Registration number: 06359983

### **Bryant Quality Building Limited**

Unaudited Abbreviated Accounts

for the Year Ended 31 August 2015

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### Bryant Quality Building Limited (Registration number: 06359983) Abbreviated Balance Sheet at 31 August 2015

	Note	2015 £	2014 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible fixed assets		650	867
Current assets			
Debtors		15,997	22,366
Cash at bank and in hand		7,588	2,655
		23,585	25,021
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		(22,595)	(25,055)
Net current assets/(liabilities)		990	(34)
Total assets less current liabilities		1,640	833
Provisions for liabilities		(130)	<u>-</u>
Net assets		1,510	833
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>3</u>	100	100
Profit and loss account		1,410	733
Shareholders' funds		1,510	833

For the year ending 31 August 2015 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the director on 28 April 2016

Mr S K Bryant Director

The notes on pages 2 to 3 form an integral part of these financial statements.

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### Bryant Quality Building Limited Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the Year Ended 31 August 2015

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#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparation

The full financial statements, from which these abbreviated accounts have been extracted, have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (Effective April 2008).

#### Turnover

Turnover represents amounts chargeable, net of value added tax, in respect of the sale of goods and services to customers.

#### Goodwill

Positive goodwill is capitalised, classified as an asset on the balance sheet and amortised on a straight line basis over its useful economic life. It is reviewed for impairment at the end of the first full financial year following the acquisition and in other periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

#### Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible fixed assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their expected useful economic life as follows:

Asset class Amortisation method and rate

Goodwill 5 years straight line basis

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on tangible fixed assets so as to write off the cost or valuation, less any estimated residual value, over their expected useful economic life as follows:

Asset class Depreciation method and rate
Motor vehicles 25% reducing balance basis

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes, which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as required by the FRSSE. Deferred tax is measured at the rates that are expected to apply in the periods when the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on the tax rates and law enacted at the balance sheet date.

#### Hire purchase and leasing

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged in the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

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## Bryant Quality Building Limited Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the Year Ended 31 August 2015

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#### Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Where shares are issued, any component that creates a financial liability of the company is presented as a liability in the balance sheet. The corresponding dividends relating to the liability component are charged as interest expense in the profit and loss account.

#### 2 Fixed assets

		Intangible assets £	Tangible assets	Total £
Cost				
At 1 September 2014		30,000	6,500	36,500
At 31 August 2015		30,000	6,500	36,500
<b>Depreciation</b> At 1 September 2014 Charge for the year		30,000	5,633 217	35,633 217
At 31 August 2015		30,000	5,850	35,850
Net book value				
At 31 August 2015		_	650	650
At 31 August 2014		<u>-</u>	867	867
3 Share capital				
Allotted, called up and fully paid shares				
	2015		2014	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100
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