Registration number: 06293180

Sports Tours Plus Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

Contents

Company Information	<u>1</u>
Balance Sheet	<u>2</u> to <u>3</u>
Notes to the Financial Statements	4 to 8

Company Information

Director Mrs D M Pallant

Registered office The White House

27 The Street Holywell Row Bury St Edmunds

Suffolk IP28 8LS

Accountants Jacobs Allen Limited

59 Abbeygate Street Bury St Edmunds

Suffolk IP33 1LB

(Registration number: 06293180) Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	<u>4</u>	8,800	9,350
Tangible assets	<u>4</u> <u>5</u>	1,191	755
		9,991	10,105
Current assets			
Debtors	<u>6</u>	42,239	187,222
Cash at bank and in hand		168,137	246,179
		210,376	433,401
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>?</u>	(57,183)	(235,582)
Net current assets		153,193	197,819
Total assets less current liabilities		163,184	207,924
Provisions for liabilities		(226)	(129)
Net assets		162,958	207,795
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>8</u>	2	2
Profit and loss account		162,956	207,793
Total equity		162,958	207,795

For the financial year ending 31 March 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

The notes on pages $\frac{4}{2}$ to $\frac{8}{2}$ form an integral part of these financial statements.

(Registration number: 06293180) Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2019

Approved and authorised b	by the director on 12 July 2019
Mrs D M Pallant	
Director	
	The notes on pages $\underline{4}$ to $\underline{8}$ form an integral part of these financial statements Page 3

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: The White House 27 The Street Holywell Row Bury St Edmunds Suffolk IP28 8LS

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 12 July 2019.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Foreign currency transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded at the functional currency rate prevailing at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated into the respective functional currency of the entity at the rates prevailing on the reporting period date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the initial transaction dates.

Non-monetary items measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Furniture and fittings

Depreciation method and rate
Straight line over 3 years

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of an entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the company's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is held in the currency of the acquired entity and revalued to the closing rate at each reporting period date. Goodwill is amortised over its useful life, which shall not exceed ten years if a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made.

Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Asset class
Goodwill
Amortisation method and rate
Straight line over 20 years

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 2 (2018 - 1).

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

4 Intangible assets

	Goodwill £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 April 2018	11,000	11,000
At 31 March 2019	11,000	11,000
Amortisation		
At 1 April 2018	1,650	1,650
Amortisation charge	550	550
At 31 March 2019	2,200	2,200
Carrying amount		
At 31 March 2019	8,800	8,800
At 31 March 2018	9,350	9,350

5 Tangible assets

Furniture, fittings and equipment	Total £
2,713	2,713
7,173	7,173
(6,463)	(6,463)
3,423	3,423
1,957	1,957
802	802
(527)	(527)
2,232	2,232
1,191	1,191
755	755
	fittings and equipment £ 2,713 7,173 (6,463) 3,423 1,957 802 (527) 2,232

6 Debtors

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

				2019 £	2018 £
Trade debtors				26,230	106,615
Prepayments				11,086	80,563
Other debtors				4,923	44
				42,239	187,222
7 Creditors					
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year					
				2019 £	2018 £
Due within one year					
Trade creditors				7,077	57,144
Taxation and social security				584	-
Accruals and deferred income				39,908	134,663
Other creditors				9,614	43,775
				57,183	235,582
8 Share capital					
Allotted, called up and fully paid shares	201	9		2018	
	No.	£		No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	2		2	2	2

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.

Page 8