Report and Financial Statements

31 December 2014

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# REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2014

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## OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

# **DIRECTORS**

Matthew Clayton Triodos Corporate Officer Limited Katrina Cross

# **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Triodos Corporate Officer Limited

# **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Triodos Bank NV Deanery Road Bristol BS1 5AS

## **BANKERS**

Triodos Bank NV Deanery Road Bristol BS1 5AS

# **SOLICITORS**

TLT Solicitors LLP One Redcliff Street Bristol BS1 6TP

## **AUDITOR**

Deloitte LLP Bristol

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014.

This directors' report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to small companies entitled to the small companies' exemption.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company is the operation of an on-shore wind farm in Kessingland, Norfolk.

#### **RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS**

The trading results for the financial year and the company's position at the year-end are shown in the attached financial statements. The directors consider the future prospects of the company to be favourable. During the year the company paid interim dividends of £900,000 (2013: £550,000).

#### **DIRECTORS**

The directors of the company, who served throughout the year and subsequently, are as shown on page 1.

#### **GOING CONCERN**

The company operates within the electricity industry and benefits from long-term contracted revenues. In addition, the directors consider that the company and the group, of which it is a part, have sufficient cash funds and finance facilities available for future investment and cash flow needs going forward.

After making enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and accounts.

## **AUDITOR**

In the case of each of the persons who are directors of the company at the date when this report is approved:

- so far as each of the directors is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- each of the directors has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006.

Deloitte LLP have indicated their willingness to continue in office as the company's auditor and a resolution for their reappointment will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

On behalf of Triodos Corporate Officer Limited Secretary

#### **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT**

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF TRIODOS RENEWABLES (KESSINGLAND) LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Triodos Renewables (Kessingland) Limited for the year ended 31 December 2014 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes 1 to 16. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

# Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

#### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

#### **Opinion on financial statements**

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2014 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
   and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

## Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemption from preparing a Strategic Report or in preparing the Directors' Report.

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Mark Taylor (Senior statutory auditor) for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor Bristol, United Kingdom

24 Sptember 2016

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT Year ended 31 December 2014

	Note	2014 £	2013 £
TURNOVER	1	1,680,369	1,522,253
Cost of sales	·	(556,304)	(538,010)
GROSS PROFIT		1,124,065	984,243
Administrative expenses		(114,581)	(92,535)
OPERATING PROFIT		1,009,484	891,708
Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges		1,169 (256,128)	(275,640)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	3	754,525	616,068
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	4	(187,884)	(57,619)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	13	566,641	558,449
		<del></del>	

All of the activities of the company are classed as continuing.

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than the profit for the current or the prior financial year. Accordingly, no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented.

# BALANCE SHEET - At 31 December 2014

	Note	£	2014 £	£	2013 £
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	6		5,881,209		6,234,081
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	7	517,410 596,003		335,469 558,909	
		1,113,413		894,378	
CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	8	(540,432)		(446,882)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS	•		572,981		447,496
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	,		6,454,190	,	6,681,577
CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR	9.		(5,648,059)		(5,628,945)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	10		(374,846)		(287,988)
NET ASSETS			431,285		764,644
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				· •	•
Called up share capital	12		100		100
Profit and loss account	. 13		431,185	•	764,544
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	13		431,285		764,644

The financial statements of Triodos Renewables (Kessingland) Limited, registered number 06330517, were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 24 54 mour 2015

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

Matthew Clayton Director

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2014

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards. The particular accounting policies adopted, which have been applied consistently throughout the current and the prior financial year, are described below.

#### **Accounting convention**

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

#### Turnover

Turnover, which is stated net of value added tax, represents amounts receivable in relation to the company's principal activities in the United Kingdom.

Revenue from the supply of electricity represents the value of electricity generated under contracts to the extent that there is a right to consideration and is recorded at the value of the consideration due for the period.

#### Going concern

The financial statements adopt the going concern basis on the grounds that the directors believe the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Further details are included in the Directors' Report.

#### Cash flow statement

The company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred on small companies by Financial Reporting Standard 1 and has not produced a cash flow statement as part of these financial statements.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery

over 20 years

Tangible fixed assets are not depreciated until they are available for use.

#### **Taxation**

Current tax, including UK corporation tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on a discounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2014

## 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Leases

Rentals in respect of operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account in equal annual amounts over the lease term.

## Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate of exchange at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are reported at the rates of exchange prevailing at that date.

# 2. INFORMATION REGARDING DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES

The company had no employees in either period. The remuneration of the directors was paid by and is dealt with in the accounts of Triodos Renewables plc. It is not practicable to allocate their remuneration between their services as directors of Triodos Renewables plc and their services as directors of other companies within the Triodos Renewables plc group.

•		
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging:	2014 £	2013 £
Depreciation	352 872	353,733
		51,836
		5,004
		1,677
1 ordigii exchange 1033e3	=	
	•	
TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES		
TAX ON TROTT ON ORDINARY NOTIVITIES	2014	2013
	£	£
Current taxation		
<del> </del>		
	100,056	36,282
	970	-
	·	
	101,026	36,282
Deferred taxation		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	67,510	112,039
	(4,690)	(57,553)
Decrease/(increase) in discount	24,597	(40,708)
Adjustment in respect of previous years	(559)	7,559
	86,858	21,337
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	187,884	57,619
	Depreciation Operating lease charges – land and buildings Auditor's remuneration – audit services Foreign exchange losses  TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES  Current taxation United Kingdom corporation tax: Current tax on income for the year at 21.49% (2013: 23.25%) Adjustment in respect of previous years  Deferred taxation Origination and reversal of timing differences Effect of changes to tax rates Decrease/(increase) in discount Adjustment in respect of previous years	Depreciation Operating lease charges – land and buildings Auditor's remuneration – audit services Foreign exchange losses  TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES  Current taxation United Kingdom corporation tax: Current tax on income for the year at 21.49% (2013: 23.25%) Adjustment in respect of previous years  Deferred taxation Origination and reversal of timing differences Effect of changes to tax rates Decrease/(increase) in discount Adjustment in respect of previous years  101,026  Decrease/(increase) in discount Adjustment in respect of previous years  86,858

