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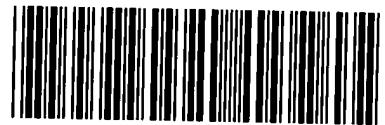
**Monica Horvath Limited**

**Unaudited financial statements**

**for the year ended 31 March 2018**

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COMPANIES HOUSE

**WHITTLES**

**CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS**

# Monica Horvath Limited

## Company information

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<b>Director</b>	M Horvath
<b>Secretary</b>	G Robinson
<b>Company number</b>	06248365
<b>Registered office</b>	73 Kimberley Road Chingford E4 6DQ
<b>Accountants</b>	Whittles Whittle & Partners LLP The Old Exchange 64 West Stockwell Street Colchester Essex CO1 1HE

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# Monica Horvath Limited

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# Monica Horvath Limited

## Balance sheet

As at 31 March 2018

Company registration no. 06248365

	Notes	2018 £	£	£	2017 £
<b>Fixed assets</b>					
Tangible assets	2		84		199
<b>Current assets</b>					
Debtors	3	10,245		276	
Cash at bank and in hand		2,563		97	
		<u>12,808</u>		<u>373</u>	
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	4	<u>(5,192)</u>		<u>(420)</u>	
<b>Net current assets/(liabilities)</b>			7,616		(47)
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>			<u>7,700</u>		<u>152</u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>					
Called up share capital	5		2		2
Profit and loss reserves			7,698		150
<b>Total equity</b>			<u>7,700</u>		<u>152</u>

The director of the company has elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 11 December 2018



M Horvath  
Director

# Monica Horvath Limited

## Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 March 2018

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### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

Monica Horvath Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 73 Kimberley Road, Chingford, E4 6DQ.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

When cash inflows are deferred and represent a financing arrangement, the fair value of the consideration is the present value of the future receipts. The difference between the fair value of the consideration and the nominal amount received is recognised as interest income.

Revenue from contracts for the provision of professional services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion when the stage of completion, costs incurred and costs to complete can be estimated reliably. The stage of completion is calculated by comparing costs incurred, mainly in relation to contractual hourly staff rates and materials, as a proportion of total costs. Where the outcome cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised that it is probable will be recovered.

#### 1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Computer equipment	20% straight line
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The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

# Monica Horvath Limited

## Notes to the financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2018

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### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### 1.4 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Recognised impairment losses are reversed if, and only if, the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply. Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

#### 1.5 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

#### 1.6 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at transaction value and subsequently measured at amortised cost. Financial assets comprise cash at bank and in hand, together with trade and other debtors. A specific provision is made for debts for which recoverability is in doubt. Cash at bank and in hand is defined as all cash held in instant access bank accounts and used as working capital. Investments, including those in subsidiary undertakings are held at fair value at the balance sheet date, with gains and losses being recognised within income and expenditure. Financial liabilities held at amortised cost comprise all creditors except social security and other taxes, deferred income and provisions.

#### 1.7 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

#### 1.8 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable.

# Monica Horvath Limited

## Notes to the financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2018

<b>1</b>	<b>Accounting policies</b>	<b>(Continued)</b>	
	<i>Current tax</i>		
	The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.		
<b>2</b>	<b>Tangible fixed assets</b>	<b>Computer equipment</b>	
		<b>£</b>	
	<b>Cost</b>		
	At 1 April 2017 and 31 March 2018		1,327
	<b>Depreciation and impairment</b>		
	At 1 April 2017		1,128
	Depreciation charged in the year		115
	At 31 March 2018		1,243
	<b>Carrying amount</b>		
	At 31 March 2018		84
	At 31 March 2017		199
<b>3</b>	<b>Debtors</b>	<b>2018</b>	<b>2017</b>
		<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
	<b>Amounts falling due within one year:</b>		
	Trade debtors	10,000	-
	Corporation tax recoverable	-	31
	Other debtors	245	245
		10,245	276
<b>4</b>	<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	<b>2018</b>	<b>2017</b>
		<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
	Corporation tax	1,833	-
	Other creditors	3,359	420
		5,192	420

# Monica Horvath Limited

## Notes to the financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2018

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5	Called up share capital	2018	2017
		£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	Issued and fully paid		
	2 Ordinary of £1 each	2	2
		<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>
		<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>