordinary	100.00
Andersons Accountants Ltd	England	Accountancy and Taxation services	Ordinary	100.00

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

		(Continue	ed)
Minshalls Ltd * Eng	gland Accountancy and Taxa services	ation Ordinary 100.00	
Baldwins (Guisborough) Ltd Eng +*	gland Accountancy and Taxa services	ation Ordinary 100.00	
Baldwins (Jesmond) Ltd +* Eng	gland Accountancy and Taxa services	ation Ordinary 100.00	
Cotswold Accountancy Ltd * Eng	gland Accountancy and Taxa services	ation Ordinary 95.00	
Baldwins (Hexham) Limited Eng +*	gland Accountancy and Taxa services	ation Ordinary 100.00	

The registered office of all subsidiaries is 59 Lichfield street, Walsall, WS4 2BX

14 Financial instruments

		2017	2016
		£	3
	Carrying amount of financial assets		
	Instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss	-	861,343
15	Debtors		
		2017	2016
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Corporation tax recoverable	369,419	127,750
	Amounts due from group undertakings	49,074,892	18,510,417
	Other debtors	3,535,914	2,633,116
	Prepayments and accrued income	7,000	19,144
		52,987,225	21,290,427
16	Current asset investments		
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Unlisted investments	-	861,343

^{*} represents investments that are held indirectly.

⁺ represents investments in subsidiaries where other classes of shares are held by third parties. Subsequent to the year end these classes of shares have been acquired by the company.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

			•	
17	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
	·		2017	2016
		Notes	£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	19	1,822,047	21,684,873
	Other borrowings	19	11,418,882	369,872
	Amounts due to group undertakings		1,161,937	1,213,988
	Amounts due to associated undertakings		30	30
	Other taxation and social security		169,581	-
	Other creditors		2,058,434	103,012
	Accruals and deferred income		250,555	15,015
			16,881,466	23,386,790
18	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year			
	graniero amounto tuning and altor more than one your		2017	2016
			£	£
	Deferred consideration		3,433,116	-
19	Loans and accordants		All a value de	
19	Loans and overdrafts		2017	2016
			2017 £	2016 £
			T.	L
	Bank loans		· -	21,684,873
	Bank overdrafts		1,822,047	-
	Other loans		11,418,882	369,872
			13,240,929	22,054,745
	Payable within one year		13,240,929	22,054,745

Other loans represents amount due to Cogital Group companies. The balance is repayable on demand and incurs interest at 4.75%.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

20	Share capital		
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	Authorised		
	1,600,100 Ordinary of £1 each	1,600,100	1,600,100
	900 Ordinary 'A' non-voting of £1 each	900	900
	399,000 Ordinary 'B' non-voting of £1 each	399,000	399,000
	15,200 Ordinary 'C' of £1 each	15,200	15,200
		2,015,200	2,015,200
	Issued and fully paid		
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	592,803	592,800
	825 Ordinary 'A' non-voting of £1 each	825	825
	385,000 Ordinary 'B' non-voting of £1 each	385,000	385,000
	15,200 Ordinary 'C' of £1 each	15,200	15,200
		993,828	993,825
			<u></u>

During the year the company and its subsidiaries were required by the Cogital Group as part of the formation of a new international financial services group. As part of that acquisition the company issued 3 new ordinary shares at a premium of £45,323,341.

21 Financial commitments, guarantees and contingent liabilities

In 2016 the company gave security to the bankers of the Baldwins Holdings Limited group of companies by way of a group cross guarantee supported by a debenture over the whole of the company's assets.

22 Related party transactions

The parties are connected because they share a common holding company and directors.

There are amounts outstanding on loan accounts with group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest as at 30 June 2017 included in

"Creditors due within one year" as follows :-

Group undertakings:-

Baldwins (Tamworth) Limited £NIL (2016= £1,028,463)

Cox Jerome Group Limited £475,000 (2016= £NIL)

Baldwins & Simmons Management Solutions Limited £30 (2016= £30)

Baldwins (Learnington) Limited £111,493 (2016= £185,525)

Baldwins (Stourbridge) Limited £32,137 (2016= £NIL)

Baldwin McCranor Limited £140 (2016= £NIL)

Baldwins (Bridgnorth) Limited £79,670 (2016= £NIL)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

22 Related party transactions

(Continued)

Payestaff Limited £1,064 (2016= £NIL)

Clark Howes Limited £153,089 (2016= £NIL)

KTS Owens Limited £161,681 (2016=£NIL)

Baldwins (Dursley) Limited £53,677 (2016=£NIL)

Davisons Accountants Limited £25,088 (2016=£NIL)

Morgan Cameron Limited £68,898 (2016=£NIL)

Baldwins (Nuneaton) Limited £NIL (2016= £185,706)

The company also has an intercompany liability with Cogital UK Holdco Limited of £11,418,822 (2016 = £NIL)