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2014

# 4. TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES (continued)

The difference between the current taxation shown above and the amount calculated by applying the standard rate of UK corporation tax to the profit before tax is as follows:

	2014 £	2013 £
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	754,525	616,068
e .	£ .	£
Tax on profit on ordinary activities before tax at 21.49% (2013: 23.25 %)	162,171	144,776
Factors affecting charge for the year:		
Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	(67,510)	(107,021)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	5,395	4,294
Utilisation of tax losses brought forward	. <u>-</u>	(5,017)
Effects of small companies' rate	-	(750)
Adjustment in respect of previous years	970	-
Current tax charge for the year	101,026	36,282
	. ———	

The forthcoming phased change in the corporation tax rate to 20% in future years will not materially affect the future tax charge.

5.	DIVIDENDS	2014 £	2013 £
	Dividend paid of £9,000 (2013: £5,500) per share	900,000	550,000

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2014

6.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS		
		Plant and	
•		machinery	٠.
9	Cost	ž.	
	At 1 January 2014 and 31 December 2014	7,057,451	
	·	<del></del>	
	Accumulated depreciation	922.270	•
	At 1 January 2014	823,370	
	Charge for the year	352,872	·
	At 31 December 2014	1,176,242	
		·	
	Net book value	5 001 200	
	At 31 December 2014	5,881,209	•
•		• .	
•	At 31 December 2013	6,234,081	
		•	
7.	DEBTORS	2014	2013
		<b>£</b>	£
٠	Trade debtors	3,255	10,119
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	104,560	-
	Prepayments and accrued income	409,595	325,350
		517,410	335,469
	•	317,410	======
8.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	2014	2013
0.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE TEAR	2014 £	£
•	Bank loans (secured – note 11)	310,291	299,634
	Trade creditors	10,276	16,558
	Other taxation and social security	34,096	45,204
•,	Accruals and deferred income	53,076	49,204
	Corporation tax	122 (02	4,615
	Group relief creditor	132,693	31,667
		540,432	446,882

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2014

9.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THA	N ONE YEAR 2014 £	2013 £
	Bank loans (secured – note 11) Amounts owed to group undertakings	4,821,327 826,732	5,131,618 497,327
		5,648,059	5,628,945
10.	PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES		
	The movement in the deferred taxation provision during the year was:	2014 £	2013 £
	Provision brought forward Charge to profit and loss account	287,988 86,858	266,651 21,337
		374,846	287,988
	The provision for deferred taxation consists of the tax effect of timing of	differences in respect of:	
		. <b>£</b>	£
	Accelerated capital allowances Discount	437,640 (62,794)	375,654 (87,666)
		374,846	287,988
11.	BORROWINGS	2014	2013
	Analysis of loan repayments	£	£
	Bank loans	242.224	
	- within one year	310,291	299,634 310,291
	<ul><li>within one to two years</li><li>within three to five years</li></ul>	321,327 1,117,934	1,044,305
	- after five years	3,382,072	3,777,022
		5,131,624	5,431,252
			<del></del>

Bank loans of £5,131,624 are all held with Triodos Bank NV, a related party. £631,618 of the loans bear interest at 2% over Bank of England base rate with a minimum rate of 3.5% and are repayable over five years. £1,950,000 is at a fixed rate of 4.43% for the 10-year term of the loan and is interest-only for five years. £950,000 is at a fixed rate of 4.88% for the 12-year term of the loan and is interest-only for ten years. £1,600,000 is at a fixed rate of 5.07% for the 15-year term of the loan and is interest-only for 11 years. All bank loans are secured by fixed and floating charges on the assets of the company.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2014

12.	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL			2014	2013
				£	£
	Allotted, called up and unpaid				
	100 Ordinary shares of £1 each		•	100	100

# 13. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS AND STATEMENT OF MOVEMENTS ON RESERVES

	Called up share capital £	Profit and loss account £	Total 2014 £	Total 2013 £
Opening shareholders' funds	100	764,544	764,644	756,195
Profit for the financial year		566,641	566,641	558,449
Dividends paid	· .	(900,000)	(900,000)	(550,000)
Closing shareholders' funds	100	431,185	431,285	764,644
			<del></del>	<del></del>

## 14. COMMITMENTS UNDER OPERATING LEASES

At 31 December, the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below:

	Land and building	
	2014 £	2013 £
Operating leases which expire after more than five years	30,000	30,000

#### 15. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

As a wholly-owned subsidiary of Triodos Renewables plc, the company has taken advantage of the exemption under Financial Reporting Standard 8 not to disclose related party transactions with group companies.

All of the company's banking and loan facilities are provided by Triodos Bank NV.. There are no favourable terms attached to the facilities provided.

# 16. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY AND CONTROLLING PARTY

The directors regard Triodos Renewables plc, a company registered in England and Wales, as the company's ultimate parent undertaking. Triodos Renewables plc is the parent of the smallest and largest group of which the company is a member and for which group financial statements are prepared. Copies of the financial statements of Triodos Renewables plc can be obtained from the company secretary at the registered office.

The company's ultimate controlling party is Stichting Triodos Holding, a company registered in The Netherlands.