AERODYN LTD UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016 PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

Mr C J Claypole

Mr D Lawrence

Company number

06273389

Registered office

Unit 1 Anglers Business Centre

Nottingham Road

Spondon Derby DE21 7NJ

Accountants

Baldwins (Derby) Limited

10-11 St James Court

Friar Gate Derby DE1 1BT

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BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2016

		20)16	. 201	5
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets	٠				
Goodwill	3		27,000		36,000
Tangible assets	4		207,124		236,501
			234,124		272,501
Current assets					
Stocks		79,506		312,875	
Debtors	5	514,922		481,885	
Cash at bank and in hand		270		14,033	
		594,698		808,793	
Creditors: amounts falling due within					
one year	6	(1,762,306)		(606,452)	
Net current (liabilities)/assets			(1,167,608)		202,341
Total assets less current liabilities			(933,484)		474,842
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	7		(42,428)		(57,857)
Provisions for liabilities			- .		(47,000)
Net (liabilities)/assets			(975,912)		369,985
					=====
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	8		400		400
Profit and loss reserves			(976,312)		. 369,585
Total equity			(975,912)		369,985

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2016 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2016

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 2219117 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr C J Claypol

Director

Company Registration No. 06273389

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Aerodyn Ltd is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Unit 1 Anglers Business Centre, Nottingham Road, Spondon, Derby, DE21 7NJ.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

These financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016 are the first financial statements of Aerodyn Ltd prepared in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland. The date of transition to FRS 102 was 1 December 2014. The reported financial position and financial performance for the previous period are not affected by the transition to FRS 102.

1.2 Going concern

These financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis. The directors have a reasonable expectation that the company will continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future on the grounds that they have the continuing support of the company's bankers and major creditor, Aerodyn Engineering Inc. and expect profits to arise in future trading periods.

1.3 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT.

1.4 Intangible fixed assets - goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of acquisition of businesses over the fair value of net assets acquired. It is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is considered to have a finite useful life and is amortised on a systematic basis over its expected life, which is 5 years.

1.5 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Plant and equipment Fixtures and fittings Equipment 10% to 25% straight line 10% to 25% straight line 10% to 25% straight line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) -FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.6 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount.

1.7 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

1.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.9 Financial instruments

The company only has financial instruments that are classified as basic financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price and are subsequently carried at amortised cost less impairment.

Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the company transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, and loans from related undertakings are initially recognised at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers.

1.10 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.11 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account.

1.12 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

1.13 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.14 Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessees. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised as assets at the lower of the assets fair value at the date of inception and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The related liability is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements. The interest is charged to the profit and loss account.

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to income on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 25 (2015 - 19).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

3	Intangible fixed assets		Goodwill
	Cost		£
	At 1 January 2016 and 31 December 2016		45,000
	Amortisation and impairment		
	At 1 January 2016		9,000
	Amortisation charged for the year		9,000
	At 31 December 2016		. 18,000
	Carrying amount		
	At 31 December 2016		27,000
•	At 31 December 2015		36,000
			======
4	Tangible fixed assets	Plant and mad	chinery etc
		T lant and max	£
	Cost		200 400
	At 1 January 2016 Additions		308,499 12,734
	At 31 December 2016		321,233
	Depreciation and impairment		
	At 1 January 2016		71,998
	Depreciation charged in the year		42,111
	At 31 December 2016		114,109
	Carrying amount		
	At 31 December 2016		207,124
	At 31 December 2015		236,501
	•		====
5	Debtors		0045
	Amounts falling due within one year:	. 2016 £	2015 £
	Trade debtors	330,173	441,175
	Corporation tax recoverable	76,479	4,925
	Other debtors	108,270	35,785
		514,922	481,885
		-	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016.

	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2016	2015
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	329,676	14,392
	Trade creditors	597,790	401,069
	Other taxation and social security	101,485	67,888
	Other creditors	733,355	123,103
		1,762,306	606,452
7	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	•	
	,	2016	2015
	·	£	£
,	Other creditors	42,428	57,857
8	Called up share capital		
		2016	2015
٠		£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	Issued and fully paid	400	400
	400 Ordinary shares of £1 each	400 	400
9	Operating lease commitments		
•			
	Lessee		
	Lessee At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for funder non-cancellable operating leases, as follows:	iture minimum leas	e payments
	At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for fu	iture minimum leas	e payments
	At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for fu		