REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

<u>FOR</u>

QUALITYSTORE LIMITED

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QUALITYSTORE LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION for the year ended 31 December 2009

DIRECTOR

Mr B W Ritchie

SECRETARY

Mr J S D A Rust

REGISTERED OFFICE

19-20 Bourne Court Southend Road Woodford Green Essex

IG8 8HD

REGISTERED NUMBER:

06250119

AUDITORS

Deloitte LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors London, UK

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR for the year ended 31 December 2009

The director presents his report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2009

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company in the year under review was that of property trading and development

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The current economic conditions have created a number of uncertainties in the market in which the company operates. The director considers the results for the year to be satisfactory. Details of the results of the company can be found in the Profit and Loss account on page four.

DIRECTOR

Mr B W Ritchie held office during the whole of the period from 1 January 2009 to the date of this report

STATEMENT OF DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

The director is responsible for preparing the Report of the Director and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the director must not approve the financial statements unless he is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable him to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and he has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

AUDITORS

Deloitte LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office as auditors and a resolution to reappoint them will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD.

Mr B W Ritchie - Director

Date 22 - APR-2010

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF QUALITYSTORE LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Qualitystore Limited for the year ended 31 December 2009 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes 1 to 13. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinion we have formed

Respective responsibilities of director and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Director's Responsibilities set out on page two, the director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the director, and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2009 and of its loss for the year then ended
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirement of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Report of the Director for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you, if in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of director's remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or
- the director is not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption in preparing the director's report

Mr Richard Muschamp (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP Chartered Accountants and

1. Misch

Statutory Auditors London, UK

Date 23/4/10

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT for the year ended 31 December 2009

	Notes	2009 £	2008 £
TURNOVER		-	-
Cost of sales		19,130	465,386
GROSS LOSS		(19,130)	(465,386)
Administrative expenses		187,859	270,297
		(206,989)	(735,683)
Other operating income		340,435	332,377
OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS)	2	133,446	(403,306)
Interest payable and similar charges		413,213	594,533
LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		(279,767)	(997,839)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	3	.	
LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR AFTER TAXATION		<u>(279,767)</u>	(997,839)

CONTINUING OPERATIONS

None of the company's activities were acquired or discontinued during the current year or previous year

TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES
The company has no recognised gains or losses other than the losses for the current year or previous year therefore no total recognised gains and losses has been presented

BALANCE SHEET 31 December 2009

CIVED DATE A GOLDING	Notes	2009 £	2008 £
CURRENT ASSETS Stock of property Debtors Cash at bank	4	6,965,000 20,178 31,043	6,965,000 20,796 27,746
CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year	5	7,016,221 <u>8,445,345</u>	7,013,542 172,953
NET CURRENT (LIABILITIES)/ASSETS		(1,429,124)	6,840,589
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		(1,429,124)	6,840,589
CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than one year	6		7,989,946
NET LIABILITIES		(1,429,124)	(1,149,357)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	9	1	1
Profit and loss account	10	(1,429,125)	(1,149,358)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	13	(1,429,124)	(1,149,357)

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies

The financial statements were approved by the director on 22- PPR-2010 and were signed by

Mr B W Ritchie - Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 December 2009

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Going concern

1

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which assumes the company will be able to meet its liabilities as they fall due, for the foreseeable future

The current economic conditions have created a number of uncertainties in the market in which the company operates, in particular in respect of asset valuations. The company's financing arrangements include valuation covenants amongst other requirements. Following covenant breach as at 31 December 2009, bank loans are classified as payable within one year, however they have been renegotiated on more favourable terms in April 2010 and are no longer in breach.

The director has acknowledged the latest FRC guidance on going concern during the current economic conditions. The group has prepared forecasts (including those of the company), taking into account reasonably possible changes, which have been reviewed by the director, based on estimates and judgements about the economic environment in which the group operates. In addition the parent company Acquire London Limited has confirmed that it will provide financial support for the company to meet its liabilities for the foreseeable future.

