Reg	istered	l number:	: 06287453

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

DIRECTORS' REPORT YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

The Directors of Development Securities (HDD) Limited (the "Company") present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022.

Directors' responsibilities statement

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the Company's financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Principal activity, review of the business and future developments

The Company has continued its business of a holding company for a group of property development companies. No changes in the Company's principal activity are anticipated in the foreseeable future.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

Going concern

The Directors have determined that preparing the financial statements on the going concern basis is appropriate due to the continued financial support of the ultimate parent company, Land Securities Group PLC (together with its subsidiaries referred to as the 'Group'). The Directors' going concern assessment covers the period to 30 June 2024 and confirmation has been received that Land Securities Group PLC (together with its subsidiaries referred to as the 'Group') will support the Company until this date, so long as the other Group undertaking Company remains a subsidiary of Land Securities Group PLC. If the other Group undertaking Company was sold within the next 12 months from 30 June 2023, confirmation has been received that Land Securities Group PLC would ensure the Company remains in a position to continue as a going concern at the point of sale. The Company's ability to meet its future liabilities is therefore dependent on the financial performance, position and liquidity of the Group as a whole. At a Group level, considerations included potential risks and uncertainties in the business, credit, market, property valuation and liquidity risks, including the availability and repayment profile of bank facilities, as well as forecast covenant compliance. Stress testing has been carried out to ensure the Group has sufficient cash resources to continue in operation for the period to 30 June 2024. This stress testing modelled a scenario with materially reduced levels of cash receipts over the next 12 months. Based on these considerations, together with available market information and the Directors' knowledge and experience of the Company, the Directors continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements for the period ended 31 March 2022.

Results and dividends

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £2,036,652 (2021: loss £1,272,570).

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend for the year ended 31 March 2022 (2021: £Nil).

Directors

The Directors who served during the year and up to the date of this report unless otherwise stated were:

M R Potter

J G Christmas (appointed 27 May 2021, resigned 31 March 2022)

R Upton (resigned 30 April 2022)

M S Weiner (resigned 31 May 2021)

U and I Director 1 Limited (appointed 5 October 2022)

U and I Director 2 Limited (appointed 5 October 2022)

Indemnity

The Company has made qualifying third-party indemnity provisions for the benefit of the respective directors which were in place throughout the period and which remain in place at the date of this report.

Small companies exemption

The Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Strategic report

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption under s414B of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare a Strategic Report.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

Auditor

The auditors, Ernst & Young LLP, are deemed to be reappointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

Disclosure of information to auditors

Each of the persons who are Directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the Director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and
- the Director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a Director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

L McCaveny, for and on behalf of U and I Company Secretaries Limited Company secretary

Date: 27 June 2023

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF DEVELOPMENT SECURITIES (HDD) LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Development Securities (HDD) Limited (the 'Company') for the year ended 31 March 2022 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the related notes 1 to 13, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the Company's affairs as at 31 March 2022 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern through the period to 30 June 2024.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report. However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this statement is not a guarantee as to the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Directors are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF DEVELOPMENT SECURITIES (HDD) LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Other information (continued)

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the Directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemptions in preparing the Directors' Report and from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report.

Responsibilities of the Directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement set out on page 1, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF DEVELOPMENT SECURITIES (HDD) LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Explanation as to what extent the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect irregularities, including fraud. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery or intentional misrepresentations, or through collusion The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below. However, the primary responsibility for the prevention and detection of fraud rests with both those charged with governance of the entity and management.

Our approach was as follows:

- We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that are applicable to the Company and determined that the
 most significant which are directly relevant to specific assertions in the financial statements are those that relate to the reporting
 framework (FRS 102 and the Companies Act 2006) and the relevant tax regulations in the United Kingdom, including the UK REIT
 regulations.
- We understood how the Company is complying with those frameworks through enquiry with the Company and by identifying the Company's policies and procedures regarding compliance with laws and regulations. We also identified those members of the Company who have the primary responsibility for ensuring compliance with laws and regulations, and for reporting any known instances of non-compliance to those charged with governance.
- We assessed the susceptibility of the Company's financial statements to material misstatement, including how fraud might occur by reviewing the Land Securities Group risk register and through enquiry with the Company's Management during the planning and execution phases of the audit. Where the risk was considered to be higher we performed audit procedures to address each identified fraud risk, specifically the risk over the recoverability of intercompany receivables.
- Based on this understanding we designed our audit procedures to identify non-compliance with such laws and regulations. Our procedures involved:
 - Enquiry of Management, and when appropriate, those charged with governance of the Company regarding their knowledge of any non-compliance or potential non-compliance with laws and regulations that could affect the financial statements;
 - Reading minutes of meetings of those charged with governance;
 - Obtaining direct bank confirmations to vouch the existence of cash balances;
 - Obtaining and reading correspondence from legal and regulatory bodies, including HMRC; and
 - Sournal entry testing, with a focus on manual journals and journals indicating large or unusual transactions based on our understanding the business

