# **COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 06317966**

# ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2009

FRIDAY



\*AK9PAECS\*
A31 23/10/2009
COMPANIES HOUSE

# **ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS**

# YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2009

| CONTENTS                                    | PAGE |
|---|------|
| Independent auditor's report to the company | 1    |
| Abbreviated balance sheet                   | 2    |
| Notes to the abbreviated accounts           | 3    |

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO BLUEFIELD CAERNARFON LIMITED

#### **UNDER SECTION 247B OF THE COMPANIES ACT 1985**

We have examined the abbreviated accounts, together with the financial statements of Bluefield Caernarfon Limited for the year ended 31 March 2009 prepared under Section 226 of the Companies Act 1985.

This report is made solely to the company, in accordance with Section 247B of the Companies Act 1985. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company those matters we are required to state to it in a special auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company for our work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

# **RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITOR**

The directors are responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with Section 246 of the Companies Act 1985. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Sections 246(5) and (6) of the Act to the Registrar of Companies and whether the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with those provisions and to report our opinion to you.

#### **BASIS OF OPINION**

We conducted our work in accordance with Bulletin 2006/3 "The special auditor's report on abbreviated accounts in the United Kingdom" issued by the Auditing Practices Board. In accordance with that Bulletin we have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts to be delivered are properly prepared.

#### **OPINION**

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Sections 246(5) and (6) of the Companies Act 1985, and the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with those provisions.

**CLAY SHAW THOMAS LIMITED** 

cly 5h Th

Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditor

Ty Atebion Bocam Park Bridgend CF35 5LJ

22/10/09.

# **ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET**

# 31 MARCH 2009

|  |      | 2009      |                   | 2008      |         |
|--|------|-----------|-------------------|-----------|---------|
|  | Note | £         | £                 | £         | £       |
| CURRENT ASSETS                                 |      |           |                   |           |         |
| Stocks   |      | 3,599,576 |                   | 3,228,125 |         |
| Debtors  |      | 52,660    |                   | 37,701    |         |
| Cash at bank and in hand                       |      | 9,324     |                   | 1,903     |         |
|  |      | 3,661,560 |                   | 3,267,729 |         |
| CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year | 2    | 3,742,750 |                   | 3,276,954 |         |
| NET CURRENT LIABILITIES                        |      |           | (81,190)          |           | (9,225) |
|  |      |           |                   |           |         |
| TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT<br>LIABILITIES       |      |           | (8 <u>1,190</u> ) |           | (9,225) |
| CAPITAL AND RESERVES                           |      |           |                   |           |         |
| Called-up equity share capital                 | 3    |           | 100               |           | 100     |
| Profit and loss account                        |      |           | (81,290)          |           | (9,325) |
| DEFICIT  |      |           | (81,190)          |           | (9,225) |

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985.

Mr P C Markey

Director

Mr D Jenkins Director

The notes on pages 3 to 4 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

#### **NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS**

#### YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2009

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Basis of accounting**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2007).

#### **Turnover**

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

#### Stock and work in progress

Stock and work in progress is valued as the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is that expenditure which has been incurred in the normal course of business in bringing each project to its present location and condition. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less future costs to completion and selling costs.

#### Long term contracts

The attributable profit on long term contracts is recognised once their outcome can be assessed with reasonable certainty. The profit recognised reflects the proportion of work completed to date on the project.

Costs associated with long term contracts are included in the work in progress to the extent that they cannot be matched with contract work accounted for as turnover. Long term contract balances included in work in progress are stated at cost, after provision has been made for any foreseeable losses and the deduction of applicable payments on account.

#### **Deferred taxation**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

#### **NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS**

#### YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2009

# 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### **Financial instruments**

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

# 2. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due within one year are secured by the company:

| • ,                       | 2009              | 2008      |
|---------------------------|-------------------|-----------|
|                           | £                 | £         |
| Bank loans and overdrafts | 2 <u>,020,000</u> | 2,000,000 |

#### 3. SHARE CAPITAL

# **Authorised share capital:**

|                                  | 2009  | 2008 |
|----------------------------------|-------|------|
|                                  | £     | £    |
| 1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each | 1,000 | 100  |

# Allotted, called up and fully paid:

|                            | 2009 |     | 2008 |     |
|----------------------------|------|-----|------|-----|
|                            | No   | £   | No   | £   |
| Ordinary shares of £1 each | 100  | 100 | 100  | 100 |

# 4. COMPARATIVE NOTE

The comparative figures are for a 3 month period as the company was incorporated on 19 July 2007, and commenced trading on 31 December 2007.