There are amounts outstanding on loan accounts with group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest as at 30 June 2016 included in

"Debtors due within one year" as follows :-

Group undertakings:-

Davisons Limited £614,307 (2016=£NIL)

Clark Howes Limited £383,674 (2016=£NIL)

Baldwins (Jesmond) Limited £535,201 (2016=£NIL)

KTS Owens Thomas Limited £1,037,209 (2016=£NIL)

Baldwins (Dursley) Limited £340,812 (2016=£NIL)

Baldwins Restructuring & Insolvency Limited £183,806 (2016=£115,844)

Baldwins (North East) Limited £8,978,018 (2016=£5,515,546)

Taylor Rowlands Limited £312,254 (2016=£620)

Alnwick Accountants Limited £29,705 (2016=£29,068)

Baldwins (Ponteland) Limited £629,495 (2016=£22,366)

Baldwins (Hexham) Limited £66,243 (2016=£48,775)

Baldwins (Wynyard) Limited £2,206,146 (2016=£NIL)

Baldwins (Crook) Limited £87,010 (2016=£63,004)

Baldwins (Portobello) Limited £398,004 (2016=£250,045)

Baldwins (Walsall) Limited £1,295,211 (2016=£1,000,824)

Baldwins (Ashby) Limited £791,552 (2016=£604,986)

Baldwins Corporate Services Limited £1,573,030 (2016=£1,479,162)

Baldwins (Nottingham) Limited £776,689 (2016=£485,866)

Baldwins (Coventry) Limited £2,939,073 (2016=£891,985)

Baldwin Gravestock and Owen Limited £366,101 (2016=£628,061)

Cox Jerome Taxations and Accountancy Limtied £254,099 (2016=£NIL)

Badlwins (Derby) Limited £806,796 (2016=£811,191)

Baldwins Audit services limited £39,093 (2016=£59,820)

Baldwins (Welshpool) Limited £5,886 (2016=£2,981)

Baldwins (Telford) Limited £527,497 (2016=£NIL)

Baldwins (Shrewsbury) Limited £165,026 (2016=£206,524)

Baldwins (Oswestery) Limited £610,151 (2016=£343,524)

Baldwin Turner Peachey Limited £2,581,571 (2016=£2,207,522)

Baldwins Corporate Finance Limited £843,430 (2016=£19,191)

Baldwins (Worcester) Limited £311,505 (2016=£322,097)

Baldwins (Gloucester) Limited £2,806,612 (2016=£2,154,516)

Baldwins (Evesham) Limited £1,210,964 (2016=£NIL)

CLB Coopers Limited £10,712,560 (2016=£NIL)

Baldwins (Guisborough) Limited £756,980 (2016=£NIL)

Baldwins Property Holdings Limited £16,620 (2016=£16,250)

Baldwins Management Services £2,202,447 (2016=£745,317)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

22 Related party transactions

(Continued)

Baldwins (Tamworth) Limited £1,352,624 (2016=£NIL) Baldwins (Nuneaton) Limited £185,707 (2016=£NIL)

Dividend received during the period:-Baldwins (Walsall) Limited £500,000 (2016= £NIL) Baldwins (Tamworth) Limited £2,500,000 (2016= £NIL) Baldwins (Leamington) Limited £500,000 (2016= £NIL)

The company had an intercompany asset with: Baldwins Bidco Limited £141,784 (2016=£Nil)

In the normal course of business the company has a number of transactions with companies that are part of the Baldwins group of companies. This includes intercompany recharges, management recharges and sales and purchases between these related parties made at market prices. Where balances are outstanding at the year end these are set out above. Amounts have otherwise been settled. Outstanding balances are unsecured, interest free and cash settlement is expected in line with normal trading terms.

23 Controlling party

The immediate parent company is Baldwins Bidco Limited, a company registered in Jersey.

The smallest and largest group in which the company is consolidated, is Cogital Topco Limited. Copies of the group financial statements can be obtained at 16 Great Street, London, Covent Gardens, WC2B 5AH.

The ultimate controlling company is Hg Capital 7 Nominees Limited, a company registered in England and Wales.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

24 Remuneration of key management personnel

In addition to the emoluments disclosed in note 6, the following transactions occurred on 30 September 2016:

One director, who held ordinary shares of the company, received dividends totalling £252,681 (2016= £Nil) in the period.

One director, who held ordinary shares of the company, received dividends totalling £252,681 (2016=£Nil) in the period.

One director, who held ordinary shares of the company, received dividends totalling £207,846 (2016= £Nil) in the period.

One director, who held ordinary shares of the company, received dividends totalling £21,864 (2016= £Nil) in the period.

One director, who held A ordinary shares of the company, received dividends totalling £58,311 (2016= £Nil) in the period.

One director, who held B ordinary shares of the company, received dividends totalling £58,328 (2016= £Nil) in the period.

One director, who held C ordinary shares of the company, received dividends totalling £148,306 (2016= £Nil) in the period.