After making enquiries, the director has formed a judgement, at the time of approving the financial statements, that there is a reasonable expectation that the company has access to adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the director continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention

The principal accounting policies are summarised below. They have been applied consistently throughout the current and previous year

Financial Reporting Standard Number 1

Exemption has been taken from preparing a cash flow statement on the grounds that the company is a wholly owned subsidiary of a parent company preparing consolidated financial statements in which the company is included

Stocks

stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date

Taxation

Current tax, including UK corporation tax and foreign tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date

Rental income

Rental is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and is stated net of discounts and VAT

Revenue

Revenue comprises income in relation to the sale of properties and is recognised on the point of completion

2 OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS)

The operating profit (2008 - operating loss) is stated after charging

Fees payable to the company's auditors for the audit of the company's annual accounts	2009 £ <u>5,740</u>	2008 £ 8,008
Director's remuneration	-	<u></u>

The director is an employee of another company within the group and is not paid for his services as a director of this company. The company had no employees in the current year or previous year.

3 TAXATION

Analysis of the tax charge

No liability to UK corporation tax arose on ordinary activities for the year ended 31 December 2009 nor for the year ended 31 December 2008

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 31 December 2009

3

3	TAXATION - continued		
	Factors affecting the tax charge The tax assessed for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The differ	ence is explained belo	w
		2009	2008
	Loss on ordinary activities before tax	£ (279,767)	£ (997,839)
	Loss on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax		
	in the UK of 28% (2008 - 28%)	(78,335)	(279,395)
	Effects of Movement/utilisation of tax losses	78,335	270 205
			279,395
	Current tax charge		
	Factors that may affect future tax charges A deferred tax asset of £357,730 (2008 £279,395) relating to unrelieved tax losses at the balance s basis there is no certainty that there will be future taxable profits against which these can be offset	heet date has not been	recognised on the
4	DEBTORS AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	2000	2000
		2009 £	2008 £
	Other debtors	20,178	20,796
5	CREDITORS AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	2009	2008
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 7) Trade creditors	8,261,882	15,282 18,974
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	126,697	84,570
	Other creditors	56,766	54,127
		8,445,345	172,953
6	CREDITORS. AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR		
		2009 £	2008
	Bank loans (see note 7)	<u> </u>	£ 7,989,946
7	LOANS		
	An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below		
		2009 £	2008 £
	Amounts falling due within one year or on demand		
	Bank overdrafts Bank loans	8,261,860	15,282
		8,261,882	15,282

Amounts falling due between two and five years Bank loans

7,989,946

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 31 December 2009

8 SECURED DEBTS

The following secured debts are included within creditors

	2009	2008
	£	£
Bank loans	8,261,860	<u>7,989,946</u>

The bank loans are secured over the assets owned by the company and are repayable on demand as further explained in the accounting policies (2008 27th February 2012)

9 CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, issue	d and fully paid			
Number	Class	Nominal	2009	2008
		value	£	£
1	Ordinary	£1	1	1
	•			

10 DESEDVES

RESERVES	Profit and loss account £
At 1 January 2009 Deficit for the year	(1,149,358) (279,767)
At 31 December 2009	(1,429,125)

11 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The company has taken advantage of the exemption within Financial Reporting Standard Number 8 in relation to the disclosure of transactions with other group companies

During the year the company paid management charges of £27,237 (2008 - £27,159) to Residential Land Management Limited, a company in which Mr B W Ritchie is also a director

At the balance sheet date the company owed £nil (2008 £nil) to Residential Land Management Limited

12 ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The ultimate parent and controlling party is Acquire London Limited by virtue of its ownership of the entire issued share capital

The largest and smallest group in which the results of Qualitystore Limited are consolidated is that headed by Acquire London Limited, a company incorporated in Great Britain and registered in England and Wales, whose accounts can be obtained from 19-20 Bourne Court, Southend Road, Woodford Green, IG8 8HD

13 RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

Loss for the financial year	2009 £ (279,767)	2008 £ (997,839)
Net reduction of shareholders' funds Opening shareholders' funds	(279,767) (1,149,357)	(997,839) (151,518)
Closing shareholders' funds	<u>(1,429,124</u>)	(1,149,357)