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF DEVELOPMENT SECURITIES (HDD) LIMITED (CONTINUED)

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Neil Warnock (Senior statutory auditor) For and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP, Statutory Auditor Belfast

28 June 2023

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

		2022	2024
	Notes	2022 £	2021 £
Cost of sales		368,497	(40,000)
Gross profit/(loss)		368,497	(40,000)
Administrative expenses		(79)	(117)
Reversal of impairment / (impairment of intercompany balances)	8	1,668,861	(1,232,396)
Operating profit/(loss)	4	2,037,279	(1,272,513)
Tax on profit/(loss)	6	(627)	(57)
Profit/(loss) and total comprehensive income/(loss) for the financial year		2,036,652	(1,272,570)

There were no recognised gains and losses for the year ended 31 March 2022 and for the year ended 31 March 2021 other than those included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

All amounts relate to continuing operations.

The notes on pages 11 to 18 form part of these financial statements.

DEVELOPMENT SECURITIES (HDD) LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 06287453

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2022

	Note		2022 £		2021 £
Fixed assets					
Investments in subsidiary undertakings	7		307		307
		_	307		307
Current assets					
Trade and other receivables	8	2,965,231		1,266,492	
Cash at bank and in hand	9	5,466		5,606	
		2,970,697	•	1,272,098	
Current liabilities					
Trade and other payables	10	(2,971,782)		(3,309,835)	
Net current liabilities			(1,085)		(2,037,737)
Total assets less current liabilities		_	(778)		(2,037,430)
Net liabilities		_ _	(778)		(2,037,430)
Capital and reserves					
Share capital	12		100		100
Accumulated losses			(878)		(2,037,530)
Total deficit		_	(778)		(2,037,430)

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

C Lund, for and on behalf of U and I Director 2 Limited Director

Date: 27 June 2023

The notes on pages 11 to 18 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

	Share capital £	Accumulated losses £	Total deficit £
At 1 April 2020	100	(764,960)	(764,860)
Comprehensive loss for the year			
Loss for the financial year	-	(1,272,570)	(1,272,570)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	•	(1,272,570)	(1,272,570)
At 31 March 2021	100	(2,037,530)	(2,037,430)
Comprehensive income for the year			
Profit for the financial year	-	2,036,652	2,036,652
Total comprehensive income for the year	<u> </u>	2,036,652	2,036,652
At 31 March 2022	100	(878)	(778)

The notes on pages 11 to 18 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

1. General information

Development Securities (HDD) Limited (the "Company") is a private company limited by shares and is incorporated, domiciled and registered in England and Wales (Registered number: 06287453). The nature of the Company's operations is set out in the Directors' Report on page 1. The address of its registered office is 100 Victoria Street, London, England, SW1E 5JL.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland ('FRS102') and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

The accounting policies which follow set out those policies which apply in preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022. The financial statements are prepared in Pounds Sterling (\mathfrak{L}) which is also the functional currency of the Company. All balances have been rounded to the nearest pound unless otherwise stated.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Financial reporting standard 102 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions in preparing these financial statements, as permitted by the FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland":

- the requirements of Section 7 Statement of Cash Flows;
- the requirements of Section 3 Financial Statement Presentation paragraph 3.17(d);
- the requirements of Section 11 Financial Instruments paragraphs 11.42, 11.44 to 11.45, 11.47, 11.48(a)(iii), 11.48(a)(iv), 11.48(b) and 11.48(c);
- the requirements of Section 12 Other Financial Instruments paragraphs 12.26 to 12.27, 12.29(a), 12.29(b) and 12.29A;
- the requirements of Section 33 Related Party Disclosures paragraph 33.7.

This information and the results of the Company are included in the consolidated financial statements of Land Securities PLC as at 31 March 2022 and these financial statements may be obtained from its registered office at 100 Victoria Street, London, SW1E 5JL.

2.3 Group accounts

The financial statements present information about the Company as an individual undertaking and not about its group. The Company has not prepared group accounts as it is exempt from the requirement to do so by section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 as it is a subsidiary of Land Securities Group PLC, a Company incorporated in England and Wales whose consolidated financial statements are publicly available.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Investment in subsidiary undertakings

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are stated at cost in the Company's Balance Sheet, less any provision for impairment in value (see 2.11).

2.5 Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognised at the original transaction value and subsequently at amortised costs. A provision for impairment is established where there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the debtors concerned.

2.6 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances, deposits held at call with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or fewer.

2.7 Share capital

Ordinary shares as classed as equity.

