Registration number: 06362195

C.A.S. Construction Ltd

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

Stubbs Parkin Chartered Accountants 55 Hoghton Street Southport Merseyside PR9 0PG

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(Registration number: 06362195) Balance Sheet as at 30 September 2021

	Note		2021 £		2020 £
Fixed assets	-				
Tangible assets	<u>5</u>		17,946		22,337
Current assets					
Stocks	<u>6</u>	455		484	
Debtors	<u>6</u> <u>7</u>	10,392		6,420	
Cash at bank and in hand		7,157		2,563	
		18,004		9,467	
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	8	(35,897)		(31,512)	
Net current liabilities		_	(17,893)	_	(22,045)
Net assets		=	53	=	292
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	<u>9</u>	1		1	
Profit and loss account		52		291	
Shareholders' funds		=	53	=	292

For the financial year ending 30 September 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the director on 29 September 2022

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Mr CA Sayle
Director

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: 55 Hoghton Street
Southport
Merseyside
PR9 0PG
United Kingdom

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A smaller entities - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006 (as applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime).

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

The company's functional and presentational currency is GBP and no level of rounding has been used in presenting the financial statements.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset classDepreciation method and rateMotor Vehicles25% reducing balance basisFixtures and fittings15% reducing balance basis

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of an entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the company's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is held in the currency of the acquired entity and revalued to the closing rate at each reporting period date. Goodwill is amortised over its useful life, which shall not exceed ten years if a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made.

Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Asset class
Goodwill
Amortisation method and rate
10 year straight line basis

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and eash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 1 (2020 - 1).

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

4 Intangible assets

		Goodwill £	Total £
Cost or valuation At 1 October 2020		35,000	35,000
At 30 September 2021	_	35,000	35,000
Amortisation	_		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
At 1 October 2020	_	35,000	35,000
At 30 September 2021	_	35,000	35,000
Carrying amount			
At 30 September 2021	=		-
5 Tangible assets			
	Fixtures and fittings	Motor vehicles	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 October 2020 Additions	5,788 992	26,161	31,949 992
		<u> </u>	
At 30 September 2021	6,780	26,161	32,941
Depreciation			
At 1 October 2020 Charge for the year	3,179 451	6,433 4,932	9,612 5,383
		,	
At 30 September 2021	3,630	11,365	14,995
Carrying amount			
At 30 September 2021	3,150	14,796	17,946
At 30 September 2020	2,609	19,728	22,337
6 Stocks			
		2021 £	2020 £
Other inventories	=	455	484

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

7 Debtors				
Current		Note	2021 £	2020 £
Current		Note	£	r
Trade debtors			-	5,151
Amounts owed by related parties			9,949	1,014
Prepayments			443	255
			10,392	6,420
8 Creditors				
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year				
			2021	2020
		Note	£	£
Due within one year				
Taxation and social security			1,837	1,648
Other creditors			34,060	29,864
			35,897	31,512
9 Share capital				
Allotted, called up and fully paid shares				
	2021		2020	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	1	1	1	1

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.