Registered number: 06312642

Moorfield Real Estate Fund II CIP Limited

Unaudited

Directors' report and financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 2016



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Company Information

Directors

Marc Gilbard Graham Stanley Nicholas Edwards Charles Ferguson-Davie

Company secretary

Steven Hall

Registered number

06312642

Registered office

Moorfield House 10 Grosvenor Street

London Wik 4QB

Directors' report For the year ended 31 December 2016

The directors present their report and the unaudited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2016.

Principal activity

The Company's principal activity during the year was acting as the general partner of the Moorfield Real Estate Fund II Carried Interest Limited Partnership which is the carried interest partner of the Moorfield Real Estate Fund II "A" Limited Partnership and Moorfield Real Estate Fund II "B" Limited Partnership.

Results

The Company is dormant and has not traded during the year or the preceding financial year. During these periods, the Company received no income and incurred no expenditure and therefore made no profit or loss.

Directors

The directors who served during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements were:

Marc Gilbard Graham Stanley Nicholas Edwards Charles Ferguson-Davie

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" Section 1A, and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing the financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Directors' report (continued)
For the year ended 31 December 2016

Small companies' exemption

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board on 4 September and signed on its behalf.

Nicholas Edwards Director

Statement of income and retained earnings for the year ended 31 December 2016

The Company has not traded during the year or the preceding financial year. During these periods, the Company received no income and incurred no expenditure and therefore made no profit or loss.

The Company has no recognised gains and losses, and therefore no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented.

The notes on pages 6 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

Moorfield Real Estate Fund II CIP Limited Registered number: 06312642

Balance sheet as at 31 December 2016

	Note	2016 £	2015 £
Current assets			
Debtors	4	2	2
Net assets	_	2	2
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	5	2	2
Total shareholders' funds		2	2
	_		

For the year ended 31 December 2016 the Company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 480 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to dormant companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- the members have not required the Company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in accordance with section 476
- the directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of the accounts.
- the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A small entities.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 4 September 2017.

Nicholas Edwards Director

The notes on pages 6 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2016

1. General information

Moorfield Real Estate Fund II CIP Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in and domiciled in the United Kingdom, registration number 06312642. The registered office is Moorfield Group, 10 Grosvenor Street, London, W1K 4QB.

The Company was incorporated on 13 July 2007 and did not trade.

The Company's principal activity during the year was acting as the general partner of the Moorfield Real Estate Fund II Carried Interest Limited Partnership which is the carried interest partner of the Moorfield Real Estate Fund II "A" Limited Partnership and Moorfield Real Estate Fund II "B" Limited Partnership.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

Information on the impact of first-time adoption of FRS 102 is given in note 8.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in applying the Company's accounting policies. No critical judgements have been applied to these financial statements.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Exemption for qualifying entities under FRS 102

FRS 102 allows a qualifying entity certain disclosure exemptions, subject to certain conditions, which have been complied with, including notification of, and no objection to, the use of exemptions by the Company's shareholders.

The Company has taken advantage of the following exemptions:

- from preparing a statement of cash flows, required under Section 7 of FRS 102 and para 3.17(d), on the basis that it is a small company; and
- from disclosing the Company's key management personnel compensation as required by FRS 102 para 33.7.
- under paragraph 33.1A from the provisions of FRS 102, on the grounds that at 31 December 2016 it was a wholly owned subsidiary.

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2016

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.3 Financial instruments

The Company has chosen to adopt Sections 11 and 12 of FRS 102 in respect of financial instruments.

(i) Financial assets

Basic financial assets, including other receivables and amounts due to fellow undertakings are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Such assets are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. At the end of each reporting period financial assets measured at amortised cost are assessed for objective evidence of impairment. If an asset is impaired the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the assets' original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income. If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in statement of comprehensive income.

Financial assets are derecognised when (i) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or (ii) substantially all the risks and rewards of the ownership of the asset are transferred to another party, or (iii) control of the asset has been transferred to another party who has the practical ability to unilaterally sell the asset to an unrelated third party without imposing additional restrictions.

(ii) Financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including other payables, are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the liability is extinguished, that is when the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.

(iii) Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amounts presented in the financial statements when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

2.4 Related party transactions

The Company discloses transactions with related parties which are not wholly owned with the same group. It does not disclose transactions with members of the same group that are wholly owned.

2.5 Share Capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new ordinary shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2016

3. Employees and directors' remuneration

The Company has no employees other than the directors (2015 - none), who did not receive any remuneration (2015 - £nil).

There were no retirement benefits accruing to the directors (2015 - none)

4. Debtors

	2016 £	2015 £
Amounts owed by group undertakings	2	2
	2	2
		

Amounts owed by group undertakings are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

5. Called up share capital

	2016 £	2015 £
Allotted and fully paid 2 (2015 - 2) Ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2
2 (2013 · 2) Ordinary shares of 21 each		=======================================

6. Related party transactions

The Company is exempt under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) paragraph 33.1, from disclosing related party transactions with other group companies, on the grounds that 100% of the voting rights in the Company are controlled within the Group and the Company is included in consolidated financial statements prepared by the Group.

7. Immediate and ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party

The Company's immediate parent undertaking is Moorfield Group Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales.

The Company's ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Stessa Trading Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales.

The smallest and largest group of undertakings for which group financial statements are drawn up and of which the Company is a member is Stessa Trading Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales. Copies of the group financial statements are available to the public on payment of the appropriate-fee-from-Companies House, Crown Way, Maindy, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ.

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2016

8. First time adoption of FRS 102

This is the first year that the company has presented its results under FRS 102. The last financial statements under the UK GAAP were for the year ended 31 December 2015. The date of transition to FRS 102 was 1 January 2015. The policies applied under the entity's previous accounting framework are not materially different to FRS 102 and have not impacted on equity or profit or loss.