2.8 Going concern

The Directors have determined that preparing the financial statements on the going concern basis is appropriate due to the continued financial support of the ultimate parent company, Land Securities Group PLC (together with its subsidiaries referred to as the 'Group'). The Directors' going concern assessment covers the period to 30 June 2024 and confirmation has been received that Land Securities Group PLC (together with its subsidiaries referred to as the 'Group') will support the Company until this date, so long as the other Group undertaking Company remains a subsidiary of Land Securities Group PLC. If the other Group undertaking Company was sold within the next 12 months from 30 June 2023, confirmation has been received that Land Securities Group PLC would ensure the Company remains in a position to continue as a going concern at the point of sale. The Company's ability to meet its future liabilities is therefore dependent on the financial performance, position and liquidity of the Group as a whole. At a Group level, considerations included potential risks and uncertainties in the business, credit, market, property valuation and liquidity risks, including the availability and repayment profile of bank facilities, as well as forecast covenant compliance. Stress testing has been carried out to ensure the Group has sufficient cash resources to continue in operation for the period to 30 June 2024. This stress testing modelled a scenario with materially reduced levels of cash receipts over the next 12 months. Based on these considerations, together with available market information and the Directors' knowledge and experience of the Company, the Directors continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements for the period ended 31 March 2022.

2.9 Expenses

Expenditure is expensed as incurred.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.10 Income taxation

Income tax on the profit or loss for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Current tax is the tax payable on the taxable income for the year and any adjustment in respect of previous years. Deferred tax is provided in full using the Balance Sheet liability method on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and are expected to apply when the asset is realised, or the liability is settled.

No provision is made for temporary differences (i) arising on the initial recognition of assets or liabilities, other than on a business combination, that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit and (ii) relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

2.11 Impairment

The carrying amounts of the Company's non-financial assets, other than investment properties, are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated (see below). An impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount.

The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. The value in use is determined as the net present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from the asset, discounted using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount after the reversal does not exceed the amount that would have been determined, net of applicable depreciation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

2.12 Intercompany loans

Amounts owed to Group undertakings

Amounts owed to Group undertakings are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, amounts owed to Group undertakings are stated at amortised cost with any difference between the amount initially recognised and redemption value being recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income over the period of the loan, using the effective interest method.

Amounts owed by Group undertakings

Amounts owed by Group undertakings are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, amounts owed by Group undertakings are stated at amortised cost and, where relevant, adjusted for the time value of money.

Amounts owed by group undertakings are assessed annually to determine if there is any indication that the debtor might be impaired based on the underlying assets of the counterparty and external evidence. A reversal of impairment will be recorded where there is objective evidence that the Company will be able to collect those amounts due that were previously provided for.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.13 Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables with no stated interest rate and payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Trade and other payables after one year are discounted based on the amortised cost method using the effective interest rate.

2.14 Changes in accounting policies and standards

The accounting policies used in these financial statements have been amended where relevant to reflect the adoption of new standards, amendments and interpretations which became effective in the year. There have been no new accounting standards, amendments or interpretations during the year that have a material impact on the financial statements of the Company.

3. Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and judgements. It also requires management to exercise judgement in the process of applying the company's accounting policies. Not all of these accounting policies require management to make difficult, subjective or complex judgements or estimates. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of the amount, event or actions, actual results may differ from those estimates. The following is intended to provide an understanding of the policies that management consider critical because of the level of complexity, judgement or estimation involved in their application and their impact on the financial statements.

Amounts owed by Group undertakings

Intercompany debtors are assessed annually to determine if there is any indication that the debtor might be impaired based on the underlying assets of the counterparty and external evidence. A reversal of impairment will be recorded where there is objective evidence that the Company will be able to collect those amounts due that were previously provided for.

4. Management and administrative expenses

(a) Management services

The Company had no employees during the year (2021: None). Management services were provided to the Company throughout the year by U and I Group Limited (formerly U and I Group PLC), a fellow subsidiary undertaking, charges for which amount to £Nil (2021: £Nil).

(b) Directors' remuneration

The Company's directors' emoluments are borne by U and I Group Limited (formerly U and I Group PLC). The Directors of the Company, who as key management personnel of the Company, received no emoluments from U and I Group Limited (formerly U and I Group PLC) for their services to the Company.

(c) Auditor remuneration

The Company's auditor's remuneration is borne by LS Development Holdings Limited. The proportion of the remuneration which relates to the Company amounts to £5,260 (2021: £4,000). No non-audit services were provided to the Company during the year (2021: None).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

5. Cost of sales

Cost of sales in the current year includes a reversal of accruals of £368,038 where previously accrued development cost are no longer required.

