Registration number: 06216033

Phone-In Communications Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2021

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(Registration number: 06216033) Balance Sheet as at 30 April 2021

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>6</u>	4,667	1,129
Debtors	<u>7</u>	35,315	18,787
Cash at bank and in hand		5,566	193
		45,548	20,109
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	8	(24,138)	(19,024)
Total assets less current liabilities		21,410	1,085
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u>8</u>	(20,833)	
Net assets		577	1,085
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		2	2
Profit and loss account		575	1,083
Total equity		577	1,085

For the financial year ending 30 April 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 20 January 2022 and signed on its behalf by:

•••••
Mr D F Toye
Company secretary and directo

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2021

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England.

The address of its registered office is: 1st Floor, Block C The Wharf Manchester Road Burnley Lancashire BB11 1JG

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 20 January 2022.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2021

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset classDepreciation method and rateFixtures and fittings25% per annum reducing balance basisEquipment25% per annum straight line basis

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of an entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the company's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is held in the currency of the acquired entity and revalued to the closing rate at each reporting period date. Goodwill is amortised over its useful life, which shall not exceed ten years if a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made.

Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Asset class
Goodwill
Amortisation method and rate
Over 5 years straight line basis

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2021

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the profit and loss account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 2 (2020 - 2).

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2021

4 Intangible assets

	Goodwill £	Total £
Cost		
At 1 May 2020	30,000	30,000
At 30 April 2021	30,000	30,000
Amortisation At 1 May 2020	30,000	30,000
At 30 April 2021	30,000	30,000
Net book value		
At 30 April 2021		
At 30 April 2020		
5 Tangible assets		
	Fixtures, fittings and equipment £	Total £
Cost At 1 May 2020	34,278	34,278
At 30 April 2021	34,278	34,278
Depreciation		
At 1 May 2020	34,278	34,278
At 30 April 2021	34,278	34,278
Net book value		
At 30 April 2021	<u> </u>	
At 30 April 2020		<u>-</u>
6 Stocks		
	2021 £	2020 £
Stocks	4,667	1,129

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2021

7 Debtors				
			2021	2020
			£	£
Trade debtors			4,962	1,651
Other debtors			30,353	17,136
			35,315	18,787
8 Creditors				
			2021	2020
		Note	£	£
Due within one year				
Loans and borrowings		<u>10</u>	4,167	2,766
Trade creditors			11,606	4,936
Taxation and social security			1,902	2,738
Accruals and deferred income			1,780	1,080
Other creditors			4,683	7,504
			24,138	19,024
			2021	2020
		Note	£	£
Due after one year				
Loans and borrowings		<u>10</u>	20,833	
9 Share capital				
Allotted, called up and fully paid shares				
	2021		2020	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary A, B, C & D shares of £0.01 each	200	2	200	2
Cucii	200	۷	200	2

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2021

10 Loans and borrowings				
			2021 £	2020 £
Non-current loans and borrowings				
Bank borrowings		_	20,833	-
			2021	2020
Current loans and borrowings			£	£
Bank borrowings			4,167	-
Other borrowings				2,766
		_	4,167	2,766
11 Related party transactions Transactions with directors				
2021	At 1 May 2020 £	Advances to directors	Repayments by director	At 30 April 2021 £
Loans to directors	13,984	19,273	(13,984)	19,273
2020	At 1 May 2019 £	Advances to directors	Repayments by director £	At 30 April 2020 £
Loans to directors	27,985	3,006	(17,007)	13,984

Interest has been charged on the above loans at 2.25%.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.