6. Taxation

	2022 £	2021 £
Current tax on profit/(loss) for the year	-	-
-		
Deferred tax		
Deferred tax	627	57
Total income tax charge in the Statement of Comprehensive Income	627	57
Factors affecting tax charge for the year		
The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2021 - higher than) the standard rate of corporation 19.0%). The differences are explained below:	n tax in the UK o	f 19.0% (2021 -
	2022 £	2021 £
Profit/(Loss) before tax	2,037,279	(1,272,513)
Profit/(Loss) before tax multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.0% (year ended 31 March 2021: 19.0%)	387,083	(241,777)
Effects of:		
Impairment of intercompany balance	(317,084)	234,155
Group relief surrendered for nil consideration	-	7,760
Impact of change in tax rate	-	(81)
Group relief claimed	(69,372)	-
Total tax charge for the year Factors that may affect future tax charges	627	57

Land Securities Group PLC is a Real Estate Investment Trust (REIT). As a result, the Company does not pay UK corporation tax on the profits and gains from qualifying rental business in the UK provided it meets certain conditions. Non-qualifying profits and gains of the Company continue to be subject to corporation tax as normal.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

7. Investments in subsidiairy undertakings

Investments in subsidiary companies £

Carrying value

At 1 April 2021	307
At 31 March 2022	307

Subsidiary undertakings

All the companies listed below are engaged in property development and are incorporated in Great Britain and registered in England and Wales. The registered address for the companies is 100 Victoria Street, London, England, SW1E 5JL.

The Directors believe that the carrying value of the investments is supported by their underlying net assets.

The following were subsidiary undertakings of the Company:

Name	Principal activity	Class of shares	Holding
HDD RAF Watton Limited	Property development	Ordinary	99 %
EPD Buckshaw Village Limited	Property development	Ordinary	″ 99 %
HDD Newton Leys Limited	Property development	Ordinary	″ 100 %
HDD Didcot Limited	Property development	Ordinary	% 50 %
HDD Burghfield Common Limited	Property development	Ordinary	% 50 %
HDD Lawley Village Limited	Property development	Ordinary	50 %
HDD Newcastle Under Lyme Limited	Property development	Ordinary	700 %
Barrack Close Limited	Property development	Ordinary	″ 100 %
Wallis Court Buckshaw Limited	Property development	Ordinary	70 100 %
Burghfield Bolt Limited	Property development	Ordinary	70 100 %
HDD LLanelli Limited	Property development	Ordinary	% 100 %

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment with any changes to be recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income. Management undertake an annual review of the carrying value of its investments to establish if there is any impairment to its value based on the performance of the underlying asset and external evidence.

The total cost of investment in subsidiary undertakings is £307 (2021: £307). The total provision for impairment of investment in subsidiary undertakings is £Nil (2021: £Nil). The directors believe that the carrying value of the investment is supported by the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary undertakings.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

8. Trade and other receivables

	2022 £	2021 £
Trade debtors	8,105	8,104
Amounts owed by group undertakings	2,957,126	1,257,761
Deferred taxation (note 10)	-	627
	2,965,231	1,266,492

In the prior year, the Company provided against amounts owed by group undertakings totalling £1,232,396. The amount of £1,668,861 has been reversed in the current year. The total provision for impairment owed by group undertakings is £2,795,993 (2021: £4,464,854).

The amounts owed by group undertakings are interest free, unsecured and repayable on demand.

9. Cash at bank and in hand

		2022 £	2021 £
	Cash at bank and in hand	5,466	5,606
		5,466	5,606
10.	Trade and other payables		
		2022 £	2021 £
	Trade creditors	-	457
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	2,948,088	2,913,887
	Other taxation and social security	-	1,959
	Other creditors	1,000	1,000
	Accruals and deferred income	22,694	392,532
		2,971,782	3,309,835

The amounts owed to group undertakings are interest free, unsecured and repayable on demand.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

	2022 £	2021 £
Accelerated capital allowances	-	627
		627
The deferred tax asset is made up as follows:		
	2022 £	2021 £
At the beginning of the period	627	684

12. Share capital

Tax charge for the year

Prior year adjustment

Deferred taxation

11.

	2022	2021
	£	£
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
100 (2021 - 100) Ordinary shares of £1.00 each	100	100

13. Controlling party

The immediate parent company is U and I Group Limited (formerly U and I Group PLC).

On 14 December 2021, LS Development Holdings Limited acquired 100% of the share capital in U and I Group Limited (formerly U and I Group PLC). With effect from this date and as at 31 March 2022, the ultimate parent company and controlling party of Development Securities (HDD) Limited was Land Securities Group PLC.

Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022 for Land Securities Group PLC can be obtained from the Company Secretary, at the registered office of the ultimate parent company, 100 Victoria Street, London, SW1E 5JL and from the Group website at www.landsec.com. This is the largest and smallest Group to include these financial statements in its consolidated financial statements.

All companies are incorporated in Great Britain and registered in England and Wales.

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